The Courier-Journal.

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GOING AWAY?

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The Weather.

Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday: Kentucky—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Indiana—Fair, except showers in extreme north portions Tuesday night or Wednesday; warmer Tuesday in north portion.

Tennessee—Fair, except showers in east portion Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

THE LATEST.

Breaking off their vacations, Associate Justices Jesse Hart and Samuel Frathuenthal, of the Arkansas Supreme Court, are hurrying back to Little Rock in order to act on a petition of the Governor and State Capitol Commission for a writ of prohibition to prohibit the Pulaski county Chancery Court from taking any further steps in either the injunction suit restraining the Governor and commission from doing further work on the Capitol or the contempt proceedings against the Governor and commission.

The labor conflict in Sweden, which originated in a dispute over wages in the woolen and cotton industries, is assuming large proportions. In the beginning 13,000 men were locked out, and other industries since have become involved, until yesterday the Employers' Federation declared a lockout of the iron foundry hands, numbering 20,000 men. This brings the total of men locked out to 80,000.

The Senate began consideration of the tariff conference report yesterday, and seven hours were consumed without result. Senator Bristow denounced the tariff bill as a violation of Republican pledges and said he would not vote for it. Senator Daniel accused the majority of the Finance Committee with dealing unfairly with the Democratic members.

Lumbermen representing all parts of the South met in Montgomery to work against the adoption of the forestry bill now pending in the Senate. The bill would restrict the cut to twelve-inch trees, and the lumbermen claim this will reduce the output to twelve or fifteen hundred feet per acre.

November 1, 2 and 3 has been definitely decided on as the dates of the Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterways convention to be held in New Orleans this fall. The latest change is made in order to conform with the plans of President Taft, who arrives there from St. Louis October 31.

To effect a saving of what postal experts say may amount to between $150,000 and $175,000, the Government is seeking a suitable device for tying mail matter, and Postmaster General Hitchcock has extended until August 15 the period within which samples may be submitted.

That Harry Thaw is still irrational is the opinion expressed by Dr. Baker, of the Matteawan asylum, the first alienist put on the stand by District Attorney Jerome in the habeas corpus case at White Plains. Evidence as to Thaw's conduct at Matteawan was given for the first time.

The Georgia House killed a bill to insert an income tax in the State tax measure. The bill fixed a tax of one-tenth of 1 per cent. upon all gross incomes over $5,000, which was equivalent to $1 per $1,000 straight tax.

As a result of the work of out-of-town detectives who secured cards to locker clubs at Birmingham, wholesale raids were made on such places yesterday. Some 100 places are involved.

Djemal Bey, the well-known Young Turk, and former Governor of Scutari, has been appointed Vali of Adana. Armenians generally express gratification over his appointment.

The vacancy on the Jefferson Common Pleas bench, caused by the death of Judge Emmet Field, will be filled by Homer W. Batson, named yesterday by Gov. Wilson.

A heavy rainstorm and defective machinery prevented a successful flight yesterday by Count Zeppelin's airship. A landing was effected without accident.

Cardinal Gibbons has gone to Salt Lake to participate in the ceremonies in connection with the dedication of the new cathedral there.

A company of women suffragists started by trolley from Boston to make a tour of the State in the interest of "votes for women."

The Alabama House passed the bill agreeing to an income tax amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

"Wets" won out after an exciting local option contest in Delhi, O., a suburb of Cincinnati.

BRISTOW WON'T VOTE FOR BILL

Says Tariff Measure Violates Republican Pledge.

Senate Begins Consideration of Report.

Indic[illegible]ns Senators Will [illegible]e Their Time.

DANI[illegible]AFTER THE MAJORITY.

Wa[illegible]ton, Aug. 2.—Beginning its consi[illegible]ion of the conference report on th[illegible]iff bill by the tedious reading of that document, which was insisted upon by Senators who proposed to see that undue haste is not exercised in the final passage of the measure, the Senate dragged along during nearly seven hours to-day without accomplishing any important result.

Numerous conferences were held among Senators on both sides of the chamber for the purpose of advancing or hindering the final passage of the bill. The developments which have occurred in respect to the framing of the leather schedule in conference called forth more interest than did the proceedings of the day. Senators spent much time in discussing the language and effect of that schedule.

The debate on the conference report was opened by Senator Daniel, who claimed that the Democratic Senators on the Finance Committee had been dealt with unfairly in not being permitted to vote in committee on the adoption of the report. He claimed that an agreement for that purpose, entered into by the chairman, Mr. Aldrich, had been violated. Any intentional violation was disavowed by Mr. Aldrich, who said he could not agree with Mr. Daniel as to what had occurred between them.

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Bristow Won't Vote For Bill.

Senator Bristow denounced the tariff bill as a violation of Republican pledges, and announced that he would not vote for it.

In order to clearly fix the responsibility of the two parties in the passage of the bill, and for the framing of its several schedules, Senator Bacon presented an analysis of the 137 yea and nay votes that had been taken during its consideration. This list of votes the Senate agreed to print in the Record.

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Slim Attendance At Start.

When the Senate convened to-day only seven or eight Senators were in their seats. Senator Aldrich, chairman of the Conference Committee, was there, however, and urged prompt consideration of the conference report on the tariff bill.

The committee's record of its long proceeding in conference was read by the reading clerk, during which a number of other Senators entered the chamber. Moving rapidly over the amendments agreed to by the conferees the clerk was interrupted by Senator Heyburn.

"The clerk has made no reference to the maximum and minimum provisions," said the Idaho Senator, addressing the presiding officer.

* * *

Clerk Called Down.

"He has omitted the cotton schedule," declared Mr. Clapp.

"It is obvious that at least twenty pages have been turned over without reading," commented Mr. Culberson, joining the two Republican Senators in insisting upon a careful compliance with the rules. Through the chair, the reading clerk protested that he had read all, but his protest only called a rebuke for himself from Mr. Heyburn.

By this time nearly all the Senators on both sides of the chamber had taken their seats, the reading was resumed, the Senators who had declared themselves in favor of the reading of every word of the report apparently paying no further attention to it.

There was general confidence that the bill would go through, but still there was enough uncertainty to add spice to the situation. Renewed public interest in the proceedings was shown by the large attendance in the galleries.

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Between Gallows and Ground.

Regarding the exclusion of the Democratic members of the conference, Mr. Daniel said a practical fraud had been committed upon both Houses of Congress.

Mr. Aldrich at first gave close attention, but soon smilingly left the chamber.

"This country and its institutions stands at this moment between the gallows and the ground," declared Mr. Daniel in commenting upon the methods of the majority.

"I hope," he added, glancing over the Republicans facing him, "that mercy may be sought and may be found. I charge that the Senate is apparently in the control of lynch law."

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Daniel Charges Bad Faith.

Mr. Daniel also charged bad faith in the action of the committee in signing the conference report without allowing himself and his Democratic colleagues on the committee to meet with them and to vote upon it as agreed to by Chairman Aldrich. By this arrangement, he said, he had on last Thursday gone to the room of the Finance Committee.

"A solemn and honored bond had been entered into by word of mouth," he added, "between the chairman of the Finance Committee and Democratic conferees that they would be called as soon as the report was ready to be acted upon with a view to permitting them to cast their votes for or against it. We were told that there were five or six things in the bill upon which they had not reached a conclusion."

Mr. Daniel stated that Mr. Aldrich's clerk had called upon and apologized to him for the failure to allow the Democratic members of the conference to sign the report.

"I stated," he added, "that if the chairman wishes to see me about this he can come and see me, but I shall not call upon him. It seems strange," he went on, "that we should be given a pledge and for some reason that pledge be unredeemed.

* * *

Report a Counterfeit.

"Now that alleged report of the Conference Committee is a bogus paper. It has no more validity than a counterfeit note."

Mr. Daniel then suggested that the report should be recommitted. Mr. Aldrich, who had returned to his seat, declared that his committee had followed the course that had prevailed since the beginning of the Government.

At the meeting referred to by the Senator from Virginia, he said, he had remarked to Mr. Daniel that he supposed the Democratic members would not join the Republicans in signing the report.

* * *

No Promise, Says Aldrich.

"The Senator said he guessed not," continued Mr. Aldrich. "Of course, we all knew the Democrats on the committee would not join us in assuming responsibility for this legislation."

Mr. Aldrich said he had no idea that any member had expected that there would be another meeting of the committee. He said emphatically that he never had promised that the Democratic conferees should have a day with the committee. On the other hand, Mr. Daniel was sure that such an agreement had been made.

* * *

Bailey Joins In.

Senator Bailey interrupted the colloquy. He said while he had never contended for a right to sit with the Republican members, he did believe the agreement was made that the Democrats should have an opportunity to vote against the conference report.

Mr. Bailey referred to the five items on which the conferees had not been able to agree as those about which the President had writen to the chairman in an "extra constitutional manner."

"Before long I will demonstrate how much there has been to do about absolutely nothing," said Mr. Bailey, referring to the influence exercised by

(Concluded on 10th Page, 1st Col.)

WATER FAMINE BROUGHT TO END

EARTHQUAKE DAMAGE IN MEXICO CITY ABOUT REPAIRED.

SPANISH NOBLEMAN READY TO FLEE ON SPECIAL.

RETURNS TO HIS HOME.

Mexico City, Aug. 2.—After four days of one of the most acute water famines that the City of Mexico ever experienced, owing to the buckling of the water mains at the time of the earthquake on Friday of last week, Guillermo Beltran Y Puga, Director of Public Works, issued a statement to-day that by to-morrow the scarcity would be relieved and the mains repaired. Ever since the initial shock at 4:14 Friday morning the water supply of the capital has been seriously impaired. Each succeeding quiver of the earth intensified the situation and caused greater buckling of the mains. In every part of the city water is at a premium and the few faucets still dripping are surrounded by crowds carrying the fluid in buckets to their homes.

WAITED ON SPECIAL.

Spanish Nobleman Prepared To Flee From Earthquake.

Mexico City, Aug. 2.—Marquis Cervantes, a rich Spanish nobleman, who has resided here for some time, has just left a special train, which he chartered on the morning of the big earthquake. The Marquis and his family chartered a Pullman car and an engine after the first big shock. They never left the city, however, living in the car with their retinue of servants that they might be in readiness to leave should a great disaster come. They attracted much attention when they left the railway yards, the party numbering sixteen persons.

Earthquake Shocks Continue.

Mexico City, Aug. 2.—A dispatch received from Acapulco at a late hour to-night states that the earthquake shocks still continue. All buildings which are still standing are untenantable, a heavy rain is falling and many are suffering for want of shelter.

Shake Felt At Sidney.

Sidney, N. S. W., Aug. 2.—The heavy earth shocks in Mexico last week were recorded on the vertical and horizontal seismographs here. The shocks were registered for two and a half hours.

HOLDING COMPANY FOR GOULD LINES

NEW CORPORATION TO BE CALLED MISSOURI PACIFIC SAID TO BE CONTEMPLATED.

New York, Aug. 2.—A special meeting of the Missouri Pacific stockholders will be held on August 7 to vote on a consolidation of some twenty-one different companies now comprising the Missouri Pacific system, according to the Evening Post to-day. It is proposed, the paper continues, to form a new company, also to be called the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, to own and to hold these properties, and to capitalize at $240,000,000 in stock.

It will then be proposed to authorize a blanket mortgage on all the properties, aggregating $150,000,000, and possibly more. Of the bonds authorized under such mortgage about $90,000,000 will be reserved for refunding. The remainder would be available as the source of new capital.

It is understood that a syndicate of bankers has indicated its willingness to underwrite $85,000,000 of the new bonds.

HATPIN SAVES WOMAN FROM STRANGER'S HUG.

Bedford, Ind., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Just before the arrival of the northbound passenger train on the Southern Indiana Railway to-day, a stranger approached a woman passenger in the station waitingroom and attempted to embrace her. The woman quickly pulled a hatpin and put the man to flight. He attempted to board a passing switch engine and had a narrow escape from being ground to pieces under its wheels. He then fled. The police believe him to be an escaped lunatic.

LEGION OF HONOR CROSS FOR PADEREWSKI.

Paris, Aug. 2.—The Government will decorate Paderewski with the cross of the Legion of Honor. He played recently at a charity concert. Following the precedent in the case of Rubinstein, he will be named an officer without first being made a chevalier of the order.

X-RAYS ON THE OLD WOODPILE

Hide and Leather Delays Tariff Legislation.

Western Senators Scent "Joker" In Schedule.

Much Scurrying To Clear the Atmosphere.

TAFT AND ALDRICH BUSY.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Tariff legislation has been delayed again by the hide and leather question and as a result the conferees were called together once more to-day. The session was for the purpose of enticing out into the open a certain "ebony-hued person" who was reported by Western Senators to have been lurking in the "woodpile."

The Westerners complained that the leather schedule, as arranged by the conferees with the approval of the President, is unfair to the States interested in protected hides. It was agreed to-day that some action must be taken to conciliate them if the conference report is to be adopted.

Without thought of serious obstacles in the pathway of the conference report, Senator Aldrich caused the report to be taken up to-day as soon as the Senate met. As is usual, the Senate leader and his associates moved about to ascertain whether there had been any change of sentiment. They were not long in learning that the charge that there was a "joker" in the compromised hide and leather question had upset the comfortable majority they had previously counted for the adoption of the report.

* * *

Misunderstanding.

The difficulty appeared to be a lack of understanding between the conferees, the President and the Western Senators concerning the condition under which the latter consented to hides being placed on the free list. The Westerners claimed they had been led to believe that all boots and shoes of leather were to be dutiable at 10 per cent. and that all harness was to be dutiable at 20 per cent. When the conference report was issued it appeared that the reductions applied only to articles manufactured in chief part of the class of hides which were to be made free of duty. The reductions would not apply to shoes, the uppers of which were made of calf skin, or to harness, the chief value of which was calf skin.

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Western Senators Bitter.

Some of the Western Senators were extremely bitter in their condemnation of the compromise. They said they had been fooled, that the President had been fooled and that the trick played on the consumer was nothing short of buncombe. Finding that the Westerners were not amenable to argument, some of the Eastern Senate leaders and some of the dissatisfied members hurried to the White House. There all were informed that the President had not been fooled. He was reported to have told all of his callers that he fully understood the character of the compromise.

It was declared by the conferees, in defense of their action that the course pursued was necessary from a parliamentary standpoint. To have reduced all boots and shoes, they said, would have compelled the resubmission of the conference to the House. Confining the reduction of articles manufactured from hides, resubmission of the paragraph was not necessary for the reason that the hide paragraph was in controversy between the conferees with a range of action from free to a duty of 15 per cent.

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Some Invitations Not Accepted.

Senator Aldrich was among those who called at the White House. When he returned to the Capitol he issued a call for a session of the conferees, including the House Republican members. They assembled at 3:20 p. m. The Westerners were ushered into the conference chamber singly, or in pairs. Audiences were given to Senators Heyburn, Warren, Carter, Sutherland, Brown, Borah and Bourne. Invitations had been issued to Senators Dixon, Burkett and Clark, of Wyoming, but they did not accept.

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Denial of "Joker."

Senator Aldrich and Representative Payne stated unequivocally that the language employed in adjusting the hide controversy was not a "joker." An effort was made to reach an understanding with the men from the cattle-raising States. They said that the word had gone out over the West that free hides had been given for cheaper shoes and harness and that their constituents would not be satisfied with any other bargain.

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Letters From President.

Senators Brown and Borah both had letters from the President bearing upon the alleged "joker." The Senators read these letters to the conferees. The letter to Senator Borah was in response to one he had written. The President asserted in his letter that the leather and hide schedule as adopted by the conferees was just as he had understood it. He said his understanding was that the reduction on leather goods should be made on those manufactures of the hitherto dutiable hides and should not include manufactures of hitherto free hides.

Continuing, the President argued that farmers wear shoes made of the kind of hides that would pay the low duty, and that practically all harness is made from dutiable leather, and, therefore, would be reduced to the 20 per cent. ad valorem.

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Sharp Criticism.

In the Brown letter the President is said to have added a rather sharp criticism of legislators constantly "finding jokers." Appeals were made to both Senators to support the conference report. The contention of the "range" Senators is that the President is in error both as to the hides from which farmers' shoes are made and concerning harness. After the Westerners had departed the conferees discussed ways and means of meeting the situation. Representative McCall, of Massachusetts, opposed applying the low rates on boots and shoes to products other than those which would be affected by the abolition of the duty on hides.

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Westerners Embarrassed.

Others argued that the Westerners had been embarrassed by the misunderstanding to such an extent that they could not be expected to give their support to the report on terms other than those generally understood at the time it was agreed to make hides free. It was realized that these Senators, augmented by the "progressive Republicans" opposed to the bill, could defeat the report if they were so inclined.

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Low Rates Must Come.

It was conceded that in order to secure the passage of the report by a safe margin the low rates on boots and shoes and harness would have to be applied to calfskin products as well as to leather from a class of hides that are now dutiable, but which are made free by the conference report.

No programme has been reached positively as to how this result shall be accomplished. The plan favored is to make an agreement with the Western Senators and that this will be done after the passage of the report by the adoption of a concurrent resolution instructing the enrolling clerks of the two houses to make alterations in the paragraph relating to hides. Errors have been discovered in the maximum and minimum provision and such a resolution must be adopted to make corrections. It is proposed to make the resolution cover the paragraph relating to hides as well as the administrative matter.

Efforts are now being made to induce the Massachusetts Representatives not to oppose the preferred settlement.

Conference At White House.

Washington, Aug. 2.—The tariff situation was the subject of a conference to-night at the White House between the President and Senators Aldrich and Crane.

The conference was not over until nearly midnight, but nothing was divulged as to what phase of the situation was discussed. It is believed, however, that the leather schedule, over which a new controversy has arisen, was the subject under consideration.

DEATH TAKES MAN KNOWN FOR HEROISM

ED GRANT, ON TWO OCCASIONS, RISKED HIS LIFE.

PULLED CHILD FROM BEFORE SPEEDING ENGINE.

RESCUED WOMAN FROM RIVER.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Ed Grant, one of the best-known figures about Frankfort and the second son of the late Maj. Alex. Grant, died in poverty here to-day, after a short illness. He came into notice on two occasions by reason of heroic acts which resulted in the saving of lives. Some years ago, at the risk of his own life, he rescued a 3-year-old child from the track in front of the Louisville and Nashville switch engine, of which he was in charge. Grant at the time was on the footboard alongside the boiler. There was not time enough for him to get back to his cab and stop the engine, and he hurriedly let himself down to the cowcatcher. Swinging by one hand, he seized the child. His body swayed, but he had muscles of iron and saved the child.

On another occasion when Grant was taking his engine to the roundhouse and was crossing the bridge, he looked up the River road toward Devil's Hollow and saw a horse back over the embankment with a buggy containing two women. It tumbled into the water together, after rolling and tumbling for forty feet or more. Grant stopped his engine, ran to the assistance of the women, plunged headlong down the steep embankment, rescued both women, and even succeeded in getting the horse out.

Grant was in his forty-ninth year. He is survived by his mother, one sister, Mrs. Asa Walker, of Annapolis, Md., and two brothers, Will D. Grant, of St. Louis, and John Grant, of Fairfield, Ill. The funeral took place this morning from the Episcopal church, interment being in the Frankfort cemetery.

SPEED RECORD IN AIR BROKEN

ZEPPELIN FORCED TO RETURN TO FRANKFORT BECAUSE OF RAIN AND HAILSTORM.

Frankfort, Germany, Aug. 2.—Owing to stormy weather, the Zeppelin airship returned to Frankfort this evening, landing on the exhibition grounds at 8:50 o'clock, without accident. The airship went as far as Rollandseck, near Bonn, where it cruised about for some time, trying to make headway against a heavy rainstorm. It was finally forced to give up the attempt to reach Cologne.

The velocity of the wind was forty miles an hour and the return up the Rhine with it resulted in the greatest speed ever attained by an airship. The engineers say the machinery worked well, but that the balloon was unable to overcome the force of the furious hail and rainstorm. The workmen to-night are replenishing the envelope with gas and refilling the benzine tanks with the intention of renewing the effort to reach Cologne to-morrow morning.

ARGUMENTS HEARD

TENNESSEE LIQUOR LAW TEST CASE COMES UP.

Two Points In Controversy Before United States Judge McCall At Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Arguments on the motion to remand to the State Court the injunction proceedings brought by stockholders of the Tennessee Brewing Company against John W. Schorr and the city and county authorities to test the constitutionality of the law prohibiting the sale of the products of the manufacture of intoxicating liquors within the State, were begun this morning before Judge John E. McCall in the United States Court. The controversy simmered down to two points made by Attorney E. E. Wright. He contended that the question first involved is whether the liquor law is a violation of the State Constitution. Should the State Court decide it was then the Federal Court could not possibly have any jurisdiction, and the case was ended. If this point is decided against them, Mr. Wright stated it would then be contended that the case could not be remanded to the Federal Court unless all the parties agreed. He quoted from a decision made by Judge McCall himself to uphold this point. Both points were contested by the opposing counsel.

WALLS OF STEEL SURROUND CZAR

Like Prisoner of State On Visit To England.

Will Only Make One Brief Trip Ashore.

Royal Welcome by King's Imposing Fleet.

AMERICANS IN THE HARBOR.

Cowes, Aug. 2.—The first official visit of the Russian Emperor Nicholas to England was one of the most impressive and spectacular events that Cowes, accustomed to naval pageantry, ever witnessed. King Edward, with most of the members of the royal family, put out this morning on the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, and met the Russian imperial yacht Standart and the squadron of warships accompanying it off Spit Head at noon.

Emperor Nicholas immediately went on board the British royal yacht, where he was greeted by King Edward, and after the monarchs had partaken of luncheon, the Russian squadron, with the Victoria and Albert leading the way, reviewed the British fleet.

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Seven Dreadnoughts In Line.

The British had 150 ships aligned in three files between Cowes and Spit Head. There were twenty-six battleships, of which seven were Dreadnoughts, sixteen armored cruisers and eight other cruisers, forty-eight torpedo-boat destroyers and shoals of submarines. Besides the warships there were hundreds of yachts of all kinds, from the largest steamer to small sailors, at anchor. All were decorated in flags, and when the Russian squadron started its cruise of inspection, the warships fired a salute of twenty-one guns, which made a tremendous din and covered the waters with a haze of blue smoke.

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Crews Cheer Each Other.

The Russian squadron was made up of the imperial yacht Standart and its consort, the Polar Star, and the big lead-colored cruisers Admiral Makharoff and Rurik, and two torpedo-boat destroyers. The British sailors and marines manned ship as the inspection squadron passed though the lines. All the British bands played the Russian national anthem and the crews of both nationalities gave three cheers for each other.

King Edward, Emperor Nicholas and the Prince of Wales and Admiral Sir John Fisher, chief naval aide to King Edward, and Reginald McKenna, first Lord of the Admiralty, and a number of lesser officials were on the bridge of the Standart. The salutes from the warships seemed to have had their effect upon the lowering clouds, for rain was falling when the royal and imperial yachts anchored off Cowes at 5 o'clock.

The scene along the shore was as interesting as that afloat. Crowds lined the water front for miles and all the houses were draped with bunting and flags. The yacht races, which had been going on for some time, lost their interest, for everyone was absorbed by the visit of the Russian imperial family.

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Prisoner of State.

The measures taken to safeguard Emperor Nicholas make him seem like a prisoner of state when compared with other royal personages who have visited Cowes during regatta week. The Standart dropped anchor between two battleships of the Dreadnought type, which are surrounded by other naval vessels, while small boats patrol about the visitors constantly. Scotland Yard has 100 detectives at Cowes, and the Russian police department has an equal representation. The Emperor will remain aboard ship during his visit except for a brief trip ashore to the Cowes Naval School Wednesday morning.

Cowes' week will be a busy one socially. Three American yachts are in the harbor, Morton F. Plant's Iolanda, Allison Armour's Utowana, with Mr. and Mrs. Jordan Nott aboard, and Anthony J. Drexel's Margarita, which Mrs. Leeds has chartered for the week. Each of the American boats is entertaining a large Anglo-American party. Sir Thomas Lipton's Erin and the Empress Eugenie's Thistle are conspicuous among the flotilla.

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Dine With King.

To-night the Russian Emperor and Empress dined with King Edward and Queen Alexandra and the members of the British royal household on board the Victoria and Albert. Sir Edward Grey and M. Iswolsky, respectively British and Russian foreign ministers, also attended the function. All the ships in the harbor were illuminated to-night.

* * *

Political Significance.

The presence of the British Foreign Secretary, Sir Edward Grey; M. Iswolsky, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Count Von Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador to Great Britain, further emphasized the significance attached to the diplomatic world to this visit of the Russian Emperor to England.

The unusual welcome of this morning was arranged designedly for the double purpose of helping to strengthen the links in the chain binding Great Britan, France and Russia in a triple entente and to dissipate any ill feeling engendered by the harsh denunciation of Emperor Nicholas and his methods so frequently vented by the members of the labor party both in and out of Parliament since the coming of the Emperor was first announced.

The function, however, was distinctly official in character, and so strongly were the immediate participants and spectators entrenched behind the cordon of steel walls that there was no chance for a popular demonstration either for or against Emperor Nicholas.

The dinner aboard the Victoria and Albert was a brilliant function. The dining-room was beautifully decorated with red roses and on the table was a magnificent display of gold plate. Beside the King and Queen and the Emperor and Empress the guests were the Crown Prince and Crown Princess of Sweden, the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Premier Asquith, Sir Edward Grey, Reginald McKenna and M. Iswolsky.

* * *

King Refers To Fleet.

King Edward in proposing a toast to the Russian monarch, said: "I am glad that you have had the opportunity of seeing the most powerful and the largest fleet ever assembled, but I trust your majesty will never look upon these ships as a symbol of war, but on the contrary as a protection to our coasts and commerce, and above all, as a means of upholding the interests of peace."

The King also referred to his pleasure at recently meeting a number of members of the Russian Duma and made allusion to Emperor Nicholas' former visit to England.

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The Emperor's Response.

In responding, Emperor Nicholas said the magnificent naval review he had witnessed bore full testimony to England's greatness. It was a grand sight and had deeply impressed him. His majesty said he always would remember the days he had spent with the beloved and venerated Queen Victoria. In concluding, the Emperor said:

"May the friendly welcome given by your majesty and the Queen and the people to the members of the Duma and in the winter to my squadron, be a token of the cordial relationship between our two countries, founded on common interest and mutual esteem."

Those abroad the yacht during the review of the fleet were impressed by the Emperor's frankness and the unaffected manner in which he referred to events that might have been expected to have caused him annoyance.

Alluding to the review, the Russian monarch declared: "This is the most impressive and wonderful demonstration the world has ever seen." He was especially impressed with the extraordinary progress made in the construction of submarines.

DRY WAVE HITS UNCLE SAM'S POCKET

DECREASE OF $6,290,773 IN WHISKY TAX RECEIPTS.

KENTUCKY CONTRIBUTES OVER $20,000,000 REVENUE.

ILLINOIS STILL IN THE LEAD.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Uncle Sam's pocketbook suffered a big shrinkage because of the prohibition wave during the fiscal year ending July 30, during which period there was a a decrease of $5,290,773 in whisky tax receipts, as shown by the preliminary report of the Internal Revenue Bureau, just issued by Acting Commissioner Robert Williams, Jr.

Whisky tax collections last year were $134,868,034, as against $140,158,807 for the preceding year. The receipts of beer and other fermented liquors amounted to $57,456,411, a decrease of $2,351,205 compared with 1908.

The nation's tobacco bill, however, showed an increase. The Government tax on all sorts of tobacco aggregated $51,887,178, an increase of $2,204,423 over the previous year.

The oleomargarine tax collections were $902,197, a falling off of $52,107 compared with the year before.

Internal revenue receipts from all sources were $246,212,719. The Government expended approximately $4,976,000 in collecting its internal revenue.

Illinois led the country with $43,441,771 internal revenue paid into the treasury. Other States in which the receipts exceeded twenty million dollars were Kentucky, Indiana, Pennsylvania and New York.

$25,000 RANSOM FOR CHILDREN

ASKED BY ABDUCTORS OF TWO LITTLE ITALIANS.

VICTIMS' PARENTS WEALTHY CITIZENS OF ST. LOUIS.

POLICE MAKE FIVE ARRESTS.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—Two children were abducted and held for $25,000 ransom here to-day, the affair causing a furore in the local Italian colony, of which the children's parents are among the wealthiest members. The police have arrested five men on suspicion. They have been unable, however, to obtain any trace of the children.

The kidnaping took place near 1011 North Seventh street, where the victims—Grace Viviano, 5 years old, and Thomas Viviano, 3½ years old—lived. The fathers of the children, Pietro Viviano in each case, are cousins, and their families occupy the same apartment.

The two men are manufacturers of spaghetti, and are said to be highly prosperous.

The police are searching diligently for Samuel Turrisi, an employe of the Viviano concerns. He was seen with the children shortly after they disappeared from their home. Neighbors and playmates told the police that Turisi had offered to buy ice cream for the Viviano children. The letter demanding the ransom was delivered to the fathers of Grace and Thomas a few hours later.

SLEUTHS GET CARDS TO MANY LOCKER CLUBS

WHOLESALE ARRESTS IN RAIDS AT BIRMINGHAM—MUCH EVIDENCE SECURED.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 2.—Wholesale arrests of locker-club proprietors and inmates were made by the police this afternoon and to-night. Some hundred clubs are involved.

The arrests are the result of the recent activity of out-of-town detectives employed by Mayor O'Brien. The sleuths came to Birmingham and obtained cards to practically every club in town. They have been gathering their evidence for about six weeks. Policemen were stationed in each of the clubs, and at a given hour every man in the place was held until the detectives could come and identify those against whom they had evidence. It is stated that the officers have as many as twenty-five cases against some of the men.

MONEY BAG RESTORED TO FAIR OWNER.

New York, Aug. 2.—The wealth-laden hand bag bearing the initials "G. L. W.," which was found on the excursion steamer City of Worcester on July 9, was claimed to-day by a woman who gave her name as Grace Livingston Wheeler, of Philadelphia. The bag when opened recently was found to contain $2,735 in new bills, two gold watches, two diamond rings and other valuables.

The claimant who appeared to-day was given possession of the bag and its contents after she had told the amount of money in the receptacle, the numbers of the watches and other details.

George Washington Lincoln, the porter on the steamer who found the hand bag, was rewarded with a present of one of the new $100 bills.

PULLIAM'S BODY LAID TO REST

Occupies Grave In Cave Hill Cemetery.

Simple Services Mark Funeral of Baseball Leader.

Magnates From Throughout Country Present.

BEAUTIFUL FLORAL DESIGNS.

While his life associates stood about with bared heads and with faces marked by keen sorrow, all that was mortal of Harry Clay Pulliam, late president of the National League of Baseball Clubs, was lowered into a grave at Cave Hill cemetery yesterday afternoon. The services attendant upon the funeral of the dead baseball leader were marked by their simplicity. The last rites over the dead were held in the small chapel at Cave Hill cemetery, and it was impossible for all the sorrowing friends of the dead man to crowd into the place. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. T. M. Hawes, pastor of the Highland Presbyterian church, and the Elks' quartet sang the solomn music which concluded the exercises in the chapel, and later at the grave.

Probably 1,200 persons attended the funeral of Harry Pulliam. Many of these had been his warm personal friends, while others had known him merely to speak to. There were others present at the funeral who knew Harry Pulliam only by reputation, and who were attracted to the last rites over the body by the glamor which attaches to a man in public life.

* * *

Meet Body At Depot.

It was 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning when the train bearing the body of Harry Pulliam steamed in to the station at Tenth street and Broadway. A crowd was at the station to watch the casket as it was carried from the coach to a hearse which was waiting at the curbing. Accompanying the body were John A. Heydler, secretary of the National League; G. W. Cain, of Nashville, Tenn., brother-in-law of the dead baseball leader; Barney Dreyfuss, Fred Clarke, William Block, Frank Bancroft, President Ebbets, of the Brooklyn Club; Secretary John E. Bruce, of the National Baseball Commission; Ashley Lloyd, a director of the New York Nationals; Secretary Fred Knowles, of the New York club, and several newspaper men who were traveling with the "Giants."

Barney Dreyfuss, Fred Clarke and William Locke boarded the train bearing the body of the dead baseball leader as it swung through Pittsburg, while others of the party boarded the train at Cincinnati. John A. Heydler, secretary of the National League, and G. W. Cain, brother-in-law of the dead magnate, accompanied the body of Mr. Pulliam all the way from New York to Louisville. Mr. Cain having gone to New York for that express purpose.

* * *

Taken To Chapel.

After the body of Harry Pulliam had been placed in the hearse at Tenth-street Station those who had accompanied it here dispersed to the several hotels for refreshments, while the body was driven to the chapel of L. D. Pearson, at Third avenue and Chestnut street. There the body remained until 2:30 o'clock, when the funeral procession to Cave Hill cemetery started.

During the two hours and a half that the body remained at L. D. Pearson's chapel at Third avenue and Chestnut street, several hundred persons called to view it. They were denied their wish, however, as the casket was not opened from the time the body left New York. This was due to the fact that the bullet which ended Pulliam's life so disfigured his features that they hardly would have been recognized by those of Louisville and elsewhere who had known him well.

Eighteen hacks, bearing the friends and admirers of the dead president of the National League, followed the hearse bearing the body from Pearson's chapel to Cave Hill cemetery. The cortege reached the cemetery a few minutes before 4 o'clock. The hearse was driven to the door of the cemetery chapel, where the pallbearers took charge of the body, serving as an escort to the interior of the chapel.

* * *

Buried In Flowers.

The casket was literally buried in handsome floral offerings. The flowers which covered the casket and were banked about the chancel rail represented the expenditure of several thousand dollars. There were six wagonloads of flowers from all points of the United States where organized baseball is played. The Cincinnati club sent a large wreath of American Beauty roses. The national commission sent a bank of orchids and lilies of the valley. The firm of A. G. Spalding & Bros. sent an enormous baseball made of red and white carnations. The largest floral piece of all was an American flag made of different colored carnations, standing three feet high. This design was from the management of the Louisville baseball club.

The active pallbearers were chosen from among Mr. Pulliam's boyhood friends. They were Dr. T. Hunt Stucky, Harry W. Russell, Robert W. Brown, William B. Thomas, Claude McFarlan and Charles P. Dehler.

* * *

Honorary Pallbearers.

The honorary pallbearers were Ban B. Johnson, president of the American League; John E. Bruce, secretary of the National Baseball Commission; John A. Heydler, secretary of the National League; John S. C. Dovey, president of the Boston National League Club; Charles H. Ebbets, president of the Brooklyn team; Barney Dreyfuss, president of the Pittsburg team; Charles W. Murphy, president of the Chicago National League team; James A. Hart, of Chicago; M. H. Sexton, president of the American Association of Minor League Baseball Clubs; William Murray, manager of the Philadelphia National League team; William Locke, secretary of the Pittsburg team; Fred Clarke, manager of the Pittsburg Club; Fred M. Knowles, secretary of the New York National League Club, and Frank C. Bancroft, of Cincinnati.

* * *

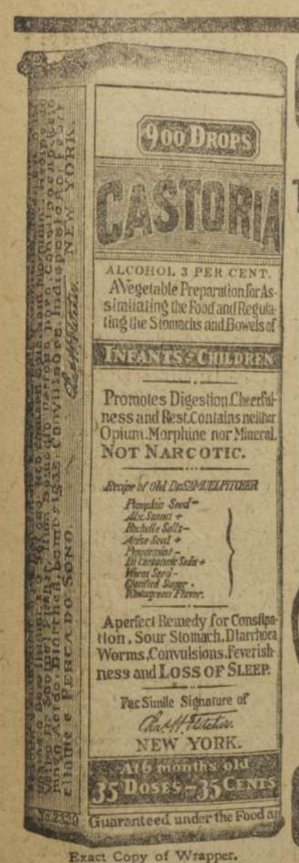
All Games Postponed.

For the first time in the history of baseball all the games in the National and American Leagues were postponed yesterday in honor of the memory of the man who had done so much for the national game. Besides the two big leagues, several others stopped playing. The New York State League shut down entirely and several lesser leagues followed their example. The umpires of the National League, R. D. Emslie, Henry O'Day, J. E. Johnstone, William J. Klem, Charles Rigler and Steve J. Kane, attended the funeral in a body.

In compliance with the wishes of Harry Pulliam's relatives, Dr. Hawes made no address at the funeral service. He merely read a passage of scripture during the service in the chapel. This was followed by a song, "Lead Kindly Light," sung by a quartet composed of Louisville Elks. After the body had been borne from the chapel to the grave, Dr. Hawes read a short passage from the Fourteenth chapter of John. During the committal service the quartet sang, "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

There was many a tear-dimmed eye as the last floral wreath was placed on the grave, and those in attendance turned to

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If you require a lot of it, that is only an added reason why you should take advantage of the opportunity to make the best impression possible. You don't rent a barn just because your business requires a lot of space.

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STEEL AND COPPER PLATE ENGRAVERS.
429 SOUTH THIRD ST.



Diamonds Will Be Higher

This fall. An advance of 5 per cent. has already been announced by the DeBeers Company and Congress has placed an additional 10 per cent. duty. We have an unusual assortment bought before the advance and will give you the advantage of an early purchase. Send for booklet on diamonds.

LEMON & SON, 411 Fourth.
Established 1853.
(Incorporated.)

leave. Harry Pulliam had been what baseball men term a "good fellow," and his tragic death came as a heavy blow to them all. He was looked upon by ball players as one of the straightest men who ever had to do with baseball, and nearly every individual ballplayer looked upon Harry Pulliam's death as his personal loss.

* * *

Group of Men At Stations.

The train which bore the body of Harry Pulliam to Louisville left New York Sunday morning. Few persons boarded the train en route with a view to getting a glimpse of the body. At several of the stops made, there were little groups of men at the depot, but all these did was to gaze at the baggage coach bearing the body until it had disappeared in the distance.

Among the distinguished out-of-town men who attended the funeral yesterday is John Fox, Jr., of Big Stone Gap, Va., and ex-Mayor Fried Schieff. He is the author of "The Little Shepherd of Kingdom Come" and other works which have made him famous as a writer.

James A. Hart, of Chicago, also was here. He is a former owner of a Louisville ball team, and of a Chicago National League club. Mr. Hart said yesterday:

"I considered Mr. Pulliam one of the finest men I have ever had the pleasure of meeting. He was honest to a fault and took everyone's troubles to heart as if they were his own."

Many such tributes were paid to the dead president by those who gathered about his grave in Cave Hill cemetery yesterday.

* * *

Story of Pulliam's Rise.

Mr. Hart told yesterday afternoon how he succeeded in landing Harry Pulliam president of the National League. He said:

"Mr. Brush, Mr. Soden and myself were running the league as a commission. In 1903 we decided to have a president again. When it came to electing a president, half of them wanted Mr. Young, who had previously been president of the league, and the other half wanted Mr. Spalding. There was a deadlock until early spring, when we held a meeting in New York city. At that time we had no schedule to start our season with. We were having a meeting one afternoon in the Victoria Hotel. Besides the eight magnates, Harry Pulliam was there. There happened to be one rocking chair, in which Mr. Pulliam was sitting.

"We went over our business and tried to elect a president without avail, until I noticed Mr. Pulliam sitting in the one rocking chair. I turned to the others and said, 'I have found the man.' I said, 'gentlemen, there is one rocking chair in this room and the man who occupies it is the man I have reference to.' Mr. Pulliam was then elected president of the league, having been accepted as the compromise candidate.

CINCINNATI SUBURB VOTES TO KEEP SALOONS.

Cincinnati, Aug. 2.—In an exciting local option election held to-day, Delhi, O., a suburb of this city, voted to retain saloons. The "wets" carried the election by a majority of ten votes. The suburb affected contains among its population many wealthy business men of this city. Society women, aiding the "drys," served lemonade to voters brought to the polls in automobiles, for which wealthy business men acted as chauffeurs.

NOTES GIVEN TO BANK NEVER PAID BY BREESE.

Contention of Government's Attorney In Case On Trial At Asheville, N. C.

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 2.—Contending that the sum of $5,600 was taken from the bank in cash; that Maj. Breese was the chief beneficiary; that the money was "paid back" with notes that were never collected, and that Dickerson was involved in the transaction, District Attorney Horton today resumed his presentation of evidence in the case of the Government against William E. Breese and Joseph E. Dickerson, on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the First National Bank of this city, which failed in July.

Testimony to this effect was adduced by the prosecution, while T. F. Malloy, Jr., who was teller of the First National, was on the stand.

Malloy was followed by J. H. Stelling, whose testimony had a tendency to establish the identity of Shadrick Kemp, formerly a negro coachman in the employ of Maj. Breese and now a policeman in the State of Ohio. Blank notes signed by Kemp, which were never paid, were placed in evidence.

MISS STEEDMAN'S BODY IS TO BE CREMATED.

The body of Miss Helen Steedman, the 17-year-old High School girl, who was killed by a train at Buckners, Ky., at 9:45 o'clock Sunday morning, was taken to Cincinnati by her father, Dr. W. C. Steedman, yesterday morning, where the body will be cremated in accordance with the wish often expressed by Miss Steedman.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday as follows:

John W. Kamper and Anna Hettinger.

John Highland and Minnie A. Durand.

William H. Richner and Mary F. Hughes.

H. B. Springmann and Susie M. Gipperich.

Jake Rosenblatt and Nathen Wolder.

John Moock and Lizzie Lambert.

S. E. Vertrees and Mary E. Adams.

B. N. Wiston and Margaret Rusedale.

E. E. Goldsberry and Margaret M. Bowman.

Ben Smith and Annie Naly.

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$3.00 $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES



W. L. Douglas Shoes are Better Value for the Price Than Ever Before

The quality, workmanship and style cannot be excelled.

A trial is all that is needed to convince anyone that W. L. Douglas shoes hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. Douglas reputation for the best shoes that can be produced for the price is world-wide. He stands back of every pair and guarantees full value to the wearer.

CAUTION.—See that W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. Take No Substitute.



BOYS SHOES $1.75 & $2.00

Wherever you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach. If your dealer cannot fit you write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

338 WEST MARKET STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

COUNTY BOARD AGAIN REFUSES

Members Vote Against Consolidated School Proposition.

A Stormy Meeting, Many Speeches, Nothing Done.

Some Trustees Also Have Spent Their Money.

SUPERINTENDENT'S POSITION.

When the smoke cleared away and the wounded were borne off the field yesterday afternoon the members of the Jefferson County Board of Education found themselves just where they stood two weeks ago. On July 17 they turned down a proposition submitted by public-spirited citizens willing to help pay if the board should see fit to establish an experimental country consolidated school out of its increased funds. Yesterday they refused or at least failed, to reconsider the proposition, and consolidation of Jefferson's schools got another set-back.

The Jeffersontown Boys' Band, which unlimbered in the rotunda of the second floor of the courthouse, struck the keynote of the fruitless meeting. That was noise. Two hundred people filled the room where the meeting was held, some for and some against the immediate establishment of a consolidated school. The addresses of the members of the board were punctuated with applause, sometimes cheers, and cries of approval or disapproval. At times all the members of the board tried to speak at once, arguing with each other in utter disregard of parliamentary rules. The meeting was a heated one and no little personal feeling was manifest.

* * *

Net Results of the Meeting.

One of the net results of the meeting, aside from the refusal of the board to reconsider the proposal of James B. McFerran and John M. Atherton, was the disclosing of the fact that Mrs. Rosa A. Stonestreet, County Superintendent of Schools, who has been on the fence, is against the movement in its present form and at the present time. It also was reported that the portions of the fund, to be available in the winter, allotted to the Fifth and Sixth divisions has already been spent and is therefore not available for expenditure on a new consolidated school. The meeting dissolved without an answer having been made to Dr. S. D. Wetherby's charge that the action of the board in allotting the money as it did was striking directly at the very foundation of the new school law.

Adjournment came at the end of a session of an hour and a quarter, with Dr. Wetherby talking into T. B. Miller's ear, and H. A. Hummel and J. H. Shively calling for a rollcall on the reconsideration motion which had just been declared lost. The motion for adjournment, put by Dr. George Breidenthal and seconded by Manuel Sternberg, was declared carried by Mrs. Stonestreet, who said she heard more "ayes" than "noes" when she put the question.

* * *

The Motion To Reconsider.

The reconsideration motion was the second of its nature put to the board, the first having been withdrawn by its author, Dr. Wetherby. It was on the order of an omnibus motion, and was interpreted to carry the acceptance of the McFerran-Atherton proposal along with the carrying of the motion to reconsider. Several of the anti-consolidation trustees, however, were not sure of this. The text of Dr. Wetherby's reconstructed motion was as follows:

"Moved, that the Jefferson County Board of Education reconsider its motion by which this proposition to this board made by Mr. McFerran and Mr. Atherton was rejected, that the same be accepted and the appropriation of $12,500 requested by that proposition be made in accordance with the proposition."

* * *

How the Trustees Voted.

When put, a standing vote was called for. Dr. Wetherby, Mr. Shively and Mr. Hummel rose for a moment. When the noes were called for Dr. Breidenthal, Mr. Sternberg, O. H. Cooper and Charles Kurz stood up to be counted. Mr. Miller got up, saying that he did not vote because he did not understand the motion. Dr. Wetherby had been calling for rollcall and asked for time while he went around to explain the situation to Mr. Miller. It was then that the adjourning motion was offered and carried and Dr. Wetherby, having put Mr. Miller wise, looked up to find that the meeting was over.

* * *

Constant Hubbub Going On.

All during this time there was such a hubbub in the room that scarcely anyone could be heard. Several times Mrs. Stonestreet attempted to quiet things and was almost at the point of asking Sheriff Charles L. Scholl, who was an interested spectator, to restore order. Twice Mrs. Stonestreet appealed to the people in the room to be quiet and threatened several times to adjourn the meeting unless order was restored. All the disorder, however, was incidental and none of it malicious.

The meeting was called to order at 2:15 o'clock, Mr. Miller reading the minutes of the meeting of July 17, at which the allotment of the funds was agreed upon. The band was playing in the hall and when Dr. Breidenthal rose to speak he could not make himself heard, so left his place at the table to close the door.

* * *

Dr. Breidenthal Spent Money.

He read a report showing that since the last meeting he had, in connection with the division board, of which he is chairman, expended about $3,000 in various local improvements, such as the repairing of a school-house here and the extending of a school term there. He made this report, he said, to get it in the minutes of the meeting, and not because he thought that the board was required to approve of the expenditures.

He was followed by Mr. Sternberg, who said that similar expenditures, by contract, in his division amounted to about $3,200, out of his proportion of something over $3,300. Another trustee said that he had arranged for the distributing of his money. The first two all along have opposed the consolidated school project. Mr. Sternberg's division is in the southern part of the country around Iroquois Park, and that of Dr. Breidenthal is in the eastern part of the county in the neighborhood of Buechel.

* * *

Committees of the Board.

In regular order of business the report of a special committee named to recommend the membership of the committees of the board was called for and Mr. Cooper, as chairman, made the following recommendations, which were agreed upon.

Grievance Committee — Wetherby, Hummel, Sternberg.

High-school Committee—Cooper, Miller, Breidenthal.

Auditing Committee—Shively, Kurz, Miller.

Buildings Committee—Miller, Sternberg, Mrs. Stonestreet.

Executive Committee — Shively, Hummel, Mrs. Stonestreet.

Health and Safety Committee—Kurz, Breidenthal, Cooper.

Finance Committee—Cooper, Wetherby, Miller.

* * *

First Motion Withdrawn.

Dr. Wetherby's first motion to reconsider was introduced to meet at once with Dr. Breidenthal's objection that it was out of order, since he and Mr. Sternberg had already disposed of their portions of the fund. Mr. Cooper asked if a motion to reconsider required a two-thirds vote. Dr. Breidenthal and Mr. Sternberg said yes as one man and Dr. Wetherby withdrew his motion. Here Mr. Hummel asked that Prof. H. N. Rheubelt be allowed to address the board on the matter of the proposed consolidated school and Dr. Breidenthal objected. It is out of order for any person to address the board without unanimous consent and Prof. Rheubelt did not speak then nor thereafter.

* * *

Mr. Miller Asks Fair Deal.

Mr. Miller addressed the board briefly, asking that he be heard in quiet and without interruption.

"All I want," he said, "is a fair deal. I favor the consolidated school plan, although I do not think that the majority of the people want it. Dr. Breidenthal has spent all his money and so has Mr. Sternberg. Many people have come here to-day to witness these proceedings. Some want the consolidated school and some don't want it. But I urge that we run on the square. If the majority want the consolidated school let us give it to them. I don't know parliamentary law, but I do know what is a fair deal and that is all I ask."

* * *

First Division Against It.

Here Mr. Cooper, of the First division, rose to explain his position.

"I favored the McFerran-Atherton offer," he said, "but I was not ready to vote on it the last time. I wanted to wait. Meanwhile I have thought the matter over and have talked it over. At the last meeting of my division I put the question up to the nine trustees and they were unanimously against the project. They assured me that they were faithfully representing their constituents, who do not want consolidation. For this and other reasons, many other reasons, I am opposed to the acceptance of the offer made to the board."

* * *

Mr. Sternberg's Position.

Mr. Sternberg claimed the attention of the chair:

"All I want is fair play, too," he said, voicing sentiments of the anti-consolidation people. "I have spent over $3,000 in my division and could spend $5,000 more easily and well, if I had it. It is this way. Is it fair for the people of Jeffersontown or Middletown to have a consolidated school and fine equipment while the other schools in the county are impoverished?" Concluding he complimented Mrs. Stonestreet for her management of the office and present attitude, and said that all he wanted was justice for his own schools.

* * *

Mrs. Stonestreet With Antis.

Mrs. Stonestreet at this juncture rose and observing that she had something she wanted to say for herself before voting, explained her position as follows:

Before voting on the consolidated school question, I feel that an explanation is due the public. For the past twelve years I have labored faithfully to advance the educational interests of Jefferson county, and I can assure you of many instances where my efforts alone were responsible for an extension of the school term from five to nine months.

It is generally conceded that the public schools were instituted for the masses and not the few. Every child should be entitled to a school term of at least nine months, a first-class teacher and a good, comfortable schoolhouse, with all necessary equipments.

* * *

Appeal For More Money.

Realizing that many children in small districts could not obtain a longer term or better conditions, I appealed to the Fiscal Court to levy a tax of 20 cents on every $100 for the purpose "of building, improving and equipping the schoolhouses and the purchasing and condemnation of real estate, for the payment of teachers and for the extension of the school term in the various subdistricts throughout the county, as provided for in the county school district law, page 56, Section 99. The court generously voted a levy of 20 cents on each $100 for the purpose set forth in my petition. It is but just that every child in this county should be the beneficiary of that tax levy, and I aim here to protect the interest of each and every child in Jefferson county without fear or favor.

* * *

Cannot Set Aside $12,500.

If the $12,500 should be set side for a consolidated school we would be deprived of the money to extend the school term and to make repairs that are absolutely necessary to make many school comfortable during the winter. Of the ninety-seven schools in Jefferson county, only four or five school districts could be included in a consolidated school. Now, must we sacrifice ninety-two schools to accommodate five? Surely not.

Then, too, think of our colored schools—twenty-three colored school districts with only eight schoolhouses. Houses used in the past were churches without a single desk. To ignore the dire needs of the colored schools and not to appropriate some part of the tax to their support would absolutely be a crime.

I have consulted with many taxpayers of Jefferson county, and I find they oppose consolidation for the present. After due consideration, I cast my vote against consolidation.

* * *

Dr. Wetherby's Second Motion.

Then came Dr. Wetherby's second motion, written roughly on a scrap of paper and in haste. Mr. Sternberg moved that the motion be tabled, but it was lost, he, Dr. Breidenthal and Mr. Kurz alone voting for his motion. Dr. Breidenthal insisted that the motion was out of order, and that, anyway, it would require a two-thirds' vote to carry. Mr. Sternberg made a speech which he closed by saying: "Let's move to call the motion out of order." Then Dr. Wetherby turned himself loose.

* * *

Dr. Wetherby Urges Consolidation.

He had prepared a short address to read to the board, very moderate in tone, but his enthusiasm and his heat and the constant and irritating interruptions spurred him on, and he went outside of his set address to make such a rousing pro-consolidation speech that his supporters went wild with delight, interrupting him as much with their cheers as the opposing members of the board did with their interjections. He said that he had worked for consolidation from the start, and that the seven men lined up against him at the start had dwindled to four. Then, pointing at Mrs. Stonestreet, he charged her to be sure when she cast any deciding vote.

* * *

Purpose of New Law.

The address Dr. Wetherby gave an impromptu extension follows:

The motion to levy the tax that created a $40,000 levy read: "And the County Board shall spend the money on the building, improvement and equipping of schoolhouses, for the purchase and condemnation of necessary real estate, for the payment of teachers, etc."

The old law gave us 5,000 trustees. In the selection of so many men is it any wonder that we did not get all good men? The new law gives us one-third as many trustees as were allowed under the old regime. The new law puts the money into the hands of eight men and our County Superintendent. The old law put the money into the hands of 357 men in Jefferson county, both white and colored. The new law eliminates the colored man.

The Hon. Tom McGregor, Assistant Attorney General, says: "The law evidently intends this fund to be handled by the County Board of Education."

* * *

Striking At Law's Foundation.

In my opinion the vote to distribute this money among the eight educational divisions, if it was the intention of the board to let the subdistrict trustee participate in its disbursement, was a blow aimed directly at the foundation of the law. If we cannot consolidate schools with a $40,000 tax levy our successors in office will not be able to bring it about with a $50,000 levy.

The magistrates levied this tax with the sole aim and object of our consolidating schools. The county magistrates are a unit in this matter. Our State Superintendent is heartily in favor of the move. Our County Superintendent has said she is in favor of it. We should, as a board, go on record as unanimously in favor of consolidation of our schools.

* * *

Investigation Or Confidence.

The men who have offered us such a liberal proposition have gone on record as willing to defray the expense of any member of or members of this board in order that they may see a consolidated school in working condition. And now it occurs to me that if we will not, or do not intend to inform ourselves either by reading or seeing, it is high time we say to these men who have attained a reasonable amount of success in the business world: "Gentlemen: We believe in your honor and integrity. We have abiding faith in your philanthropy. We believe it is now time to strike hands in one great common cause, viz., to rid Jefferson county of her ignorance and illiteracy. Intelligence is divided into four heads—ignorance, Knowledge, Learning and Wisdom. He who builds for the present builds a mere tally blind. He who builds for a year ahead is a genius. He who builds for a lifetime is a general. But he who builds for a generation yet to be is a seer, a prophet.

* * *

Misstatements Charged.

Mrs. Stonestreet, in response, said she would be very glad to have the privilege of voting, but charged Dr. Wetherby with having made a misstatement, which he qualified by saying he meant to imply nothing wrong, but spoke only from what he understood.

Mr. Cooper started to say that there were many people present from places where the consolidated school was not wanted. Dr. Wetherby rose again. Mr. Sternberg called for the "parliamentary." Mr. Cooper also said that Dr. Wetherby had made misstatements. Dr. Wetherby got up again to say that eight out of nine trustees in his division were for consolidated schools. Mr. Hummel asked again that Prof. Rheubelt be allowed to speak, to meet Dr. Breidenthal's objection. The uproar increased. People called upon the Sheriff to clear the room. Then the concluding motions were put.

"In this matter of Health you cannot buy an immunity bath with a bank balance."

But!

15 cents Invested in a package of

Grape-Nuts FOOD

will start you right, and the little book, "The Road to Wellville," found in the pkg., will help keep you right.

"There's a Reason"

N. B.—One little book is placed in every third pkg. Trust you won't fail to find one.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.
Battle Creek, Mich.

TWO WILLS PROBATED

JOHN EARL O'REILLY GETS HIS MOTHER'S PROPERTY.

Mrs. O'Reilly Provides Extensively For Disposal of Estate If Son Dies.

To her son, John Earl O'Reilly, Mrs. Emma O'Reilly leaves the larger part of her estate, part of which he will receive when he reaches the age of 25 years, and the rest when he attains the age of 30. Mrs. O'Reilly's will was dated May 18, 1909, and was probated in the County Court yesterday. She names the Fidelity Trust Company executor, and provides that, should the son die and leave no wife or children before the property comes to him at the expiration of the trust, that it shall be divided among nieces, her brother, Philip Liston, and several Catholic charities.

She makes bequests of $200 each to her nieces, Bernardine and Loretta Liston, providing that they shall have all her wearing apparel. To four other nieces, Lucille, Evelyn, Irma and Mabel Liston, she leaves $25. She leaves $300 for the care of the family lot in St. Louis cemetery and $50 to the pastor of St. Cecilia's church for masses, and the remainder in trust to the son.

Of this property the home place at 2427 West Market street is to be held for the son until he is 30 years of age, and one-third of the remainder for the same length of time. Two-thirds of the property left to the son, not including the home, is to become his property when he reaches the age of 25 years. Alternative bequests are itemized at length.

John Hebden, by his will dated January 19, 1909, and probated yesterday, leaves all his property to his wife, Mrs. Alice H. Hebden, naming his son, James B. Hebden, as executor without bond.

Court Paragraphs.

—J. M. Hunter sued George R. Washburne for $325, alleged due on a note.

—Eliza Watson sued C. O. Watson for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married on April 27, 1908.

—The Mehler & Eckstenkemper Lumber Company sued Isla F. Roberts and others for $111.20 alleged due on a debt.

—Charles Kopf and others sued Lulle Kopf Sadenburger and others, asking for the sale of certain real estate and division of the property.

—Thomas Curran sued the Louisville Bridge and Iron Company for $20,000 as damages for alleged personal injuries suffered while in the defendant's employ.

—Geo. Thomas sued the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland for $2,000 as damages for alleged injuries suffered while in the employ of the Weber Company.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY

INCORPORATED

BULLETIN:

July 22, 1909.

To the Editor of the Louisville Post, Louisville, Ky.

Dear Sir: In your issue of the 21st instant you have an editorial under the headlines of "Telephone Combination and Rates," in which appears the two sentences following:

"Fifty-one per cent. of the stock in the local telephone company is owned by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company or some of its subsidiaries.

"It is this stock, which represents nothing except a license from the owners of patents long expired, that makes it necessary constantly to increase the rates in order that these securities may earn enough to make them attractive to the speculating or investing public of New York and the East."

I am quite sure when you penned these sentences you realized the gravity of your statements, for if such a statement was true it would leave this company and its officials in a most contemptible attitude, and unworthy of the respect or consideration of the very dogs.

A committee of your citizens, to-wit: Messrs. Marion E. Taylor, William R. Belknap, Attilla Cox, George Gaulbert and Logan C. Murray, looked into all of these questions and made a report which was exactly contrary to the statements you have made. They took time and patience, went to expense, and employed skilled people to get information for them; whereas, you have done none of these things, but have made a statement, sweeping and offhanded, exactly contrary to the report which they made. Therefore, this statement of yours is just as great a reflection upon these fellow-citizens of yours as they are upon us.

As I say, you have made this statement without any sort of an investigation, for if you had done so, even the most superficial investigation would have shown you that the statements which you have made are outrageously false in every particular. The fact then stands out that you have made a most libelous and outrageous statement without any foundation in fact.

The natural and inevitable conclusion in all such circumstances is that whoever would perpetrate such an act is utterly destitute of morality, honor or integrity. If, however, you have been imposed upon, and have been laboring under some real misapprehension, and if you do have any regard for decency and honor, you will promptly undo this slander by retracting it in as public a manner as is possible.

(Signed) JAMES E. CALDWELL,
President.

July 28, 1909.

To the Editor of the Louisville Post, Louisville, Ky.

Dear Sir: On the 22d instant I wrote you a letter, calling your attention to libelous statements which you had made with regard to this company, giving you an opportunity to correct the same and make the amende honorable.

I have received no reply to my letter, but instead of showing a disposition to correct this great wrong which you have done, you publish another editorial in your issue of the 27th, making statements which are grossly misleading, and all tending to do this company further damage. So that your purpose is now quite plain—that you are not trying to find the truth and state the truth, and the whole truth, but you are trying to manufacture any sort of damaging statements against this company.

Now, as we gave you an opportunity to correct your statements and make the decent amend, which you have not done, but, on the contrary, have shown a maliciousness and a disposition to inflict further harm and injury, we shall therefore give you an opportunity to prove your assertions in court. Yours truly,

JAMES E. CALDWELL, President.

July 31, 1909.

To the Editor of the Louisville Post, Louisville, Ky.

Dear Sir: At the time I wrote you on July 28 I had not consulted with lawyers, believing that there must be ample provision in the law for such gross wrong and malicious statements as you had been making. I am now advised by our attorneys that I am mistaken, and that we have no remedy at law against you.

While this saves you from any loss of money, it does not save you from loss of character and standing as a man, or of appearing as a coward, as it is quite plain that when you wrote these slanderous statements you did so knowing that you were not running any risk of being reached and held responsible therefor.

Any form of assassination is despicable and contemptible to all decent people, and all men of refinement and sense of honor consider commercial assassination just as vile as personal assassination, and this is what you are practicing on this company.

You were not fair enough to publish my letter of the 22d instant, and it is very probable that you will not publish this one. Yours truly,

JAMES E. CALDWELL, President.

ENTERING WEDGE BY PUBLISHERS

JOHN NORRIS ON NEW PAPER AND PULP SCHEDULE.

CAMPAIGN BROUGHT ABOUT A BIG REDUCTION.

PAPERMAKERS THWARTED.

New York, Aug. 2.—John Norris, chairman of the committee on paper of the American Publishers' Association, issued a bulletin relating to the tariff on pulp and paper in which he says:

In the proposed tariff bill publishers have secured the abolition of the duty of $1.67 per ton on ground wood. They obtained a reduction from $6 per ton to $3.75 per ton on print paper, a saving of approximately $2,700,000 per annum in the cost of news print paper to consumers.

The publishers have asked for free print paper. The select committee of the House had recommended $2 per ton until the Senate raised the rate to $4 per ton, and the conferees had substantially agreed on a compromise rate of $3 per ton when President Taft announced to congressional callers on or about Saturday, July 24, that a $4 rate was necessary for the application of the protection principle to print paper. The President made this announcement without that full and impartial ascertainment of cost to, which the consumers were entitled; and in disregard of numerous and voluntary assurances that he had given in favor of the lower rate. In accordance with that intimation from the President, the conferees reported $3.75 per ton, which will probably be adopted.

If the publishers had not inaugurated their campaign for a reduction of duty it is likely that the paper makers would have secured an increase from $6 per ton to $8 or $10 per ton on print paper upon their representations that American wood had increased in cost to the extent of $6 per ton of paper produced.

Under the new schedules, each province as Canada is regarded as a unit so that Nova Scotia and New Brunswick which have no restrictions of any kind upon exportation of pulp or paper, can immediately avail of the new tariff's rate. Quebec has a stumpage tax of 25 cents per cord of wood cut from crown lands for exportation, from which the province obtains a revenue of $25,000 per annum.

There is no stumpage tax in Quebec on wood cut from other lands. Ontario prohibits absolutely the exportation of wood cut from crown lands. New Foundland also prohibits the exportation of pulp wood.

American paper makers hold leases on 12,000 square miles of crown lands in the province of Quebec, for which they pay an annual rental and in addition a fixed price of 65 cents for every cord cut. These leases expire in 1936 and it is given out that within three weeks from the date of the signing of the Payne bill, the terms of the new Quebec leases will be promulgated. It is believed possible that Quebec may regard the new legislation as the best obtainable and abolish its stumpage tax. If it should prohibit the exportation of pulp wood cut from crown lands, the American owners of timber rights are prepared to set up a complaint of confiscation. A serious tangle is threatened with possibilities of a pulp wood shortage and a trade war between Canada and the United States, which have business interchanges to the extent of $250,000,000 per annum.

WRIGHT BROTHERS BUSY IN THEIR SHOP.

Dayton, O., Aug. 2.—Wilbur Wright arrived home from Washington this morning. Orville and Miss Katherine Wright arrived yesterday. The brothers are all busy at their shop on West Third street. They will remain in Dayton about two weeks. Orville will then go to Berlin.

STEEL CORPORATION PUTS UP PRICES.

New York, Aug. 2.—The United States Steel Corporation advanced to-day the prices of steel bars, angles, plates and beams $1 a ton, thus placing its quotations on a parity with the prices made by the independent companies two weeks ago. The new prices are still considerably below the level ruling before the open market was declared by the steel corporation last February.

OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY ASKS PROOF

In Regard To Receivership Affairs of Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville.

Cincinnati, Aug. 2.—In the proceedings in the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville railroad receivership, the Old Colony Trust Company, of Boston, to-day filed its answer to the recent petition looking to an adjustment of the receivership affairs. It refuses to accept for fact a number of the allegations of the petition and calls for strict proof.

Among the things thus called in question are the statement "that $430,000 has been expended for cars and other rolling stock," while details are asked regarding the creation of a floating debt of $1,750,000 represented by supply claims, loans obtained, payrolls, etc. Proof is also asked for as to the statement that the business of the road was greatly affected by the business stringency and that it got into trouble with connecting roads which refused to deliver freight to it on account of its inability to pay for traffic connections.

Important moves regarding the future of the road are expected shortly.

MOBILE THE HOST OF THOUSANDS.

Knights of Columbus Will Begin Their National Convention This Morning.

Mobile, Ala., Aug. 2.—The city is ready for the entertainment of the national convention of the Knights of Columbus, which opens here to-morrow. To-night the principal hotels and homes are thronged with guests and delegates and the city is brilliantly illuminated.

The Lyric Theater was packed at the concert given by the Knights of Columbus Choral Club and Gregorian Choir.

The business sessions of the convention begin to-morrow morning with a grand parade at 8:30 o'clock from the Knights of Columbus hall to the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, where a high mass will be celebrated by Bishop Allen, of the Mobile diocese, after which the opening exercises will take place in the Lyric Theater.

HENRY CLAY PIERCE MARRIES A WIDOW.

London, Aug. 2.—Under a special license secured at Canterbury, Henry Clay Pierce, of St. Louis, was quietly married to-day at St. George's church, Hanover Square, to Virginia Prickett Burrowes, daughter of Maj. William Russell Prickett, of Edwardsville, Ill., whose former husband died four years ago.

Beyond the church officials only four persons witnessed the wedding. The bride was attended by her daughter, Virginia Burrowes, and was given away by H. R. Anderson. Baron Gino de Morpugo supported the bridegroom. The only other member of the wedding party was Mrs. Mary C. Mitchell, a relative of Mr. Pierce. After a quiet wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Pierce left for the Continent.

RAILROAD MAN DIES AFTER LONG SERVICE.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 2.—William Linthwaite, employed continuously for fifty-three years by the Evansville and Terre Haute railroad, died last night, aged seventy-six years. He was at work last week.

ALABAMA VOTES FOR INCOME TAX

HOUSE DROPS PROHIBITION MEASURES DONE ENOUGH.

PEETE BILL ATTACKED BY REPRESENTATIVE STOLLENWERCK.

SPIRIT OF INTOLERANCE.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 2.—The House to-day passed the bill agreeing to an income tax amendment of the Constitution of the United States.

A bill amending the State Constitution so as to make prohibition Statewide, was introduced by Representative Ballard. It provides for a vote on State-wide prohibition three months after the adjournment of the present extra session, the amendment to become operative immediately upon ratification at this election. The bill prohibits both the sale and manufacture, and provides that the Legislature shall fix penalties for violation similar to the penalties now in effect.

The first action of the Senate today was the repeal of an act allowing railroads to condemn fifty feet for laying tracks and the substitution therefor of the right of condemning 100 feet.

The first protest against the numerous prohibition bills was voiced in the House this afternoon, when Representative Stollenwerck, the new member from Montgomery county, spoke against the passage of the Peete bill, providing for a system of education in the public schools against the use of intoxicating liquors. The bill provides that tracts shall be taught and that mottoes shall be displayed in the schools.

Mr. Stollenwerck asserted that the Legislature seems to display a spirit of intolerance in the matter of prohibition and that everyone who spoke his convictions had been classed with the vicious. The bill was passed by a wide margin.

The Fuller bill, to prohibit newspapers from publishing the names of women on whom assaults have been committed, passed, as was a bill prohibiting the display of nude pictures. The Fuller bill prohibits news dealers from selling papers published outside the State that violate its provisions.

MISSOURI MOB LYNCHES MURDERER OF FARMER.

Platte City, Mo., Aug. 2.—George Johnson, white, who murdered John W. Moore, a farmer, June 29, was lynched early to-day. Feeling ran so high at the time of the killing that Johnson was taken to Kansas City for safe keeping. His trial was to begin to-day, and he was returned to Platte City yesterday afternoon.

Early this morning two men took a third man to the jail, representing him to be a prisoner. When the Sheriff opened the jail door, the three overpowered him. Fifty other men quickly appeared and battered down the door of Johnson's cell. He was taken to a tree opposite the jail and strung up.

FARMER FOUND DEAD IN HIS GARDEN.

Scottsburg, Ind., Aug. 2.—The body of W. H. Austin, aged seventy-four years, was found in the garden near his home Saturday night. It is believed that he died of heart failure. His home is near Lexington, ten miles east of this place. The Coroner is now investigating the case. Austin was a well-known farmer. He leaves a wife and three grown sons, Edward, Saben and Haig.

Believing that the people of Kentucky
Will be interested in the organization of the

Citizens National Life Insurance Company

Believing that they WANT such a company; believing that they will SUPPORT such company by subscribing for its stock—we will publish in this paper every Tuesday, the amount of subscriptions to date. The work of getting subscriptions was started Monday, July 26, and below is the amount of subscriptions for the

FIRST WEEK, AUGUST 2,

$106,960.00

Cast an

Anchor to Windward

You may do so by opening a SAVINGS ACCOUNT here; and thus be prepared to weather the financial storms that may come along. Takes only ONE DOLLAR to start; and REGULAR SAVINGS, however small, from your income to make your account grow quickly into something substantial. Interest on all savings deposits is COMPOUNDED twice a year.

Ky. Title Savings Bank and Trust Co.

Fifth and Court Place.

Open daily until 3 p. m.
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Diamonds

And Other Precious Stones

Some excellent investments and very handsome loose and mounted stones just put in stock.

Kendrick's

Write for Jewelry Catalog

$1.50

Indianapolis

Excursion

Over Pennsylvania Line

SUNDAY, AUG 8

Train leaves Louisville (Fourteenth and Main streets) 8 a. m.

Nearly 80,000,000 gallons of water are used annually to cleanse the streets of the city of London.

INSANE NOW

So Declares State Alienist In Thaw Case.

PRISONER'S PAST AGAIN BARED BY MR. JEROME.

SECOND-TRIAL TESTIMONY IS READ FROM COPIOUSLY.

HOSPITAL RECORDS QUOTED.

White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 2.—A declaration by Dr. Amos B. Baker, of the Matteawan Asylum, that he considered Harry Thaw irrational at the present time, was one of the features to-day of the Supreme Court hearing of the habeas corpus proceedings intended to secure the celebrated prisoner's release from the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane. Dr. Baker, the first of District Attorney Jerome's alienists, read a number of excerpts from the hospital records in regard to Thaw's condition and conduct during his incarceration there.

At the opening of to-day's session, which marked the beginning of the third week of the hearing, District Attorney Jerome took up the reading of testimony from the second trial where he left off last Friday afternoon. From the several bound volumes of court minutes at his elbow he selected that containing the evidence of Catherine O'Neil, a former seamstress in the Thaw household in Pittsburg. This related chiefly to Thaw's acts during childhood, particularly his fits of passion.

Mr. Jerome explained that this was the only means of getting such testimony before the court and in the record. The story of Thaw's childhood and the influences affecting his birth as told by his mother, followed.

Mrs. William C. Thaw, who sat behind her son, seemed about to lose control of herself. Her face flushed and she used her palm leaf fan to hide the twitching of her lips. Her testimony presented Thaw as a victim of extreme nervousness from birth.

* * *

His Past Life.

Jerome read successively testimony regarding the prisoner's mental condition given at the trials by Miss Belle Moorhouse Lawrence, his kindergarten teacher in Pittsburg; Abram R. Beck, whose school he attended in 1881-1882; Miss Alice C. Fletcher, an old family friend; Christopher Bagley, steward of Thaw's whist club in New York, where just before he killed White the young man deposited three cigarettes in the safe; Amy Gossette, a trained nurse, who attended him at Monte Carlo; Dr. Charles A. Bailey, a physician, of Albany, N. Y., who attended Thaw when he was sick on a train between Albany and New York in 1906; Anthony Comstock and Dr. Horatio C. Wood, who told of the insanity of members of Thaw's family.

From the testimony of Evelyn Thaw the District Attorney selected first those portions which referred to her husband's actions, when she told him of her treatment by White, especially his wild sobbing. He read also her story of Thaw's alleged attempt to kill himself with laudanum at a hotel in Paris, and of the killing of White.

* * *

Irrational Conduct.

Other trial witnesses from whose testimony extracts were given were August Wener, the Thaw butler in Washington; Charles F. Koehler, one of the prisoner's teachers at Worcester University; Martin Green, Thomas Hanly, a New York newspaper man, who saw the shooting; Matilda C. Stein, telephone operator at the Grand Hotel, Paris; Caroline Lowrey, witness of the shooting; William A. Johnson, a New York newspaper man, who saw Thaw just before he killed White, and Lionel Straus, witness of the shooting.

All said Thaw's actions when they met him were irrational. A long list of persons who saw the prisoner just after the shooting and told of his wild appearance and behavior were dismissed by Jerome with a few words each.

Some of Thaw's expressions before the sanity commissioner in March, 1907, followed. He told these commissioners that his expression "an act of providence," referring to the death of White, had no special significance, being used only for convenience.

"Our purpose," Mr. Jerome told the court, "is to show that concealment of delusions is by no means an uncommon thing among paranoias, and that this 'act of Providence' idea was used by the prisoner at the very commencement of the thing."

* * *

Former Test.

The sanity commission Jerome's reading of the report showed, tested the prisoner repeatedly on this point. To them he explained that he advised Attorney Delmas to picture him as a "tool of Providence," principally because it was a popular attitude.

Thaw's assertion to the commission, "everything done in this case is under my authority," created a stir in the court room in view of Justice Mills' recent hints regarding "exaggerated ego."

The reading of the report of Thaw's examination before the sanity commission was continued after recess. Mr. Jerome reminded the court that Thaw had quoted and applied to his own case at that time the passage from the book of Samuel, beginning: "And the people said unto Saul, 'Shall Jonathan die, who hath wrought this great salvation unto Israel?'"

Thaw, it developed, used "Mr. X." in his letters referring to Gov. Hughes to prevent the fact that he was considering employing him as his counsel becoming known. While the matter was still under consideration, Mr. Hughes received his first nomination for Governor and that ended the matter.

It was evident as Mr. Jerome continued that he was reading everything he could find in the printed volumes bearing upon Thaw's a leged consideration of himself as an instrument of Providence, upon his disagreements with his counsel and upon his alleged belief that there was a conspiracy of influential men against him.

The former testimony of Dr. Britton D. Evans was reviewed by the District Attorney. At the present hearing Dr. Evans said he thought the prisoner sane now. Since the present proceedings began Thaw and his attorney and Dr. Evans himself have made special efforts to explain the expert's changed views.

* * *

Alienists To Consider All.

Justice Mills granted Mr. Jerome's request that all the evidence from which he had read, whether in whole or in part, might be considered by the people's alienists in making their report. The District Attorney said that he proposed to submit to his experts the hypothetical question used at the second trial, with certain portions of the question prepared by Thaw's attorneys.

Mr. Jerome finished at 3:10 o'clock, and then called Dr. Baker as the first of his alienists. The witness read from the hospital case book. This record said Thaw's heart, hearing and eyesight were normal, and that he had been "accustomed to a life of luxury and idleness." At the time of the entry, February 2, 1908, the record said Thaw laughed and talked in a "silly manner" about his trial and acquittal, then just ended, but this phrase was not allowed in the evidence.

"He appears to be amused by what he thinks was a clever work by his physicians and lawyers at the trial," continued the record. "He admits that the evidence offered shows that he was insane, but says that the District Attorney was not in possession of the true facts in the case and able to refute it."

* * *

His Manner Pompour.

"He greets one," went on the record, "in a very silly and pompous manner."

Dr. Baker said Thaw exhibited defective memory, having forgotten the date of his marriage. After the first examination at Matteawan the patient refused to discuss the killing of White, referring the doctors who wanted to interrogate him to his lawyers. During the first month he insisted that he would be kept there for thirty days only, under observation, and then released on a writ of habeas corpus.

Perverted practices, Thaw told Dr. Baker, were no more evidence of insanity than taking a cordial after dinner. His attitude as regards the shooting of White apparently underwent little change at the asylum. Once he explained that the shooting resulted from the same state of mind that occurs in any ordinary individual when placed on the brink of a precipice. He said that he was insane only during the moments of the shooting. When Thaw had been in the institution a month, Dr. Baker told him that he had noted certain abnormal signs in his conduct and could set no date for his probable release.

Dr. Baker read entries in the case made on twenty or thirty different occasions during the last sixteen months. From these it appeared that after the first two months Thaw refused to answer any questions at all, "on advice of his counsel."

* * *

Abnormal Behavior.

From his notebook Dr. Baker told of various incidents, including Thaw's refusal to accept mail addressed to him, his refusal to see his wife until told that Mr. Morschauser had sent her and his insolent and domineering actions toward the physicians and attendants.

Last fall the prison authorities searched Thaw's pockets when he was asleep and the next day he offered $500 reward for the detection of anyone tampering with his clothes. The results of this search appeared in court to-day when Dr. Baker handed in as evidence about thirty newspaper clippings. They were not read, but Mr. Jerome made a statement as to their subject matter.

Mr. Morschauser weakened the force of this exhibition by making the witness testify that in all he had found nearly 200 clippings in Thaw's pockets and that they were on various subjects. He said he had brought the thirty to court because he thought they all had bearing on the case. Justice Mills told him to bring the others to-morrow.

* * *

Thaw To Take Stand.

When court adjourned for the day Mr. Morschauser was trying to make Dr. Baker admit that a musical at the hospital not long ago was arranged for the purpose of leading Thaw to make a fool of himself. Thaw refused to attend the affair.

Mr. Jerome expects to be through with the State's alienists to-morrow and Thaw's lawyer will put his client on the stand, possibly late to-morrow afternoon.

MRS. MARY THAW

Granted Postponement In Examination In Hartridge Suit.

New York, Aug. 2.—Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw's presence at the hearing in White Plains on the sanity of her son, Harry K. Thaw, was given as the reason for the postponement to-day of her examination in the suit of Clifford W. Hartridge, Thaw's former attorney, for a total of nearly $200,000 claimed for services and disbursements in connection with Thaw's cases. It was stated that the attorneys for the parties had agreed to defer the examination until some time in September, the date to be fixed later. After the proceedings in White Plains are over, Mrs. Thaw is said to contemplate a trip which will keep her away from New York to the end of the summer.

"NEAR BEER" TAX DOUBLED IN GEORGIA.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 2.—The House to-day, by a vote of 87 to 67, incorporated in the general tax law the increase in "near beer" taxation doubling the State license fees, making them $1,000 annually for wholesalers and $500 for retailers. The Senate has yet to act on this measure.

CUSTOMS COURT

President Expects To Name Samuel Powers

AS ONE OF THE EXPERTS ON TARIFF.

M. H. THATCHER, OF LOUISVILLE, MENTIONED.

OPPOSITION TO TWO MEN.

Washington, Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Speculation as to the personnel of the United States Court of Custom Appeals is already rife here. There will be five Judges, all of whom will be appointed by the President. While Mr. Taft has given no intimation as to the identity of the men he will select, it is generally understod that former Representative Samuel Powers, of Boston, may be one of them. Mr. Powers has the backing of both Senators Lodge and Crane, and has an intimate knowdege of the tariff. He spent much of his time in Washington during the framing of the Payne-Aldrich bill, in the interests of several Massachusetts firms.

Marion Devries, president of the Board of General Appraisers of New York, who has been the chief expert employed by the Senate Finance Committee, may be stated as one of the judges. Mr. Devries was formerly a member of Congress from California. He is a Democrat, and is admittedly one of the best-posted men in the United States on the practical working of the tariff laws.

Thaddeus Sharrets, also a member of the Board of Appraisers, is mentioned for appointment.

Merchants who remain in Washington are bitterly opposed to the appointment of either Devries or Sharrets. Several of them intend to ask President Taft to refrain from selecting them, regardless of any representations that may be made by Senator Aldrich or other members of the Finance Committee. They contend that these two Government employes were largely responsible for the phraseology in the Payne-Aldrich bill which, on the surface, appears innocent, but which in many instances will result in increases.

M. H. Thatcher, of Louisville, is also spoken of in connection with one of the places. If he concludes to go out after the place he will receive the solid support of the Kentucky Republican Congressmen.

* * *

Morgan Statue Wanted.

Alabama Congresamen hope that at the present session of the Alabama Legislature provision will be made for the placing of a statue of the late John T. Morgan in Statuary Hall at the Capitol. Idaho is the fourth State west of the Mississippi River to be honored with representation in Statuary Hall.

A few days ago the statue which the State has picked to stand among the likenesses of the country's great men, which appear in this part of the Capitol, arrived in Washington. Singularly enough, it came at the same time as the statues of Washington and Lee.

It is that of George L. Shoup, one of the strong men of the Far West. He is comparatively little known to the eastern part of the country, but in his own State he had a most distinguished career. He was the first Territorial Governor of Idaho, the first Governor of the State after it was admitted, and was one of the two first Senators to represent the State in the upper House.

The Shoup statue was sent here from Rome. It is the work of Prof. F. E. Triebel, of Peoria, an American sculpnor of reputation, who has to his credit such works as the Iowa State monument on the battlefield of Shiloh, and statues of Logan, Ingersoll and a long list of the country's eminent men. The statue is now in the possession of Superintendent Woods, and later will be located in statuary hall with appropriate ceremonies.

* * *

Keifer's Kick.

"What's the matter with Keifer?" asked one House member of another to-day. "How is it he's left the reservation? I didn't suppose he ever would be an insurgent."

"Why, I thought everyone knew about that," was the answer. "Keifer's the only man in the United States who's kicking because the tariff hasn't been made high enough. He thinks it's too law, and he won't stand for it."

* * *

Washington Notes.

A bill introduced by Representative Maynard, of Virginia, provides for the preliminary survey of seven national highways. One, to be called the Grant Highway, it is proposed, shall start at Washington and end at San Diego, Cal., and shall run through Kentucky.

* * *

Both of the Indiana Senators are to speak on the conference report. Senator Beveridge resents sharply the liberties the conferees took with his tobacco amendment, and it is understood his remarks are to be decidedly caustic.

* * *

Senator Bradley has recommended R. M. Galloway for Postmaster at Gill, in Metcalfe county.

* * *

Postmasters have been appointed for Kentucky as follows: Gander, Letcher county, Sarah Barton, vice H. Banks, resigned; Glover, Metcalfe county, John W. Hill, vice J. S. Barton, resigned.

Your "to let" ad. is really working for you, if it's in today's paper.

SPEED GIVEN JUDGMENT AGAINST CLUB.

Pope Speed, a saloonkeeper and ex-police captain under the present administration, has given judgment for $27.50 in Magistrate O'Connor's court yesterday against Allen Green, president of the "Don't Worry Club," a colored Republican organization, for money which Speed loaned to the club to furnish a clubroom at 1215 Grayson street. Speed will next proceed to collect the judgment.

When the club was first organized, its leaders believed that they would soon have enough money to repay the loan. In accordance with their principle and name, however, they refrained from worrying about the matter, and recently their property was taken over by John Hawkes, a colored janitor at the courthouse.

NEGRO CHARGED WITH ROBBING DENTAL COMPANY.

James Mitchell, colored, who was arrested by Detectives Stultz and Rosenfeld on the charge of housebreaking, was presented in the Police Court yesterday, and his case was continued. Mitchell is alleged to have entered the Louisville Dental Laboratory and Testing Company, where he is employed, in the Masonic building, and taking over $3,000 worth of property, including practically everything that could be taken from the premises and comprising dental supplies, instruments, mirrors, stamps and a typewriter.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY

INCORPORATED

BULLETIN:

WHEREAS, The Board of Trade of the City of Louisville, Kentucky, through its Board of Directors, has taken up the question of telephone rates to be charged by the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company in the City of Louisville; and,

WHEREAS, It is the desire of both the Board of Trade and the Telephone Company that the rates charged shall be fair and equitable, and shall be adjusted in accordance with proper business principles.

THEREFORE, It is mutually agreed as follows:

FIRST—The Board of Trade, through its Board of Directors, has appointed a committee of citizens, consisting of George Gaulbert, Attilla Cox, William R. Belknap, Marion E. Taylor and Logan C. Murray, who, acting as a committee representing the Board of Trade of the City of Louisville, and the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, shall investigate fully the facts and determine what shall be reasonable and fair rates to be charged telephone users in the City of Louisville by the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, for a period of three years, beginning the first day of July, 1907; and at the end of this period, at the instance of either the Board of Trade of the City of Louisville, or the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, another committee of five shall be selected in like manner, who shall determine the rates to be charged for another three years, under like conditions and terms as specified in this contract.

SECOND—The Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company hereby binds itself to abide by the report of said committee and agrees to put into effect on the first day of July whatever rates said committee shall determine to be fair and equitable both to the company and its patrons; and maintain the same for a period of three years; and the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company further agrees and binds itself in the event the rates determined by said committee shall be less than the rates now charged, to refund to its patrons all amounts it may have collected between January 1 and July 1, 1907, from its patrons in excess of the rates in force on March 31, 1907. AND THE DIRECTORS OF THE BOARD OF TRADE HEREBY OBLIGATE THEMSELVES TO ABIDE BY AND RECOMMEND WHATEVER RATES SAID COMMITTEE SHALL DETERMINE TO BE FAIR AND EQUITABLE, AND AGREE TO USE THEIR INFLUENCE TO PROTECT SAID RATES IN ALL REASONABLE AND PROPER WAYS DURING SAID PERIOD OF THREE YEARS.

THIRD—The Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company further agrees that it will afford said committee all the assistance desired by it in determining what rates shall be charged; and to this end, agrees that all of its books, accounts, vouchers, receipts and other papers shall be freely exhibited to said committee or its representatives, and agrees that no fact or paper of any kind or description in its possession, or under its control, shall be withheld from said committee; but, on the contrary, shall be exhibited to said committee or its representatives at all times during the investigation to be made by said committee.

And it is further agreed that all reasonable and proper opportunity shall be afforded the committee to make its investigation, and the company to submit facts and arguments and full opportunity shall be given to both parties to fully investigate any fact or circumstance that may be developed and which either party may wish to verify or explain—it being the purpose and intention of this agreement to avoid all technicalities and to ascertain the real truth in justice both to the Company and its patrons.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, This agreement has been signed on this, the 18th day of April, 1907, by the president of the Board of Trade of the City of Louisville, Kentucky, for the directors of said Board of Trade; and, by the president of the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, for and on its behalf.

THE BOARD OF TRADE OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
(Seal) By W. W. HITE, President.
CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY,
By JAMES E. CALDWELL, President.

Expenses Incurred by the Louisville Board of Trade in Investigating Rates of the CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

May 20-29, 1907—For services W. J. Munster, extracting financial condition and earnings of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co., and of the Louisville division of said company, with sundry other information for the committee as per agreement	$250 00
Railroad, Cincinnati to Louisville and Nashville, including parlor car	$10 00
Hotel, Louisville, May 20, and meals	4 50
Hotel, Nashville, May 20-29, and meals	36 00
Railroad, Nashville to Cincinnati, $9.00; sleeper, $2.00; porter, 25c	11 25
June 11, 1907—Fare to Louisville and return, $7.00; sleeper and return, $3.00; porter, 50c	10 50
Breakfast and supper in Louisville	1 10—$ 73 35
Total expense	$323 35

Received of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co. $323.35, to cover expense of investigating committee selected by the Board of Trade to investigate the rates charged for service in the City of Louisville.
LOUISVILLE BOARD OF TRADE,
(Signed) By James F. Buckner, Jr.,
September 12, 1907. Superintendent.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 16, 1907.

Gentlemen:

The undersigned, a special committee appointed by the Board of Trade and accepted by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company as a committee to investigate as to what constitutes a fair and reasonable rate for the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company to charge for its SERVICE IN THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE, now beg to report:

First—After considering the subject carefully and ascertaining all the facts bearing on it which could be obtained from trustworthy sources, notably by sixteen meetings held at Board of Trade rooms, beginning April 3; by frequent personal conferences with the officers and more expert employes of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, and by a thorough examination of the books and accounts of said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, at the hands of an expert accountant, selected by the committee, viz., W. J. Munster, of Cincinnati, we find that the average net yield to said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company from its investment in the city of Louisville, since it acquired ownership of the Louisville property seven years ago, has been but 4.14 per cent. per annum.

Second—That the rates for telephone service in the city of Louisville proposed and put into effect by said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company March 1, 1907, are proper and reasonable, because they will not yield to said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company more than a fair and equitable earning on its investments in the city of Louisville.

Third—The committee further declares that the rate or rates for the various classes of telephone service in the city of Louisville put into effect by said Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company March 1, 1907, should be maintained as a rate for such service for the three years beginning July 1, 1907.

This report is predicated on the promise and agreement of the company to give the best possible service to its subscribers and to most approved devices and appliances for the transmission of messages. Respectfully submitted,

MARION E. TAYLOR, Chairman;
WILLIAM R. BELKNAP,
ATTILLA COX,
GEORGE GAULBERT,
LOGAN C. MURRAY.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 16, 1908.—President and Directors Louisville Board of Trade—Gentlemen: The special committee provided for by resolution of the Board of Directors, August 26, 1908, to make investigation as to the complaint of Mr. C. M. Bullitt that the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company was unfairly raising its rates for service in this city, and was discriminating in rates amongst its patrons, etc., have to report that they have carefully made inquiry as to the facts and have failed to find a single instance in which said telephone company has charged a rate for any of the various classes of telephone service other than was determined by the old committee of the Board of Trade (which agreement was to determine the rate for a term of three years) in its report submitted to the Board of Directors of the Board of Trade September 4, 1907, nor have we found any discrimination as between patrons except that the increase in rates allowed by the old committee was not made by the telephone company to apply to all patrons at the same time, for the reason, as stated by the company, that there were outstanding contracts between the company and its patrons which expired at different times, and for the further reason that it was not feasible for the company to at once so alter its rules as to make the new rates apply to all patrons at the same date.

In regard to whether the rates determined upon by the old committee, under the agreement entered into between the Board of Directors and the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company in April, 1907, are fair and reasonable, your committee have only to say that the old committee appears to have made a most thorough investigation of the whole subject, their inquiry extending through five months, during which time they held sixteen meetings; had before them for interrogation officers and employes of the Telephone Company, and others, and the assistance of a high-grade expert accountant employed by the committee, and we have nothing before us on which we can base an opinion that the old committee erred in its conclusion.

Your committee desires to call your attention to the fact that under the agreement with the Telephone Company, the rates fixed by the old committee were to stand for three years from July 1, 1907, and that about one-half of that time has now expired. If at the expiration of the full period of three years it is found that the profits of the Telephone Company, after careful and economical conducting of its business, have been greater than should be allowed, the rates and charge for the future can be intelligently adjusted.

We ask that this report be received and filed, and that the committee be discharged.

Respectfully submitted,
MARION E. TAYLOR, Chairman;
WILLIAM R. BELKNAP,
LOGAN C. MURRAY,
HARDY BURTON,
CHARLES EARL CURRIE.

Courier-Journal.

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TUESDAY........AUGUST 3, 1909

"Business."

Monday Evening, August 2.—The New York stock market was active and generally strong, many issues touching new high levels, and the close showing some material advances. Northern Pacific, Southern Pacific and steel common were very prominent.

Money on call was easy at 1¾ to 2 per cent., ruling at 2. Time loans were very dull and firm at 2½ to 4 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady.

Ideal weather for the maturing crop in the Northwest was assigned as the cause for the weakness in the Chicago wheat market. Final prices showed net losses of ⅝c to 1c. Corn and oats closed weak, but provisions were firm.

The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 4 to 13 points and after the publication of the Government crop report advanced in a sensational manner and closed 14 to 24 points higher than opening prices. The feature was the Government report, which showed the condition of the crop as 71.9 per cent., as compared with 74.2 per cent. last month and 83 per cent. last year, and the lowest August condition ever reported.

The Chicago cattle market was steady to a shade higher, the hog market 5c to 10c higher and the sheep market strong.

The Fire In Osaka.

When the construction of Japanese cities is considered the wonder is not that one of them has just been devastated by fire, but that any of them escape. The statement that many insurance companies may fail as a result of the disaster at Osaka is made. The wonder is that it is possible to insure even a well-constructed building in a city of tinder-box houses and narrow streets.

Osaka was "the Birmingham of Japan"—a city of modern factories in a medieval setting. During the boom in commercial activity that began with the Russo-Japanese War, and continued for a time after the conclusion of peace, Osaka was among the proudest of the Sunflower Kingdom's exhibits of progress and westernization. It has been said recently that in building modern industrial Osaka the Japanese "overplayed," and that the resultant stagnation constituted a serious problem to capitalists. Had the conflagration been confined to narrower limits and the loss covered by insurance, the anti-Japanese Europeans in Japan might have been expected to intimate that the result was not engulfing disaster to the business community, but at this distance there seems to be no reason to reach such a conclusion or harbor such a suspicion when the city as a whole rather than the factory district has suffered.

The factories of Osaka included many buildings constructed according to the most modern plans. Presumably these and the smaller and poorly constructed establishments, together with retail and residence streets, suffered alike. If the city is to be rebuilt a profit in experience will doubtless be shown in building restrictions to lessen the danger of loss from fire. Business conditions in Japan are such to-day that speculation as to whether Osaka will rise from her ashes a greater "Imperial City" is doubtless being indulged in by the foreign contingent. Foreigners have become antagonistic to all Japanese enterprise because the programme of the Japanese looks to the eventual elimination of the foreigner from the industrial equation, and the abolition of the "foreign settlement," unpopular because of race prejudice and equally so because of the desire of the Japanese Government and people to get all sources of profit within the empire into native hands.

The nature of Osaka's recovery will be observed with interest by outsiders. If San Francisco grit and enterprise are shown one result will be an excellent advertisement of the Japanese spirit. If a large insurance should be collected and the city fail to transform disaster into progress the European business community in Japan would doubtless weep few—or crocodile—tears.

The heroic efforts of the Japanese to keep pace with the greatest Powers in industry and commerce—to equal their military renown by the success of shop, mill, factory and merchant marine—compel admiration, if the "plunger" methods of the Imperial Government in granting subsidies and increasing taxation create doubt as to the outcome. Recent attacks upon the business morals of the Japanese and criticism of their ability in the field of modern industrial endeavor, are to be accounted for to a certain extent by the fact that the considerable foreign element in that country "views with alarm" the future that may perhaps mean the reduction of the foreign business man to a position of less importance.

The sympathy of the disinterested will be with Osaka, and with Japan, and the world will hope that where there are now four square miles of ruins there will soon be an equal area of buildings so constructed as to reduce "physical risk" from fire.

Slavery In America To-day.

Captains of Protected Industry know very well that the system of protectionism is a system of slavery which may not inaptly be compared with the institution of African slavery that existed before Abraham Lincoln proclaimed the emancipation of 4,000,000 negroes, inaugurating a new epoch in the history of the Union, which his genius as a statesman saved and made glorious. It is in the heat of anger, and not in the light of dispassionate analysis, that exponents of protectionism attack as fantastic comparisons of the slavery of to-day in America with that of antebellum times. Let those who smart under the indictment turn to the observations of John Bigelow upon the tariff, in a letter to the Reform Club of New York. In reprinting an excerpt from Mr. Bigelow's paper, the "Outlook" calls attention to the fact that the writer is ninety-two years old; that he has an intimate knowledge of American affairs as a lawyer, publicist and statesman; that he was Consul to Paris for a dozen years and Minister to France for three years; that from 1875 to 1877 he was Secretary of State in New York. It may be added that he is an independent student of conditions in this country. At his age he is asking favor of no one and cannot be accused of self-interest or self-advertisement. The late Robert G. Ingersoll once undertook to discuss a delicate question because, as he explained, everyone else who engaged in public speaking was in public office or hoped to be, and, therefore, he alone could be depended upon to be candid. Mr. Bigelow is as free as was Col. Ingersoll.

"Hamilton," says Mr. Bigelow, "apologized to the nation for proposing a tariff of seven and one-half per cent. upon a list of articles that did not occupy the whole of one side of a letter sheet. That was in 1792." The trend of tariff schedules has been upward and outward since that time.

Here is what Mr. Bigelow has to say of the situation to-day:

"We have before us in the tariff precisely the same issue that confronted us in the rebellion of 1861. The Southern planter wanted slave labor for its cheapness. . . . The result was that we had . . . to get rid of the unrighteous three-fifths protection which the Constitution had given to the slave-holding planters by a long and bloody war. To me it appears that protection is even more firmly fixed in its saddle than ever slavery was, because the property it gives to the protected every year exceeds the total value of the slave property of the United States when it was at its maximum. . . . What motive had the Southern planter to go to war for the protection of slavery that the Republican party has not a far greater to fight for protection?"

And what of the aristocracy of Southern planters as compared to the oligarchy of Eastern manufacturers? The Southern plantation was essentially a gentleman's country seat. If the conditions of life were too easy for the master and his household, breeding a spirit of arrogance unsuited to the aims and ideals of a Republic, they were not exceptionally hard for the slaves. The plantation darkey was wrongfully kept in bondage—as Northerner and Southerner agree to-day—but his temperament was a buffer between his bonds and his flesh. His songs in the cotton field and at the hemp break were heard oftener than the tale of his sufferings as told by himself.

Leading the life of his cavalier ancestors, and cherishing the brightest ideals of a vanishing age of chivalry the planter of the Old South was an ideal master. He was always an ideal friend and host. His hospitality was bounded only by the yield of his land where the soil "needed but little coaxin'." Often it was not limited even in that way. Through too much breaking of bread with the neighbors from the countryside, and visitors who let the weeds choke the pathway that led them from the tight and thrifty North to a greener land, many an overlord between the Valley of Virginia and the Gulf wrought his own ruin.

The conditions of life in the Old South during the days of African slavery produced a literature depicting the manners and customs of the aristocracy. They produced another dwelling upon the love of the master for the slave, the loyalty of the slave to the master and the survival of cordial relations between the "niggers" and their "white folks" after the sea of blood that rolled from Sumter to Appomatox had engulfed slavery, settling a vexed question at a considerable cost to the disputants.

If the aristocracy of the South rested upon the wrong foundation it at least vindicated itself to a degree by being fairly respectable and altogether picturesque. It was not blood-sucking in its efforts to acquire wealth. It was neither niggardly nor vulgar in its expenditures. Its idiosyncrasy was hospitality, its ideal the home. It never made itself or its country ridiculous or contemptible in the eyes of the world. It was distinguished by good taste, by repose, by an inherited refinement, by a culture proved by true gentleness rather than by university degrees and a record of personally-conducted tours to the wonders of the world. Its homes were neither cottages nor castles. There was little dissipation and little divorce. There were good families, but there was no Smart Set, depending upon yellow journalism for life-blood and upon the spectacle of money-scattering for its entertainment.

The slave drivers of the present time rob the consumer of $2,100,000,000 when they dole out to the Government $300,000,000 in revenues, as was shown by Senator Dolliver the other day. Taken by and large, they are a set of hopeless vulgarians. As a part of the social fabric of the United States they reflect as much discredit upon our civilization as upon our pretentions to democracy. They would scorn to live as the planters lived before the war. A simple pillared mansion-house was by no means a Newport cottage or even an Adirondack "camp." A few negroes loafing about the kitchen and stables—feeding like the locusts upon the bounty of their master—were not a retinue of servants as compared to the corps of trained flunkies that serve the multimillionaire. There were no palaces in the South. There was no aping of foreign royalty and no angling for titles.

If we had only to consider the spectacle made of all of us by the newly rich beneficiaries of the tariff spending their money there would be small cause for a protest. They might bargain for titles for their daughters, divorce their middle-aged wives to marry prima donnas or serpentine dancers, shunt themselves into the next world in motor car wrecks, and otherwise divert themselves according to their own ideas. The ground for a reasonable objection is that the consumer foots their bills. He does so at an inconvenient expense. He is robbed daily—and several times a day—to support a class which "blows" the proceeds as vulgarly as a train robber spends his "swag." That, now and then, a tariff baron builds a church, a hospital or a university is small compensation. The people could build their own colleges and hospitals and universities at less expense.

The captains of protected industry are a class of sordid grafters compared with whom Boss Tweed and his lieutenants were children, and compared with whom Capt. Kidd was an altruist.

The Way It Works.

The curious system prevails in Great Britain of passing enacting resolutions with respect to all fiscal proposals emanating from the Government and of such a character as to affect the incidence of existing duties. When a Chancellor of the Exchequer introduces his new measure such provisions as could be forestalled during the progress of a long debate are immediately passed, although the budget itself in its entirety may be, as is at present the case, very much "up in the air," and in momentary danger of defeat. It is, of course, obvious that some enabling arrangement of this character is of prime necessity in a country whose financial conventions are liable to revision year by year. If, for example, a project to increase the tax on tea by 50 per cent. was hung up indefinitely, as would be the case on this side, importers would have no trouble defeating its object by so increasing their stocks in anticipation as to render its benefits inoperative.

This preliminary excursion is by way of explanation to the fact that, before the budget has been safely steered through committee, the British people, and the House of Commons in particular, are furnished with an opportunity to discern, by the actual operation of some of its provisions, just how theories work out in practice. And the lesson which is thus presented in this timely way is not without its practical bearing in America, not only because a staple American crop is substantially affected, but because an object lesson is provided of how a prohibitive increase in customs duties is automatically reflected in the consumption of the article in question and in the consequent reaction on the revenue.

The complaint which is made touches for the present the trade in beer, spirits and tobacco, in all of which the diminution in consumption is very marked. For our purpose, however, it will be sufficient to consider tobacco. Says one of the largest distributors in London: "The consumption of tobacco has decreased 20 per cent. since the introduction of the budget; the returns of tobacco cleared from bond during June show a decrease of half a million pounds from last year. Many manufacturers laid in extra stocks before the budget, but the increased duty has most to do with the decrease. I find that the turnover of most retail tobacconists is stationary (where it does not show a decline), consequently a less weight of tobacco has been sold." In other words smokers are spending as much money as they did, but it doesn't go as far, its purchasing power has been reduced; and the cost of living, if tobacco may be included among its items, as we believe it should be, has been sensibly raised. The average man has had to economize the material and make a little go a long way.

One more quotation, and this one official. The secretary of the Wholesale Tobacconists' Protection Association writes: "The total weight of tobacco cleared for home consumption during May and June amounts to 14,232,719 pounds, a falling off of 2,639,021 pounds from last year (approximately 15 2-3 per cent.)" And he adds significantly: "These figures furnish a conclusive proof of the futility of attempting to obtain additional revenue by imposing increased taxation on an already overtaxed commodity."

It must be borne in mind that for several years past Great Britain's consumption of tobacco has been steadily and notably climbing, and, inasmuch as her days of business depression are passing, there is no conceivable reason for the sudden and marked change other than the one advanced. Coming at a time of greatly increased tobacco acreage in Kentucky, this will be bad news, particularly in the western and southwestern part of the State, where Great Britain is easily the best customer. Clearly the point has been reached beyond which the duty ceases to be remunerative, and where the $280,000,000 of tobacco tax may begin to shrink.

The State Fair.

The time of the annual Kentucky State Fair is drawing near. It is promised that the exhibition will surpass all previous fairs and there is every reason to believe the promise will be made good. Last year the grounds were in bad condition and the buildings in a measure were incomplete. It was necessary to rush things in order to hold the fair on the new grounds and there was lack of time for preparation. While there was a good deal of crudity in some respects, the exhibition was creditable and the attendance was large. This year there has been time for more effective work and when the fair opens on September 13 the buildings and grounds will be in splendid condition. The natural beauty of location will be enhanced by the art of the landscape gardener and the general attractiveness will leave little to be desired.

Louisville in past years has presented many attractions in the way of expositions, musical festivals and other enterprises for the amusement and edification of visitors to the city. None of them, however, has proven so popular as the State Fair. While there have been some drawbacks to every meeting so far, the attendance has been uniformly large and the interest manifested has been such as to indicate great possibilities for the future. Now that the fair has a permanent home and is susceptible of being made bigger and better with every succeeding year, there is every assurance that it will become a great and abiding institution to which the city of Louisville and the State of Kentucky may alike "point with pride."

The people of Kentucky have shown their appreciation. The citizens of Louisville have taken a commendable interest. Other States have sent visitors and exhibits. All this has been accomplished under circumstances none too favorable. Now that all things are propitious we should have a greater fair than ever before. The exhibition this fall should be a record breaker, both in displays and in attendance. A permanently successful yearly meeting will prove a great stimulus to agriculture and horticulture, to domestic arts and to livestock industry. Kentucky has all the constituent elements that are requisite to the make-up of a great fair and Kentucky's fair should be second to none. In time its scope should be widened. New features of interest should be added from year to year, thus supplying something novel or something different for every meeting. The growth and future needs of the fair should be a subject of careful and intelligent consideration.

With better facilities for reaching the grounds, which will come about in the course of time, the fair should be one of Louisville's beauty spots, a place to be visited and enjoyed by the public at large and to be admired by the stranger within the gates. In this way it would be an important adjunct to the city's already splendid park system.

The meeting in September will be the most important in the fair's history. If it be, as is hoped and expected, the most successful, the future greatness of the fair will be assured. To make this assurance doubly sure every citizen of Louisville should endeavor to do something in aid of the Kentucky State Fair.

The Baltimore News, commenting upon the Squire Grannan decision in the Senator Stone case, says the patron has a right to boss a dining-car waiter because the public pays his salary. The householder pays his cook. But does he contradict her when she says she did not fry the steak? No-siree! He begs her pardon.

Prominent among the Common People last autumn was the man who voted the Republican ticket, sincerely believing that there would be a material downward revision of the tariff. "The fool was stripped to h's foolish hide."

Joy riding in balloons has originated in St. Louis. Chicago had as well admit that the growing village on the west bank of the muddy Mississippi stands near the head of the procession in the progress march.

A New York woman who represented herself as a cook has stolen $40,000. There is nothing like cultivating the appearance of wealth and independence when seeking to acquire both.

Whom the Lord loveth He chasteneth. But whom the standpatter in Congress loveth to represent he handeth a brand new tariff law increasing the sum of subsidies.

With the slogan "boycott the trusts" no one should find fault except those who confess themselves unable to get along without food, clothing and other necessities.

There's only one joker in the ordinary deck of playing cards, but the interests have evidently stocked the tariff bill with about fifty-one.

A new picture of the new Shah of Persia shows him rowing a small boat. The former Shah was recently advised to paddle his own canoe.

In the case of Dr. Nuttall a precedent is established. The accused must be allowed ten days in which to prepare to avoid arrest.

King Alfonso would probably be ashamed to say how little he would take to give up the king business if it could be done with dignity.

Osaka was called the Birmingham of Japan. The fire moves her up to the position of the Chicago of Japan.

CHOICE PLUMS

For "Uncle Joe's" "Angel Children" Predicted.

INSURGENTS MUST WAIT FOR SECOND TABLE.

WHEN THE CHAIRMANSHIPS ARE HANDED OUT.

VREELAND IN FOWLER'S PLACE

Washington, Aug. 2.—A choice selection of committee assignments is to be handed out by Speaker Cannon this week. It is impossible to verify this statement by anything that is said by those "prominently" mentioned for certain chairmanships, but the fact remains that faithful service and fidelity to the Speaker and Republican "regulars" are probably to be rewarded before the special session adjourns.

It is not likely that there will be any time for speeches as to the merits of the Speaker's assignments, but this does not indicate that the members of the House are not personally more interested in "Uncle Joe's" programme than they have been in the tariff.

When certain Republicans waged war on the rules which the "regulars" wanted adopted at the beginning of the extra session the "insurgents" were fully aware that if the fight was lost the members defeated would not be likely to get choice berths on the committees.

Therefore these "insurgents" will not be disappointed, but there are a number of "regulars" who will of necessity be considerably grieved, as there is a relatively small limit to the number of chairmanships to be dealt out by the Speaker.

Representative Charles N. Fowler, of New Jersey, was chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency during the last Congress, but Mr. Fowler incurred the displeasure of Mr. Cannon by "insurging" against the rules very early in the season, and a little later added to this displeasure by actually coming out as a candidate for Speaker against Uncle Joe.

* * *

Vreeland For Banking.

It is therefore in the nature of things congressional that a new chhirman will be named. It is no secret about the House that Representative Vreeland, of New York, is the Speaker's choice.

Mr. Vreeland was not even a member of the Banking and Currency Committee during the last session, and his appointment will therefore open the way for the Speaker to make other appointments where the member named for chairman has not served on the committee of which he will become the head. As a result many aspirants who are ranking members of their committees are very much concerned lest their aspirations be in vain.

This situation applies especially to the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee, of which "Col. Pete" Hepburn was chairman for a number of years. Vice President Sherman was next in rank to Hepburn, but his promotion to President of the Senate leaves Representative Wanger, of Pennsylvania, as the ranking member. However, Representative Mann, of Illinois, one of the stalwarts of the House, ranks next to Mr. Wanger and has been a most active member of the Commerce Committee.

* * *

Plum For Mann.

Mr. Mann is said to be the choice of the Speaker for chairman. That the Speaker has decided to give Mann the place seems to be indicated by the number of special favors that have been showered on Wanger during the special session. The Speaker has on several occasions turned the gavel over to the Pennsylvanian and has recognized him in other ways calculated to show the Speaker's good will.

Should the Speaker see fit, he may apply the same programme to the Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads and the Judiciary Committee, both of which will be very active during the next session. Representative Gardner, of New Jersey, is the ranking member of the former, but Representative Dwight, of New York, who is the Republican whip, has been spoken of as a strong possibility for the chairmanship of this committee, although he declares that he is not seeking it.

Representative Parker, of New Jersey, is the ranking member of the Judiciary Committee, of which former Representative Jenkins, of Wisconsin, was the chairman. Representative Moon, of Pennsylvania, who has headed the committee that has had charge of the revision of the laws, stands an even chance with Parker, since the work of revising the laws has been completed.

* * *

Oil For Troubled Waters.

Conservative members of the majority, however, contend that the Speaker cannot afford at this time to create further enmity by ignoring ranking members of committees in selecting the chairmen. It is said, therefore, that Representatives Gardner and Parker will get the Post-office and Judiciary Committees respectively.

An entirely different statute governs the appointment of a chairman for the Insular Affairs Committee. Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin, who was chairman of this committee during the last Congress, is still a member of the House, but he was one of those who voted against the "Cannon rules," and is therefore scheduled to lose. It is generally conceded that Representative Olmstead, Pennsylvania, will supercede Cooper.

The Committee on Rivers and Harbors, which is one of the most sought after plums among the committee assignments, offers a more unique situation than any of the other committees. When Theodore E. Burton was elected United States Senator from Ohio, the chairmanship of this committee was left vacant.

Representative Acheson, of Pennsylvania, who was the next in rank on the committee has retired from Congress, leaving Representative Alexander, of New York, as the man who would ordinarily get the berth of chairman. It is said that Mr. Alexander could have the chairmanship of the Judiciary Committee if he desired it, but he is understood to covet and probably will secure the vacancy left by Senator Burton.

The chairmanship of the Rivers and Harbors Committee, therefore, being practically settled, the fight with regard to this committee resolves itself into the efforts of various aspirants to a place on the committees. The foremost aspirant is J. Hampton Moore, Pennsylvania, one of the most earnest advocates of waterway improvements. In fact, were it not that Representative Alexander desires the place, Mr. Moore would stand a good chance of getting the chairmanship.

Others who are mentioned for this committee are Representatives Graham and Tenor, of Pennsylvania; Stevens, of Minnesota, and Cassidy, of Ohio. The last named is being put forward by Senator Burton, whose successor Cassidy is. It is said that Mr. Burton would like to keep a guiding hand on the Rivers and Harbors Committee through Mr. Cassidy.

The task of appointing committees is a momentous one for Mr. Cannon this year, because there are quite a number of members who are expected to be "disciplined," and a large number of others whose adherence to the "regulars" must be given recognition. In addition the fight on the rules is only temporarily quiescent and undoubtedly is to be resumed during the present Congress.

Points About People.

Mrs. Roy T. Yager will entertain the members of her bridge club Wednesday afternoon. He guests will include the following:

MISSES.

Josey Barclay, Mary Louise Barclay, Anna Louise Owens, Elizabeth Jefferson, Caroline Goodman, Keith Sperry, Alma Owens, Grace Dugan.

* * *

Miss Corinne Bonnie will leave Saturday to visit Mr. and Mrs. J. Lynn Frazier at their country home in Boone county.

* * *

Miss Margaret Bullitt, of Big Stone Gap, Va., who has been attending Miss Helen O'Rear's houseparty at Frankfort, leaves this morning for her home after a short visit to Miss Margaret McChord at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mrs. T. Hunt Stucky and daughter, Miss Mary Prewitt Stucky, will return to-day from a visit of several weeks to Mrs. W. O. Sweeney in Lexington.

* * *

Miss Martha Mouland Johnston returned home yesterday after a visit to Miss Lily Roy at Ellerslee.

* * *

Misses Mary Addison Walker and Jean Bruce Haldeman will leave to-day for a short visit in Crab Orchard.

* * *

Miss Lillian Netherland will entertain at dinner this evening at her country home in honor of Dr. Henry Woodard, of Charleston, W. Va.

* * *

Mrs. John B. Lewis is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. Hamilton Lewis at their country home, "Nitta Yuma."

* * *

Mrs. John G. Cecil and son, Mr. Russell Cecil; Mrs. J. Van Dyke Norman and children, John and Van Dyke Norman, Jr., leave to-day for Wianna, Mass., to spend the month of August.

* * *

Miss Eva Munn returned yesterday from Tipton, Ky., where she accompanied her grandfather, Mr. A. G. Munn.

* * *

Mr. George Symonds has returned to New York after a visit of several days to his aunt, Mrs. Mary P. Gill, at her country home at Harrod's Creek.

* * *

Mr. Prentice O'Rear, of Frankfort, is spending a few days at The Seelbach.

* * *

Messrs. Alfred and Charles Abels, of St. Louis, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Brandeis at their country home, "Ladless Hill," on the upper River road, for a visit of two weeks.

* * *

Dr. H. B. Tileston and Mrs. Tileston left Saturday for Old Point Comfort, Va., to attend the meeting of the National Association of Dental Faculties, of which Dr. Tileston is president. From Old Point they will go to Atlantic City for two weeks.

* * *

Miss Ellen Eayrs, of Cambridge, Mass., who has been visiting Miss Fanny Brandeis at her country home, "Ladless Hill," on the River road, will leave to-day to be the guest of Mrs. George Twyman Wood in the Highlands.

* * *

Mr. Steven Orendorf, who is visiting his sister, Mrs. Leonard Berry, in Lexington, will go from there to Birmingham, Ala., to accept a position.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Elwang and daughters, Misses Edith and Freda Elwang, and Miss Frances Wathen leave for Petoskey next Thursday to spend the remainder of the summer.

* * *

Mr. John B. Hundley left yesterday for a two weeks' stay in Martinsville.

* * *

Miss Sara Reubel will leave Wednesday for a visit to her sister, Mrs. James F. Combs, in Lexington.

* * *

Mr. Robert S. Conrad, of New York, arrived Friday to be the guest of his sister, Mrs. Edwin W. Daum, at her home in Kenilworth on the Bardstown road.

* * *

Miss Annie Nourse, of Frankfort, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. L. L. Anderson, 829 Fourth avenue, where she will remain for a week or ten days. From here Miss Nourse will go to Chicago for the rest of the summer.

* * *

Miss Mabel Weston will leave August 15 for a visit to friends in Nashville, Tenn.

* * *

Dr. A. A. Meder and Mrs. Meder will leave Thursday for a two weeks' stay at Atlantic City.

* * *

Miss Anne Fitz Gerald, of London, Ky., who has been the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Walker, 1121 Brook street, will leave shortly for New York with Mr. and Mrs. Walker to spend two weeks. Miss Fitz Gerald has been extensively entertained during her visit here.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hikes, of Chicago, are in the city for a few days visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Hikes, 813 Fourth avenue.

* * *

Mr. Albert Clegg and Peter B. Smith have gone to Michigan to join Mrs. F. A. Clegg and daughter for a stay of two weeks.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Mazzoni have returned home from French Lick Springs after a stay of ten days.

* * *

Mr. O. S. Kline left for Washington and New York, where he will be for a week on business, after which he will go to Atlantic City for the remainder of August.

* * *

Miss Margaret Scholtz, of Clifton, who has been visiting Miss Willie Head in Greenville, Ky., for the past three weeks, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Miss Beulah E. Turner, who is ill at the Norton Infirmary, is doing nicely.

* * *

Misses Minnie Sollberger and Emma Schlegel, of Cincinnati, are here the guests of relatives for a few weeks' visit.

* * *

The Philathea class of the First English Lutheran church entertained in honor of Mrs. E. L. Grau, of Asheville, N. C.

* * *

Messrs. Clarence and Herold Beutel gave a barge party Friday evening in honor of Mr. Thomas J. Haile, who will leave August 15 for Nashville, Tenn., to make his home.

JUDGE SUSPENDS FINE AS REWARD FOR HEROISM.

J. L. Bingle Once Saved Life of Allen Kinney's Nephew At Risk of His Own.

A deed of heroism committed several years ago lessened the penalty imposed upon J. L. Bingle in the Police Court yesterday. Bingle came to Louisville Saturday on a pleasure trip and started to Crescent Hill. He was found by Patrolman Schultz, who arrested him on the charge of drunkenness.

Attorney Allen Kinney remembered him as the man who saved John Larrabee, his nephew, from drowning when the boy fell into the river. The boy was drawn under a raft of logs and Bingle dived under after him and brought him to the surface at the risk of his own life. Mr. Kinney told this to Judge McGee, who gave Bingle a fine of $10, which he suspended on account on Bingle's heroism.

NEW TREASURER FOR STOCK EXCHANGE.

New York, Aug. 2.—Henry C. Swords, president of the Fulton Trust Company, was elected treasurer of the New York Stock Exchange to-day, to fill the unexpired term of the late Franklin W. Gilley, who died suddenly recently.

Mr. Swords is a member of the governing committee and also of the committee on admissions of the exchange, of which he became a member in 1877.

STORIES OF THE TOWN.

The other day a much perturbed man walked into a Fourth-avenue department store and mopped his forehead. Then he took off his hat and cooled his shining dome, which was nude of hirsute covering. He was perspiring freely.

"Give me the hair department," he said to the floor-walker. The latter observed his glowing pate, smiled, and told him the floor. In the haste of the daring man to get to the right part of the store, however, he made a few mistakes and had to ask again for directions, each time getting them with the accompaniment of only half-concealed smiles.

Finally he reached his destination and said, in a tone which indicated that he had committed the speech to memory: "I want some hair netting, made of real hair, and of light brown color. I think the price is 19 cents, marked down from 23."

The girl who was in charge of what is technically known as "hair goods," asked him whether it was to be about the color of his own hair, which was more or less brown—that is, that part which was visible.

"No!" he exclaimed in an irritated tone. "It isn't for me; I never used one in my life. It's for my wife!"

After that explanation all went well. The net was secured, and proved to be just what was wanted, even to the exact shade. And that proves that husbands, even though they are now and then at a disadvantage, can sometimes shop for their wives and come home with what they were sent after.

* * *

The tennis enthusiasts at Anchorage have evolved a tournament which does credit even to the inventive brain of Commissioner of Courts Eustace Williams, who is not only official handicapper, treasurer and most everything else in the club, but is also the star player of the outfit.

The tourney is a handicap arrangement, some of the players being "set back" as much as thirty points for the benefit of certain of their opponents, while others are given a start of fifteen or thirty. It is not an elimination affair, but each team plays straight through, and the standing is determined by the number of sets won and lost.

The tournament began—sh!—Sunday morning, and will last until it is finished. There are five prizes, the fifth being two cases of beer. It is said that nobody in the contest has been found who will agree to take the fifth prize if he wins it. Some well-known men, including Ossian P. Ward, Dr. Winston, David Lyman, Henry Bedinger and others, have entered the affair.

* * *

"The point of view has a lot to do with one's opinions," said a man who usually rates himself as one of the great common people. "In common with a great many others, I have heretofore regarded automobiles as the enemies of mankind, and whenever one zipped past me, leaving behind a cloud of dust and a delicate odor of gasoline, or made me jump out of my humble buggy to hold the horse if we chanced to meet it on a country road, I uttered anathemas against it that wouldn't have done for editorials in the Sunday-school Times.

"The other morning, though, I got a bid from a plutocratic friend who has a big six-cylinder car, and we drove for an hour or so over roads around the city, winding up with a spin through Cherokee Park. It was great, and the exhilaration was like nothing else I could think of. And to see the people skip out of the way as we approached was laughable, while the ludicrous spectacle presented by a darky who leaped from his wagon and rushed to the head of his sleepy-eyed mule as we went by was howlingly funny!

"I've got back on terra firma again, however, and my point of view is slowly veering back to its original position."

* * *

Whenever a railroad mogul who has been taking a flying trip through the country gets back to headquarters, meaning New York, he usually gives out an interview, typewritten, for the benefit of the reporters, on the condition of the country. The crops, the finances and politics are usually touched upon, and in the first-named division opinion as to the likelihood of big harvests of wheat and corn is always given. It is noticeable, however, that blackberries, one of the country's staples, are never mentioned.

For the benefit of those who want to know whether their regular quota of blackberry jam may be expected this year, it may be officially reported that the bushes are loaded down with luscious berries, and that the quality and the quantity are both unusually favorable for the purchaser. This announcement should cause "Jam, Unlimited," to drop thirty points.

HEARD AND SEEN IN KENTUCKY.

A Fair Candidate.

[W. J. Lampton in Thousandsticks.]

Hooray for Mary Hoskins!
 Hooray for Mary! Say,
She's out to get that office
 And has a woman's way.
Hooray for Mary Hoskins!
 She's got the nerve to run,
And men should keep their hands off
 And let her take the bun.
Hooray for Mary Hoskins!
 She is a woman, yet
No man will dare to tell her
 That she's a suffragette.
Hooray for Mary Hoskins!
 She's out to win the fight,
And win or lose, by hokey,
 You bet that she's all right.

Not Guilty.

[Thousandsticks.]

NOTICE.

State of Kentucky
vs.
County of Leslie

The affiant, Manford Collett, says that his is not guilty of taking Joe Slusher's Bacon at any time and don't know anything about who did take it. This 26, day of July, 1909.

MANFORD COLLET.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by Manford Collet. July 26, 1909.

J. M. HOWARD, C. L. C. C.

Diversified Crops.

[Mt. Olivet Tribune Democrat.]

'Squire W. H. Tilton, one of Robertson's wealthiest farmers, says he owes his success in farming to diversifying his crops—always planting a little of everything. This year he has good wheat while many have none, and he also has good crops of tobacco, corn, hay, etc. Year in and year out he has an abundance of breadstuffs for family use and always a plenty of provender for stock. It rarely happens that he hasn't a considerable surplus of both, which always find ready sale at top-notch market prices. His farm is always well stocked with horses, cattle, sheep and hogs. He never makes any one product a principal crop; therefore, he always has something to sell, and for which there is always a demand at a fair profit for time and labor expended. By the exercise of keen business foresight and correct business methods he makes the farm pay a handsome profit every year.

"PAID IN FULL" BACK ON BROADWAY.

New York, Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Wagenhals & Kemper opened the Astor Theater for the season to-night with a special production of "Paid in Full," which thus gains the distinction of a third year on Broadway. There was an exceptional cast, composed chiefly of those who had made the biggest hits in the play, though Fritz Williams and Katherine Florence appeared for the first time as Joe and Emma Brooks. It was the first serious role Williams had played and he triumphed, the author, Eugene Walter, was present and a brilliant first night audience was so enthusiastic over the performance that they demanded a speech from him.

CONCERN TO MANUFACTURE UNDTRTAKERS' SUPPLIES.

The Peerless Fluid Company filed a charter in the office of the County Clerk, listing its capital at $2,500, divided into shares of $100 each. The corporate life is to be fifty years, and the debt limit is $2,500. The company will make undertakers' supplies. The incorporators, each of whom holds five shares, are C. C. Boden and Charles H. Boden, of Louisville, and George C. Jones, of Nashville, Tenn.

ON THE FUNNYBONE.

Midsummer.

Hot!
There is no breezy spot.
 The asphalt steams
 And almost seems
To bubble like a pot.

Hot!
'Tis the one word we've got
 Of which to chin.
 But all our din
Relieves affairs no jot.

* * *

The Auto Girl.

"There's a yellow touring car at the door, miss."

"Say that I'm not at home."

"Very good, miss."

"But if a red runabout calls, say that I'll be right down."

* * *

Their Only Amusement.

"The waves dance all day; don't they?"

"Yes; they can't gossip or play bridge."

* * *

Tough Luck.

There's sorrow in the poet's glance.
 It seems a crime
To have to wear one's winter pants
 In summer time.

* * *

His Views.

"Does your old friend, who got rich, ever visit you nowadays?"

"Yes, he and his family come back to the old neighborhood occasionally. Look on the trip as a sort of slumming expedition, I think."

* * *

A Close Race.

"The brook goes on forever."

"Well, the poets are just as good at the continuous Marathon game."

* * *

Those Useless Questions.

"My brother broke his leg yesterday."

"Accidentally?"

"We presume so. He had nobody to spite."

MENU FOR A DAY.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Poached Eggs.
Saratoga Potatoes.
Scones.
Coffee.

LUNCH.
Cold Sliced Lamb.
Bean Salad.
Sponge Cakes.
Iced Tea.

DINNER.
Fruit Cocktail.
Cheese Souffle. Cream Sauce.
Summer Squash.
Lettuce and Celery Salad.
Peach Ice Cream.
Lady Fingers.
Coffee.

* * *

Recipes For Tuesday.

CHEESE SOUFFLE.

Blend one tablespoonful butter and one tablespoonful flour in a saucepan over the fire, add one-half cupful milk and stir till it boils for two minutes. Remove from fire, add seasoning of salt and pepper; then beat yolks of three eggs, add three heaping tablespoonfuls grated cheese and whites of four stiffly beaten eggs. Mix carefully and pour into a buttered tin; bake in a hot oven for twenty minutes. Serve at once.

SUMMER SQUASH.

Wash and cut in quarters. Cook in boiling salted water until tender. Drain in cheesecloth. Add butter, salt and pepper. Reheat and serve.

MISS LULA RADFORD

DIES AT THE NORTON MEMORIAL INFIRMARY.

Served As Secretary To Superintendent of Board of Trade For Twelve Years.

The funeral of Miss Lula B. Radford, who was for twelve years secretary to James F. Buckner, Jr., superintendent of the Board of Trade, will take place at her father's home, 124 West Chestnut street, at 10:30 o'clock this morning. The members of the Board of Trade will act as pallbearers and the burial will be in Cave Hill cemetery.

Miss Radford had been in ill-health for several months, but she continued at work until a month ago, when her condition became such that she was confined to her home until a week ago, when she was taken to the Infirmary for treatment. She rallied somewhat, but suffered a relapse last Friday, after which she gradually sank until death occurred. Saturday morning Miss Radford became unconscious and the end was momentarily expected after that time.

Two weeks ago when it was seen that Miss Radford's condition was serious, Mr. Buckner summoned by telegraph her sister, Mrs. R. T. Oglesby, of Chicago. Mrs. Oglesby was a passenger aboard the Monon train which was wrecked at Crawfordsville, Ind., while en route to Louisville. She received injuries about the head, but after regaining consciousness refused to be taken to a hospital and insisted upon being brought here and taken to the bedside of her sister, Miss Radford.

Miss Lula Radford was born at Bagdad, Shelby county, Ky., forty-three years ago, and was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Radford. She was educated at the Georgetown College and came to Louisville twenty-five years ago with her parents.

Twelve years ago she became secretary to the superintendent of the Board of Trade, which position she filled with credit. Her lovable traits, excellent business judgment and thorough efficiency won for her hundreds of friends.

It was said of Miss Radford that there was not a detail of the business of the Board of Trade with which she was not familiar. Her knowledge of the work, her public spirit and tireless energy assisted materially in the development of the splendid system of the institution and the success of many of the undertakings.

A number of Miss Radford's valuable suggestions have been put into effect at various times and they proved to be profitable in immeasurable degree.

Miss Radford was a devout Christian and a member of the McFerran Memorial Baptist church at Fourth avenue and Oak street. Miss Radford is survived by her father, G. H. Radford, with whom she made her home in an apartment at 124 West Chestnut street, and her sister, Mrs. R. T. Oglesby, of Chicago.

DIES FROM INJURIES CAUSED BY A TRA'N.

Jesse Lee Carroll, 18 years of age, who was struck Sunday morning by an L. and N. passenger train at a point near Highland Park, died at the city hospital at 10:45 o'clock yesterday morning.

Carroll was the son of George Carroll, of Hoertz Station, and was employed on the farm of W. K. Sterph, of that place. The funeral arrangements have not been completed.

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HAMBURG-AMERICAN
All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, etc.)
London—Paris—Hamburg.
P. Grant (new), Aug. 4 | Cincinnati, new, Aug. 21
†Kaiserin, A.V., Aug. 7 | Bluecher.....Aug. 25
Pennsylvania...Aug. 11 | †America.....Aug. 28
P.Lincoln(new)Aug. 18 | Waldersee.....Sept. 1
†Ritz Carlton a la Carte Restaurant.
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SAILING JANUARY 20, 1910
to Madeira, Spain, Mediterranean, Orient
Costing only $400 and up for 73 days.
Cruise Dept. White Star Line, N.Y., or agents



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on your vacation, read the advertisements of the Resorts, Hotels, Steamship and Railroad lines in the
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Don't fail to order the paper sent to your address while away.

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You will find the Courier-Journal on sale at the following places:
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The Atlantic Coast News Co.
The National News Co.
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Hotel Astor News Stand.
Hotel Belmont News Stand.
Hotel Knickerbocker News Stand.
Imperial Hotel.
Waldorf-Astoria.
Hotel Latham News Stand.
Broadway Theater Building.
Unique News Stand, 256 West Thirty-eighth street.
H. J. Schultz, corner Thirty-second street and Broadway.
The Plaza, Fifth avenue and Fifty-ninth street.
Arthur Hoatling, Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.
L. Jonas News Stand.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa.
Penn News Co., 810 Wharton street.
American News Co., 1600 Green street.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Becker & Orendoff, 1427 Penn. avenue.
Becker & Orendoff, New Willard.
Raleigh House.
Columbia News Co., 921 D st., N. W.
National News Agency.
B. F. Queen News Agency.
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Puget Sound News Co.
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Colorado Wholesale Newspaper Agency.
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MACKINAC ISLANDS, MICH.
L. E. Edwards.
MOUNT CLEMENS, MICH.
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CLEVELAND, OHIO.
N. Hexter, 338 Superior street.
J. S. Bushaw, 307 Superior street.
David Bloom, 181 Euclid avenue.
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Rogers Book Store, 37 Patton avenue.
Brown Book Store, 66 Patton avenue.
Mountain City Stationery Co., 23 Patton avenue.
Morris S. Schas, No. 6 South Main st.
Battery Park News Stand.
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Blanshard Bros.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D.
Cataract Book and Stationery Co.
DETROIT, MICH.
Wolverine News Co., 72 West Congress street.
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Chicago Newspaper Agency, 170 Madison street.
Auditorium Annex News Stand.
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Palmer House News Stand.
Grand Pacific Hotel News Stand.
Great Northern News Stand.
Sherman Hotel News Stand.
Fred Harvey, Dearborn-street Stand.
Truitt News Co., 11 East Taylor street.
Queen City News Co.
Post-office News Co., Seventeenth and Dearborn streets.
The safest and surest plan is to have the paper mailed direct from this office when you are located for your vacation. Daily and Sunday, 75 cents a month. No mail orders can be charged.

Alfred Austin is said to be at work on a poem to celebrate Roosevelt's visit to Africa. This is the most dangerous bit of news yet given out in connection with the great hunting trip.—[Springfield Republican.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Alexandria Bay, N. Y.
Thousand Island House
O. G. STAPLES, Owner and Proprietor.
NOW OPEN
Modern appointments, swimming pool, golf, tennis, boating, fishing and all outdoor amusements. For engagement of rooms apply to the hotel.

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On Wooded Bluff of Lake Michigan.
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Write for Booklet. E. FISHER, Propr.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Capacity 600 guests. All rooms have from 2 to 6 windows; 150 rooms have hot and cold sea-water baths; also public hot and cold sea-water baths. Hotel has entire open surroundings, large verandas, exquisite music. The table is supplied daily from our own farms and dairies. A special rate of $12.50 per week up; $2.50 daily up, American plan; $1.50 daily, European plan. Write for booklet. Coach meets all trains. CHARLES E. COPE.

New Princess Hotel
(Fireproof). Built of brick, stone and steel. South Carolina ave. and Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. Near Piers and attractions. Liberal management. Capacity 400 guests; 100 rooms, with bath, single, en suite. Spacious piazzas; elevator; excellent table; white service; orchestra. Terms, American plan $9.00 to $15.00 weekly; $2 and $3 daily. Special season and family rates. ABSOLUTELY THE FINEST HOTEL AND LOCATION FOR THE PRICE. Write for Literature. C. E. COPE, Propr.

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THREE-SIDED

Debate On the Burley Contract At Paris.

CASSIUS M. CLAY SCORES BOTH FACTIONS.

CONGRESSMAN CANTRILL QUESTIONED BY MISS LLOYD.

BIG AUDIENCE ON HAND.

Paris, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—In a tricornered oratorical battle between A. L. Ferguson and Miss Alice Lloyd, representing the Burley Tobacco Society; Congressman Campbell Cantrill, president of the American Society of Equity, and the Hon. Cassius M. Clay, representing the independent element among the tobacco growers as to the question of pooling the 1909 crop and the merits of the contract proposed by the Burley Tobacco Society, 1,000 tobacco growers packed the courthouse and cheered the speakers.

Mr. Ferguson explained the contract the growers are asked to sign; Mr. Clay scored both factions as parties to an agitation the result of which, he said, was night riding, arson and murder, the surrendering of the people's liberties under the Constitution, their legal rights in the courts and abject submission to midnight marauders whose arguments were the torch, whip and shotgun. He predicted civil war if another pool was effected.

Miss Lloyd attacked Congressman Cantrill for his attitude in fighting the contracts.

Mr. Cantrill attacked the Burley Tobacco Society and declared its purpose a failure before it started, and advised the growers to refrain from signing the contract.

Congressman Cantrill was the last speaker and referred to Miss Lloyd as the press bureau of the Burley Society at a high salary and asked his hearers how many signers to the pool could have been secured in 1907 if in advance they had been informed that President Clarence LeBus was to receive a salary he is now said to enjoy.

Miss Lloyd made several attempts to interrupt Mr. Cantrill during his argument, but not until he had finished could she attract his attention, when she plied him with questions.

The growers of the county are thoroughly aroused and interest in the matter is assuming proportions second only to that of an intense political campaign. Six thousand acres of tobacco is in cultivation in Bourbon county.

DENOUNCE RING RULE.

Democrats of Christian Put Strong Ticket In Field.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—With the utmost harmony prevailing, the Democrats of Christian county, in convention assembled, nominated this afternoon the following ticket for the November election:

For County Judge, J. Walter Knight; County Attorney, John C. Duffy; Sheriff, Marlowe Johnson; Circuit Clerk, Walter A. Radford; County Clerk, R. T. Stowe; Assessor, Lucian P. Pool; County Superintendent; Miss Jennie West; Representative, W. Herman Southall.

Mayor Charles M. Meacham was chairman of the convention and John W. Richards secretary. The nominations were made on the unanimous recommendation of the Christian County Democratic Committee. The platform pledges the nominees to a strict enforcement of the laws and the maintenance of law and order throughout the county; to a capable, honest and economical management of fiscal affairs, and for good roads and a more efficient management of the county schools. "The ring rule and political graft of the courthouse ring now dominating the Republican party of Christian county" is condemned as the most corrupt influence in county affairs. The ticket is one of the strongest ever put out by the Democrats and the enthusiasm with which it is received augurs a victory in November.

INTENDED TO DIE.

Vanceburg Girl, Found Unconscious, Says She Was Jilted.

Covington, Ky., Aug. 2.—"I intended to throw myself under the train and end it all, but as the train approached I fainted and knew no more until I was revived in the hospital," said Miss Mary Wilson, aged 18 years, of Vanceburg, Ky., in St. Elizabeth's hospital to-day.

She was found lying unconscious on the ground near the Covington railroad station. At first she refused to disclose her identity when she revived. She said that she had been engaged to marry a business man of Vanceburg and had come to Covington, where it had been arranged for her lover to join her Friday. He kept the appointment, but returned the same day to Vanceburg, promising to return Sunday, when, she declares, he promised he would marry her. Instead of keeping his promise the girl says, the man sent her a letter in which he broke off the engagement.

Miss Wilson said she was dazed with grief. On the fly leaf of a Bible, she had written:

"If anything happens to me, please send for Ithiel Stagg, of Vanceburg, Ky., for I don't want to see any one but him."

Miss Wilson is being held by the Covington police until they can communicate with her relatives in Vanceburg.

POPULAR MAN DEAD.

"Uncle Bob" Martin Oldest Mason In Muhlenberg.

Central City, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Mr. Robert H. Martin, one of the oldest citizens of Central City, died at his home after a long illness following a third stroke of paralysis. There was no better known, better loved man in Central City than was "Uncle Bob," as he was affectionately called by every man, woman and child in Central City. He was the oldest Mason in Muhlenberg county, having for fifty years been a member of that order. For the same number of years he had been a loyal, consistent member of the Methodist Church. The funeral was conducted by the Masons, and over 200 members of that order followed the hearse on foot. The services were conducted at the grave, there being no edifice in the city large enough to accommodate the many who assembled. Besides an aged widow, Uncle Bob left four children.

PUNISHMENT BY LAW.

Indications That Major Nelson Will Not Be Lynched.

Columbia, Ky., Aug. 2.—Major Nelson, the negro charged with attacking Mrs. Rufus Price, wife of a prominent citizen of this county, was captured by officers at Milltown, this county, late Sunday afternoon and brought here and lodged in jail. Indignation was rife after the news of the attack spread, and it was believed that a lynching would follow the capture of the negro, but excitement has been allayed and it is now believed that the law will be allowed to take its course, the sentiment of the law-abiding people favoring this plan. No guards have been placed around the jail, nor have any plans been made to take the negro to another city for safe-keeping.

RANKIN AND LEBUS

Explain the Burley Pledge In Speeches At New Castle.

New Castle, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—The Hon. M. C. Rankin, Commissioner of Agriculture, and Clarence LeBus, president of the Burley Tobacco Society, addressed a crowd of 300 farmers, explaining the new pledge offered by the Burley Tobacco Society and justifying the acts of the society in handling the crops of 1906 and 1907. They made no attack on the American Society of Equity. They did not ask anybody to sign the pledge. A majority of the people seemed inclined not to sign any pledge in this county. Many of the farmers expressed a desire to hear what the Hon. J. C. Cantrill, president of the American Society of Equity, had to say.

Typhoid Water At Shelbyville.

Shelbyville, Aug. 2.—Fears are entertained here that a typhoid fever epidemic may result from the impure condition of the public wells. As a precautionary measure, the handles of several pumps have been removed.

Owing to the existence of several cases of typhoid fever in close proximity in the East End, the water from a public well used by these families was sent to Lexington for analysis. State Entomologist Gorman states that in twenty-four hours, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of the water showed the existence of 117,000 colonies of bacteria, and after forty-eight hours, they were too numerous to be counted. He also stated that water showing the existence of more than 500 colonies of bacteria for the same quantity was absolutely unfit for human consumption.

Deaths In Christian.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—George H. Cox, aged 70 years, a prominent farmer, died last night at "Rockhollow," his home near Gracey. He had been an invalid from a complication of diseases several years, but his death was unexpected. He leaves a widow.

Benjamin R. Yancey, aged 86 years, died of Bright's disease at his home in this city. He was formerly a leading farmer of the Fruit Hill neighborhood, and removed to Hopkinsville one year ago. The remains were taken to Crofton for burial.

COUNCILMEN HOLD STOCK.

Charge Made In Waterworks Suit At Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Judge Watts Parker to-day permitted the filing of the petition of J. H. Hostetter in the waterworks injunction case. Besides charging that the Waterworks Company put up the money for the nomination and election of the present Democratic city officials, the petition of Mr. Hostetter names members of the Council who are alleged holders of stock in the Water Company.

Vanderen Family Reunion.

Cynthiana, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—The Vanderen family held a reunion to-day in this county. The event was held at the old house built by Bainey Vanderen in 1790, when he immigrated to Kentucky from Louden county, Va. Eighty-one members of the family were present. An organization was formed, to be known as "The Bainey Vanderen Club." The officers elected are: John Vanderen, Sr., president; B. Frank Martin, vice president; W. S. Vanderen, secretary, and James Harvey Martin, treasurer.

Mrs. Reuscher Asks Divorce.

Newport, Ky., Aug. 2.—Mrs. Florence Reurcher filed suit to-day in the Circuit Court against Louis Reuscher for divorce. The defendant is well known in Campbell county politics, having served as Assistant Clerk of the Circuit Court under his father. Cruelty and abandonment are alleged by Mrs. Reuscher in her petition. They have one child. She also asks for an order to restrain her husband from removing the furniture from their home.

Lung Trouble Fatal.

Central City, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Mr. Bud Paxton, son of Mrs. Rachel Paxton, died at his home in Beaver Dam after a protracted illness of lung trouble. Mr. Paxton was an old Central City boy. Besides his mother, he left an only sister, Mrs. Thomas Spink, of Fort Madison, Ia. The remains were brought to this city, where they were interred in Fairmount cemetery.

Andrew Harris Surrenders.

Lagrange, Ky., Aug. 2.—Andrew Harris, colored, came to Lagrange and gave himself up. He is charged with killing Charley Smith, also colored. Smith's body was found Sunday afternoon with three bullets in his back and a razor in his hand. The killing occurred one mile from Prospect, on Lee Dore's farm. The post-mortem and inquest will be held this afternoon.

Charged With Shoplifting.

Hickman, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Jesse Cleaves and wife, residing three miles south of town, were arrested here on the charge of shoplifting, and in default of $500 bond were placed in jail to await a hearing. The woman is the mother of three little children, the youngest being only three months old. The little child was taken to its mother behind the bars.

Tobacco Plowed Up.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Aug. 2.—On account of the continued wet weather in this section, it is said that the tobacco crop will be greatly damaged and will fall far short of what was expected at the beginning of the season. In the eastern part of the county it is said that many farmers have plowed up their tobacco and will sow the land in wheat.

Russell Democratic Ticket.

Jamestown, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Democrats of Russell county, in a delegate convention, put out the following ticket: For County Attorney, J. M. Meadows; County Superintendent, W. H. Barnard; Circuit Court Clerk, Edgar Johnson; Sheriff, U. T. Sheely; Jailer, H. T. Bernard; Assessor, A. L. Foley.

Child Drowned In Pond.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 2.—The twenty-months-old child of John Bowland, of Reidland, this county, strayed away from home and was drowned in a pond a short distance away. When the child was missed the neighborhood was searched, but could not be found. Only a few drags had been made in the pond when the body was recovered.

Typhoid Claims Miss Robinson.

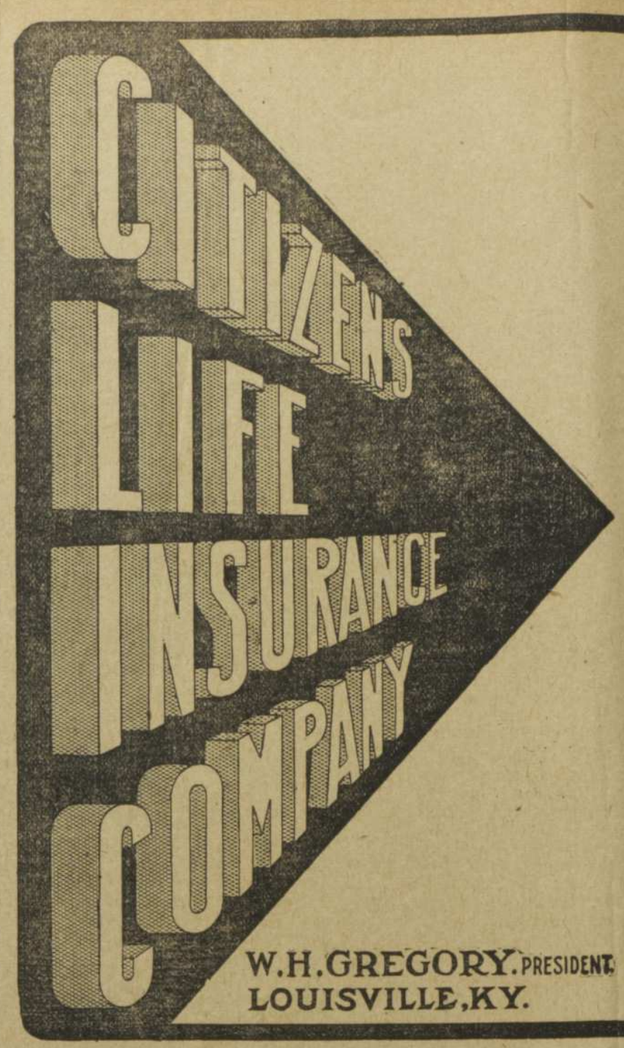
West Point, Ky., Aug. 2.—Miss Odie Robison, aged twenty-one years, died of typhoid fever, after a four-weeks' illness. She was the daughter of Alvin Robison, a farmer of this vicinity, and a member of Pleasant View Baptist church. This is the second death in the household within eleven days, both from typhoid fever.

Louisville Firm Heavy Creditor.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 2.—Suit has been filed in the United States Circuit Court here to force John L. Ray, who conducts a general merchandise store at Fredonia, Caldwell county, into bankruptcy. One of the petitioning creditors is the J. M. Robinson-Norton Company, of Louisville, Ky., the firm's claim being $2,500.

Log Cutter Crushed.

Elkton, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Barker Stokes, 30 years old, a log-cutter of this place, was nearly crushed to death while cutting logs for I. G. Wilcox & Co., of Louisville. His collar bone was broken, his right ear torn off and his head and chest were horribly lacerated. He is not expected to live.



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Then and Now

Just five years ago work was begun on the organization of the Citizens Life.

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Now it has over $1,500,000.

Then it had no Stock sold—
Now it has about $350,000.

Then it had no Stockholders—
Now it has over 3,000.

Then it had no Policyholders—
Now it has over 9,000.

Then it had no Insurance sold—
Now it has over $27,000,000.

Then it had no Surplus to Policyholders—
Now it has nearly $500,000.

Then it had no deposit with the State of Kentucky to secure its Policyholders—
Now it has over $800,000.

Then it had no Home—
Now it has one that cost $56,000 and can be sold to-day for $110,000.

Then it had no Agency Force—
Now it has The Greatest Field Force on Earth.

Then it had no Enemies—
Now it has a lot of the sort Success always creates.

Then it had no Friends—
Now it has a host of them, and the list grows every day.

This is the Record of Five Years' Work.
REALLY, ISN'T IT GREAT?

BATSON NAMED

To Fill Vacancy Due To Death of Judge Field.

APPOINTEE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR PLACE.

PREACHER AMONG THOSE PARDONED BY GOVERNOR.

UNWITTINGLY BROKE LAW.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Gov. Willson to-day filled the vacancy on the bench of the Jefferson Circuit Court, First division, Common Pleas, caused by the death of the late Emmet Field, naming Homer W. Batson, a prominent Republican attorney, for the place. It had been expected for some time that the Governor would appoint Mr. Batson, and the announcement to-day caused no surprise. United States Senator W. O. Bradley, formerly a law partner of the new Judge, gave him a hearty indorsement, and considerable other influence was brought to bear. The tenure of office under the Governor's appointment extends to the regular election, this coming November. Judge Batson is already the Republican nominee for election, while the Democrats have nominated W. H. Field, a son of Judge Field, as their candidate.

* * *

Clemency For Two.

Gov. Willson waded through a lot of pardon application papers to-day, deciding to act favorably in but two cases. Executive clemency was extended to the Rev. W. E. Honeycutt, of Jackson county, who moved from Ohio to Kentucky and performed a marriage ceremony without first taking out license to do so, as required by the Kentucky statutes. As soon as the minister learned that he had violated the law, he went to the County Judge and filed bond to answer to the charge, but the records do not show that he has been tried or even indicted.

The Governor also pardoned Alexander Williams, of Grayson county, fined $25 and sentenced to serve ten days in jail for carrying concealed a deadly weapon, and granted a restoration to citizenship to Henry Norvell, of Mercer, who has served two years in the penitentiary for manslaughter. Williams is a boy only 17 years of age. The petition for his pardon says that the officials believe that the "chastisement inflicted by the father and the court is enough, and his father will pay the fine and costs." The Governor adds: "I hope that all fathers whose 'fool' boys try to make men of themselves by being cowards and carrying pistols will chastise them. Nothing like a good licking to cure a 'bad' man of 17 who carries a pistol."

* * *

Applications Turned Down.

The Governor refused to interfere in the cases of Henry Smith, of Lawrence county, given a $40 fine and twenty-five days in jail for carrying concealed a deadly weapon; Will Worlty, of Livingston county, given eighteen months for malicious shooting and wounding; Jesse Penington, of Leslie county, serving two years; Bud Reed, of Mercer county, in for two years; John Leister, of Jefferson county, given five years for manslaughter, and of Isaac Williams, of Leslie county, excluded from suffrage for bribery. He also refused to restore to citizenship Joseph Owens, of Rockcastle county, who served a term for grand larceny.

* * *

Go Over Educational Code.

The Kentucky Educational Commission held another meeting here to-day for the purpose of going over the tentative new code of educational laws, which is to be presented to the next General Assembly. State Superintendent J. G. Crabbe, who has been in Ohio on his vacation, came back just to attend the meeting. Dean Virginia E. Spencer and Mrs. E. N. Roark, acting president, of the Eastern Kentucky Normal School, were present, as well as Gov. Willson, who is ex-officio member of the commission.

Secretary George J. Ramsey has been doing some good work in getting up data and matter for the commission during the summer, and the code has been gotten together in shape for revision, under the following headings: First, general provisions; second, school fund; third, State board; fourth, State superintendent; fifth county superintendent; sixth, county Board of Education; seventh, certificates; eighth, county school district laws; ninth, teachers, pupils, parents; tenth, cities of the first-class.

* * *

Provision Already Made.

In response to a bequest from Theodore Atchison, of the board of governors of the Kentucky Society of Louisiana, asking that a hall or gallery be set apart in the new Capitol building for memorials, paintings and statues of Kentuckians who have risen to positions of distinction and prominence in other States, Gov. Willson to-day sent a letter in which he states that the object sought is already fully covered by the Kentucky Historical Society, established by law and in charge of a board of patriotic Kentuckians, who love the history of the State and all its family, and will welcome the statues, portraits, letters, books and other memorials showing Kentucky's part in the history of our country and our people."

The Governor adds: "The society has now quarters in the State Capitol, and great care will be taken of all such memorials."

* * *

Louisville On Programme.

Officers of the Franklin county Baptist Association are mapping out the programme for their session this year, which they believe will be one of the most helpful ever held by the association. Dr. C. S. Gardner, of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, of Louisville, and Dr. J. N. Prestridge, editor of the Baptist World, have been secured as the two principal speakers for the association meeting. The Rev. J. R. Sampey, of the Seminary, will deliver the introductory sermon, and other prominent divines and denominational workers will be present. The association will be in session two days, August 20 and 21.

DASHING VIRGINIA WOMEN TO RIDE.

Albemarle Horse Show Will Be An Event of the Summer.

Charlottesville Va., Aug. 2.—Because of the prominence of many exhibitors and the large field of show and race horses entered, more than the usual interest has been aroused in the annual exhibit of the Albemarle Horse Show Association, which takes place to-morrow and Wednesday.

Thomas F. Ryan, of New York, will be a strong competitor with entries from his country estate, Oak Ridge Farm, in Nelson county, Virginia. He recently pruchased a string of thoroughbreds. The entries of William S. Dupont, of Montpelier, Va., have figured conspicuously in Virginia shows during the past few years, and this year, also, he will show horses.

Among those who will pilot hunters over the bars is Mrs. Reginald Brooks, of Boston, Mass., formerly Miss Phyllis Langhorne, one of the beautiful Langhorne sisters, of Myrador. Mrs. Brooks is as dashing a rider as her sister, Mrs. Astor, and this year she will be seen riding her own hunters, Castleman and Boxer.

Mrs. Allen Potts, of Richmond, another noted horsewoman, will bring a string of five from the Castle Hill Stables. Mrs. Potts, who is the only woman M. F. H. in America, will also show the Castle Hill hounds.

COFFIN NAILS SENT INTO EXILE BY MINNESOTA LAW.

Market Unsettled On Last Day, and Stocks Were Cleaned Out.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 2.—The cigarette is an outlaw in Minnesota. The new State law prohibiting the sale went into effect yesterday. The cigarette market assumed a peculiar phase in the closing hours. The price varied and was as unsettled as that of some Wall street stocks. Early in the evening there was a shortage in popular brands at some cigar stores, and clerks sent up prices. Reports came in from other sections of the city that a fresh supply had arrived, which caused a rush to those stores.

The prices were kept at top notch. At least a million cigarettes were sold in Minneapolis during the day. Nearly every store in the city had sold almost its entire supply before the end came.

MUNICIPAL COWS TO SAVE CHICAGO BABIES.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—The three municipal cows donated to save the lives of infants in the congested districts of the city were delivered to-day. One cow will be placed in the steel-mill district of South Chicago, another in the district back of the stockyards and the third on the Northwest Side. Dr. Hunt, of the Health Department, will make public the conditions this morning under which milk from the cows can be obtained.

SONS OF VETERANS STAFF ANNOUNCED.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 2.—Clarence J. Owens, commander-in-chief of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans, to-day announced his staff for the term beginning with his election at Memphis in June. It follows: Adjutant General, N. B. Forrest, Memphis, Tenn.; Inspector General, E. W. Speed, Roanoke, Va.; Quartermaster General, R. Henry Lake, Memphis, Tenn.; Commissary General, Walter B. McAdams, Dallas, Tex.; Judge Advocate General, Jared Y. Sanders, Baton Rouge, La.; Surgeon General, Dr. Floyd Stewart, St. Louis, Mo.; Chaplain General, Dr. Matthew Brewster, Mobile, Ala.

The executive council is composed of the following comrades: Clarence J. Owens, ex-officio chairman, Abbeville, Ala.; Fontaine W. Maltord, secretary, Washington City; W. W. Old, Jr., Norfolk, Va.; E. N. Scudder, Vicksburg, Miss.; Thomas E. Powe, St. Louis, Mo.

ART TREASURES DISCOVERED IN VENICE.

Rome, Aug. 2.—Officials engaged in the work of restoring the church of San Guiliano at Venice, discovered in an attic a large bundle covered with thick dust. It was found to contain a number of art masterpieces, including "Christ on Calvary," by Tintoretto, a resurrection, and "Ecca Home," by Palma, Jr., a "Flagellation of Christ Before Caiaphas," a "Christ crowned with thorns," by Corona; "Young St. Jerome," and "St. Theodore," by Andrea Vincentino, and two paintings by Paul Flammenge.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Straight Creek Coal and Coke Company will be held Wednesday, August 4, at 2:30 p. m., in Room No. 319, Louisville Trust Company building.
A. G. STITH, Secretary.

FIRM CHANGES.

Notice.

New York, July 30, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership between Ex. Norton and George F. Norton, under the firm name and style of Ex. Norton & Co., was dissolved on the 2nd day of August, 1909. Ex. Norton, as liquidating partner, will settle all obligations and collect all claims of the late firm. He has become a member of the Stock Exchange firm of Walker Brothers, with offices at No. 71 Broadway, Manhattan, New York.

IMPORTED DRESS PATTERNS
At prices below cost. Embroidered Dresses reduced from $40 to $25.
SUMMER HOUSEFURNISHINGS
Table Covers, Cushions. Correct Stamping for Embroidery done.
THE ARTS AND CRAFTS CO. *The Misses Bruce.*
Opposite Post-office. (Incorporated.)

QUIET AGAIN

Revolution Put Down In Catalonia's Capital.

BUT INSURGENTS HOLD MANY SMALLER CITIES.

CENSORSHIP OF NEWS MORE RIGID THAN EVER.

DISPATCHES ARE STOPPED.

Paris, Aug. 2.—The internal situation in Spain to-night seems to be improved. Barcelona has emerged from her isolation and the threatened general strike at Madrid appears to have been averted, at least temporarily.

The first train out of Catalonia's capital city since the beginning of the tragic events there reached the French frontier to-night, bringing censored and plainly inexact newspaper accounts of the insurrection and of the conditions in the outlying parts of Catalonia. The rest is shrouded in mystery.

Several of the smaller cities are reported to be in the hands of the revolutionists and many villages have proclaimed the district a republic. Troops are being steadily distributed throughout the rebellious districts, and barring new serious outbreaks, the insurrectionists eventually will be forced to capitulate. It is said that the authorities are determined to crush the insurrection before the return from South America of Deputy Alejandro Lerroux, chief of the Republicans at Barcelona, whose period of exile for political reasons was set aside by the Chamber of Deputies last April.

* * *

In Revolutionists' Hands.

Reports from San Felice, Palamos and Cassa de la Selva say that those places are still in the hands of the revolutionaries. It is rumored that the Spanish gunboat Temerarie has left for San Felice to aid the troops in restoring order.

In striking contrast with the estimate of the victims of the disorders given by the Barcelona newspapers, which arrived to-night at Cerbere, is one of 5,000 emanating from private advices received from Madrid. This latter estimate, however, is labeled "perhaps exaggerated."

An official statement issued in Madrid to-night concerning the proposed general strike there says that numerous masons failed to report for duty to-day, but it is explained that this was due to a fear of a clash with unionists.

Spain's censorship to-night is more inexorable than ever. No news has been received from the various points in the north, where the trades unions had planned a general strike for to-day, and therefore the actual conditions there and elsewhere cannot be stated.

DEL MUNI OPTIMISTIC.

Spanish Ambassador To France Discusses Situation.

Paris, Aug. 2.—The Temps to-day publishes an interview with the Marquis Del Muni, the Spanish Ambassador to France, who has just returned here. He says that the insurrection at Barcelona was entirely distinct from the movements in the other districts of Spain, being anarchistic and seditious in character and chiefly anti-military, and was provoked by the revolutionists, who took advantage of circumstances. It was a sudden outbreak, and it was rapidly suppressed by public executions.

The revolutionists of Catalonia always take advantage of periods of external difficulties to make trouble, the Marquis is reported as saying. The ambassador did not believe the Barcelona trouble to be the beginning of a general revolutionary agitation, and he said that national aspirations had nothing to do with the movement. It was purely anarchy.

* * *

Will Soon Blow Over.

The trouble outside of Barcelona among the workmen and the Socialists is without durable gravity, said the Marquis, and there was no danger of the agitation developing into civil war, as no political organization is behind the movement.

Referring to the situation in Morocco, the ambassador said that Spain had given a lesson to the Riffians, as had France in Menebba.

"The Moroccan situation is one involving Spain's national security, and in which her honor is engaged," the Marquis continued. "My advices show that the reports of our losses have been exaggerated. They did not exceed 200. The Spanish soldiers have retained their positions, and they have met with only a check. The troops already disembarked in Morocco will be sufficient to carry out our purposes and chastise the Riffians. Our finances will bear the expense easily. We have a surplus of $18,000,000 in the treasury, which will suffice for everything. We do not require foreign assistance, but we do count on the moral support of Europe."

NEEDS NO MORE TROOPS.

Gen. Santiago Wires That He Can Maintain Order.

London, Aug. 3.—In a dispatch from Barcelona, dated Monday, the correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "Gen Santiago has started sending out forces to restore order in the neighboring towns and villages. The officers have been ordered to take swift and vigorous measures, but Gen. Santiago thinks that no serious resistance will be offered the troops.

"Replying to a note sent him by the foreign consuls stating that in the event of foreigners being endangered the consuls would ask for warships, Gen. Santiago said that such a step would be needless, as he had sufficient forces to maintain order. He has wired Madrid that he needs no further reinforcements and accordingly the brigades now under arms intended for Barcelona will be diverted to Melilla."

The Daily Telegraph's Madrid correspondent in a dispatch sent by way of Biarritz, asserts that many foreigners, especially Frenchmen and Italians, are among the dead, wounded and prisoners in Barcelona. The correspondent adds that it is reported that among those killed in the fighting was Senor Ferrer, formerly director of the modern school of Barcelona, who was regarded as the instigator of the bomb outrage upon King Alfonso and Queen Victoria in the Calle Mayor on the royal wedding day. Ferrer was arrested for complicity in the outrage, but was acquitted.

GENERAL STRIKE

Scheduled For Yesterday In Northern Part of Spain.

Bayonne, France, Aug. 2.—Reliable news regarding the situation in Spain received here this morning from San Sebastian represents conditions as very grave throughout the northern part of the country where all the trades unions have given notice of the beginning of a general strike to-day.

The Government has seized all the telegraph and telephone wires in the affected provinces. The purpose is to prevent the leaders of the strike movement from communicating with each other. The transmission of newspaper dispatches has been entirely stopped, forcing the suspension of a majority of the journals.

The greatest excitement reigns among the working classes. Reports received here direct from Madrid say that King Alfonso is greatly depressed over the interior situation. He desired to throw his personal popularity in the scale and it was with difficulty that he could be dissuaded from going to Barcelona. Premier Maura told him it would be equivalent to suicide to enter that hotbed of anarchy.

Some of the highest officers of the army are protesting vigorously against the maintenance of the censorship. They regard this restriction as foolish and useless and giving place to the wildest and most exaggerated stories. Gen. Lopez Dominguez and Gen. Polavieja, members of the superior council of war, have protested formally against the censorship, saying they had received dispatches from officers at the front insisting that all the anxiety has been caused through the useless censorship. Both generals declare that this has only aggravated matters and that it will be better to tell the entire truth.

Executions Delayed.

Madrid, Aug. 2.—The military authorities to-day denied categorically that the revolutionists sentenced to death at Barcelona already have been executed. They say that the sentences are awaiting the approval of the Minister of War, and that in the meantime the prisoners are being held in the dungeons of the Montjuich and Citaranas forts. Those of the prisoners who were wounded are in hospitals.

The Government announces also that the work of restoring railroad communication in Catalonia is proceeding actively and that the lines between Barcelona, Cerbere, Srugossa and Valencia probably will be re-established Wednesday.

Situation At Melilla Unchanged.

Madrid, Aug. 2.—According to official dispatches received here last evening the situation at Melilla remains unchanged. There are still strong bodies of Moors hiding in the gorges. Mount Guruga, the Moorish stronghold, is being constantly bombarded by the Spanish artillery. There have been but few Spanish casualties.

Diaz Leads Subscription List.

Mexico City, Aug. 2.—President Diaz has headed a subscription list for the relief of the women and children of Spain made dependent on account of the war in Morocco. His donation was $1,000. The Spanish colony here and the Mexican public are contributing liberally to the fund.

Barcelona Returns To Normal.

Barcelona, Aug. 2.—Life in the city of Barcelona and its suburbs again is normal. The newspapers are being published this afternoon and work generally has been resumed. It is expected that railroad and telegraphic communication with the outside world will be fully restored to-day.

Pretender In Vienna.

Vienna, Aug. 2.—The newspapers here say that Don Jaime, the pretender to the Spanish throne, was here yesterday, but has since left for his home at Frohsdorf, in the Semmering Alps, Lower Austria.

FIVE MONTHS' VISIT TO ASIATIC WATERS.

Admiral Sebree's Squadron Will Leave San Francisco In September.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Admiral Sebree's armored cruiser squadron of the Pacific fleet, eight vessels strong, will be absent from the United States on its coming cruise to Asiatic waters a little more than five months. It will visit Honolulu, Admiralty Islands, Manila, where the yearly target practice will be held, and the Chinese and Japanese ports of Hong Kong, Woosung, Cobe and Yokohama. Only two vessels, however, will go to the Chinese and Japanese ports, except that the whole squadron will assemble off Yokohama January 19, on which day it will start home, touching at Honolulu and reaching San Francisco February 15.

Leaving San Francisco September 5, the squadron will arrive in Honolulu September 11, where it will remain nearly a month. It will leave there October 5 for Mares Harbor, Admiralty Islands, where it will arrive October 18, remaining six days and reaching Manila November 1 for a month's stay. Returning home Honolulu will be reached February 1 for a week's stay.

SPECIAL RATES TO REUNION OF THE ORPHAN BRIGADE

To Be Held At Cave City, Ky., August 8 and 9—Some of Those Who Are To Attend.

Col. John D. Murray, captain of J. D. Lewis Camp, U. C. V., of Glasgow, Ky., is in charge of the arrangements for the reunion of the Orphan Brigade, to be held at Cave City, Ky., on August 6 and 7. The Louisville and Nashville railroad has made a special rate of a fare and one-third for the round trip, good to return on August 8, and a large attendance is anticipated. In addition to the regular reunion of the famous old organization, there will be numerous social features, and the reports of the death of members of the brigade during the last year will be read and fitting ceremonies will follow.

Of the 300 survivors of the Orphan Brigade, 200 live in Kentucky. Among those who will attend from Louisville are: Capt. John H. Weller, John W. Green, Sam Buchanan, Henry Buchanan, Capt. John B. Pirtle, I. P. Bernard, Elisha Adams, Elijah Basye, Theodore Cowherd, Capt. Lawson, John C. Sheeley, E. P. Johnson, James S. Carpenter and J. S. Jackman. Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner, of Hart county; George R. Mattingly, Jack Applegate and George Pash, of Bardstown, and Ack Harned, of Boston, Ky., also will be present.

TOURING CAR SAVED FROM UPSETTING.

Daring Driver Saves Life of Chicago Judge and Others On a Steep Grade.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Municipal Judge John C. Scovel and four other persons had a narrow escape from death yesterday when their automobile was sent speeding down a thirty-foot embankment of the Desplaines River, south of Wheeling. By his daring skill, Belden Jones, owner of the car, who was at the wheel, saved the big touring car from turning turtle and perhaps killing all of the occupants.

Mr. Jones steered the car down the forty-degree grade of the bank when he found that he could not drive safely past the edge, and brought the car to a stop against a big tree near the edge of the river.

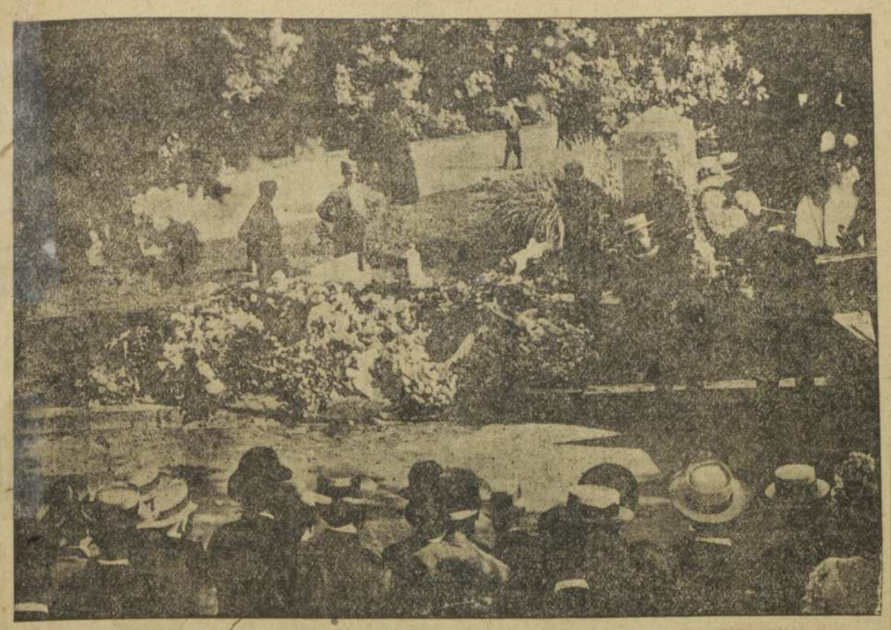
None of the party was seriously injured.

Treasury Statement.

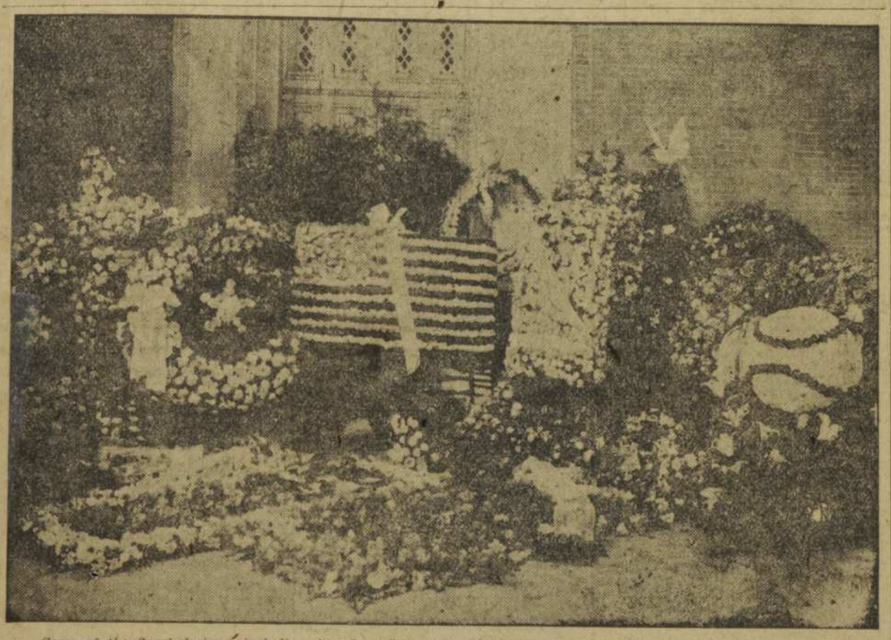
Washington, Aug. 2.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

TRUST FUNDS.	
Gold coin	$552,034,869
Silver dollars	478,008,000
Silver dollars of 1890	5,169,000
Silver certificates outstanding	487,008,000
GENERAL FUND.	
Standard silver dollars in general fund	$5,195,124
Current liabilities	96,864,403
Working balance in Treasury office	35,739,902
In banks to credit of Treasurer of the United States	43,555,422
Subsidiary silver coin	26,571,111
Minor coin	2,430,978
Total balance in general fund	108,437,754

SCENES AT THE GRAVE OF HARRY CLAY PULLIAM, LATE PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL LEAGUE OF BASEBALL CLUBS



HARRY PULLIAM'S GRAVE IN CAVE HILL CEMETERY. THE PICTURE SHOWS THE MOUND LITERALLY COVERED WITH BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS.



Some of the floral designs, including American flag, given by the management of Louisville's ball team; a ball, made of red and white carnations, contributed by A. G. Spalding & Brother, and a star and crescent given by the Cincinnati baseball club.

DONATIONS

For Jeffersonian Barbecue Pouring In Fast.

NO DEARTH OF GOOD THINGS ON BILL OF FARE.

W. H. NEWMAN MAKES SPLENDID SHOWING.

PARTIAL LIST OF DONORS.

Merchants and business men of Louisville are enthusiastic over the big Jeffersonian barbecue to be held here August 31 and September 1, else they would never contribute so liberally to the cause. Yesterday fifty-three local men and firms gave the committee a supply of foodstuffs sufficient to feed a small army, and if the contributions continue to come in as fast as they have been during the past two weeks there will be an oversupply to a certainty.

Thus far W. H. Newman, the division freight agent of the Monon railroad here, has the best average for securing edibles for the big feast at the State Fair grounds the 1st of August. Mr. Newman presented to the committee yesterday the following list of names and donations, all of which he secured for the barbecue by personal solicitation:

Louisville Grocery Co., one bag sugar; Ouerbacker-Gilmour Co., five cases tomatoes; D. B. Sperry, one barrel onions; M. Wolff & Sons, one case peas; Button Bros., one barrel salt; C. H. Kahlert, one barrel onions; Jos. Denunzio Fruit Co., one box lemons; Zapp & Short Co., two cases corn; J. A. Lancaster & Co., 200 cigars; A. Wahking & Co., fifty pounds coffee; J. Zinsmeister & Bro., two cases corn; Meyer, Bridges & Co., 2,000 plates; H. Wedekind & Co., five cases corn; Leonard Brush and Woodenware Co., 1,000 plates; George Aufenkamp, one case corn; William Grom, one barrel potatoes; Leo. Zwigard, twenty loaves bread; Falls City Meat Market, one ham; Louisville Meat Market, one lamp; Gottlieb Layer, one mutton; Geher & Son, one gross pincups; Oscar Welsenstein, one barrel apples; Theo. Shoptaw & Co., one barrel onions; Kohlepp & Tula, lot fruit; Passafaro Bros., one bunch bananas; Leisman & Co., one barrel potatoes; New York Bakery Co., cakes; Mammoth Grocery Co., 15,000 plates; C. C. Bickel Co., 200 Boone cigars; Otter & Co., five cases lemons; Louisville Tin and Stove Co., five gross one-pint cups; Norton-Curd Coffee Co., ten pounds coffee; Jos. Morlhorst, Fifth and Oak, one case tomatoes; John Schaefer's Sons, one barrel potatoes; Mansfield, Hawley & Co. (J. L. M.), five cases; Stewart, Sanders, Bell & Co., two lambs; Dell Russell, one lamb; A. B. Smith & Co., two sheep; W. H. Webb, one sheep; S. C. Figg, one sheep; James Abell (Nelson county), one lamb; Miller & Abell (Nelson county), two lambs; Watkins & Carothers, two lambs; Henry Knight & Sons, two lambs; L. P. Bornwasser & Co., one lamb; J. E. Bell & Co., one barrel potatoes; John McCampbell, one lamb; B. E. Gregory, one lamb; Gran Spurgin, one lamb; East End Ice and Cold Storage Co. will slaughter all livestock at their sanitary abattoir free of cost; Tatum, Embry & Co., one steer.

Within the next few days the committee will draw up a complete list of those of those women in Louisville and out in the State who have contributed pies, cakes and delicacies of all sorts.

A member of the committee said yesterday that hundreds of wives of Democrats are busy even now with their choicest recipes, and the prediction is made that their skill will be highly praised by those who attend the celebration.

CORRUPTION WILL AFFECT FOREIGN BANK SCHEME.

Pekin, Aug. 2.—A condition of corruption has been discovered in the administration of the German section of the Tientsin-Pukow railroad and as a result two directors of the line have been dismissed. Some of them will be punished. This condition will affect the financial scheme of the foreign banks in China.

CONGRESSMEN HELD UP AT THE STATION.

Sergeant-at-Arms Refuses To Allow Them To Leave Washington.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Five Representatives were victims of a rude shock tonight when the were "held up" at the Union Station by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House and compelled to remain in the city until a vote is taken in the Senate on the tariff bill. They are Denby, of Michigan; Ashbrook, of Ohio; Kelliher, of Massachusetts; Howell, of New Jersey, and Cassidy, of Ohio.

The Representatives had purchased their tickets and were about to board an outgoing train for their homes when the officer of the House stepped up and spoiled their plans.

When the House adopted the conference report on Saturday members began to flock away from Washington, and Representative Dwight, the Republican "whip," is having a difficult time holding enough of them to transact public business. He sent telegrams far and wide last night urging the absent members to return.

FORMER CHAPLAIN OF CONGRESS DEAD.

The Rev. John G. Butler Served In House and Senate.

Washington, Aug. 2.—The Rev. Dr. John G. Butler, pastor of the Luther Place Memorial church and one of the most prominent Lutheran ministers in the United States, dropped dead from heart failure in his home to-day. He was 83 years of age.

For sixty years he had been a Lutheran minister in Washington. Forty years ago he was chaplain of the House of Representatives and from 1886 to 1893 he was chaplain of the United States Senate. President Lincoln appointed him one of the first hospital chaplains.

STREET CAR MEN REJECT OFFERS.

Will Vote To-day On the Question of Calling a Strike.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—The union motormen and conductors of Chicago's surface street car lines to-night rejected the offers of the companies to renew the old agreements and ordered a referendum vote to be taken on the question of calling a strike. Though the men are hoping that something may yet intervene to avert a strike, they showed great enthusiasm at the special meetings to-night and the recommendations of the officers of the union were adopted with little debate. The referendum vote of the men will be taken to-morrow morning.

DEMURRER OF "WETS" UNDER ADVISEMENT.

Bristol, Va., Aug. 2.—After arguments which consumed the entire day in the corporation court, Judge Kelley to-day took under advisement the demurrer of the "wets" to the recent petition of the "drys" to have set aside, because of alleged illegal voting, the recent local option election.

About fifteen applications for license are now pending before Judge Kelley, but it is not known whether he will issue any license before the contest case is settled.

Taft To Visit Charleston.

Washington, Aug. 2.—President Taft has decided to include Charleston, S. C., in his itinerary for the Western and Southern trip. He will arrive in Charleston late in the afternoon of November 5 and spend the night there.

MOONLIGHT CLAMBAKE AT NARRAGANSETT.

Novel Entertainment On the Rocks Given By Mrs. Sanders P. Jones, of Louisville.

New York, Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Narragansett Pier, R. I.—A novel entertainment was given to-night by Mrs. Saunders P. Jones, of Louisville, who invited about two two score of the young members of the cottage colony to attend a Rhode Island clambake on the Narragansett Rocks in the moonlight.

The party was given in honor of the Misses Mina and Fanny Ballard, of Louisville, and among the young men present was Charles Edison, son of the inventor, of Orange, N. J. Others invited included the Misses Dorothy, Hannah and Emily Randolph, Dorothy, Manice, Polly Hazard, Isabel Marsman, Sarah Welsh, Margaret Prescott, Edith and Mildred Norton and Marjory Chase; also the Messrs. Philip Randolph, Jr., Rowland C. Hazard, Jr., Winthrop Brooks, Harold Brooks, John Thomas, Sherburn Prescott, Warren Kinney, Wharton Poor, Scudder Mersman, Howard Stevens, Warner Jones and Paul Jones, of Louisville.

NOVEL LAW POINT RAISED BY MURDERER.

Habeas Corpus Proceedings On the Ground That Death Sentence Is Ex-Post Facto.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 2.—Alleging that he is illegally restrained of liberty, and that the judgment of execution by hanging pronounced by the Supreme Court on July 29 is void because the law under which it was pronounced is ex-post facto in effect, and therefore repugnant to the Constitution, Cecil Palmer, colored, condemned to be executed for assault on September 2, has filed a petition before Judge M. H. Meeks, praying for release on a writ of habeas corpus. The petition was filed two or three days ago, and his honor has since had the matter under advisement. This morning he granted the application for the writ and ordered it returnable before him to-morrow. The petition raises a new point in the State, and is unique for that reason.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF UNCLE SAM'S FINANCES.

Washington, Aug. 2.—At the close of business July 31 last, according to the monthly statement the public debt, less cash in the Treasury, amounted to $917,530,857. The interest-bearing debt is $913,317,490; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $2,814,475; debt bearing no interest, $380,417,144. Total, $1,296,549,110. This does not include, however, $1,343,211,869 in certificates and Treasury notes outstanding which are offset by an equal amount of cash held in the Treasury for their redemption.

The total receipts for July were $57,577,081, and the total disbursements, $70,681,030. This is exclusive of postal revenues and disbursements, except postal deficiency, and gives an excess of $649,898, of ordinary receipts over ordinary disbursements.

SUES FOR FIFTY CENTS; GETS VERDICT FOR HALF.

Nicholasville, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—An unusual case was tried before County Judge Phillips to-day, the petition asking 50 cents damages. James Gill is the plaintiff and Lambert Dietrich the defendant. Gill's petition alleged that the money was due him for work done. Dietrich admitted on the witness stand that he owed Gill 25 cents. The Judge accordingly decided in favor of the plaintiff, giving him the 25 cents.

DEADLOCK

On Election of School Board Secretary Still Holds.

CHARLES C. MARTIN GETS SAME SIX VOTES.

TRUSTEES DECIDE TO RETURN FORFEIT TO CONTRACTORS.

FOUR TEACHERS APPOINTED.

While the meeting of the Louisville School Board was rather long drawn out last night, there was less discussion among the members than at any meeting probably for the last six months. The members were slow in assembling and it was nearly 8:30 o'clock when the board was called to order by President Bloom with all the members present save Trustee Gough. Trustee Gottschalk left after the vote for secretary had been taken.

As soon as the board had been called to order, President Bloom asked if it was the pleasure of the members that the vote for secretary be taken first. Trustee Plazza moved that the vote be taken. It resulted as follows: For Martin—Bloom, Borgman, Domeck, Klein, Plazza, Varble; for Markoff—Coker, Haack, Remmett, Shafer; for Warren—Dr. Wilson; for Lindsey—Reitze.

Trustee Klein was excused from the meeting after the vote for secretary had been taken.

A lengthy opinion was read from Howard Lee, attorney for the board, in regard to the issuing of certificates for children to work under the school age in accordance with the Child Labor Law. Mr. Lee held that the superintendent should go on with the work this year, but that the board should hereafter refuse to do the work unless the State made some provision for paying the expense of issuing the certificates and making the records in connection with the work. The matter probably will be brought before the next meeting of the Legislature.

* * *

To Return Check.

Some discussion arose over the returning of a check for $109.25 to J. F. Leanhart & Co., which was 5 per cent of the firm's bid on putting in boilers at the Kentucky street school. The firm put in a bid of $2,185, which it claimed was $1,000 less than the bid should have been. The firm asked that the deposit be returned as it made a mistake. Attorney Lee said that under the law there was nothing for the board to do but return the check as the firm could sue and get it. He said the law made no provision for keeping the 5 per cent. deposit when a firm failed to give bond to do work on which it bid.

Trustee Plaza moved that the board keep the check, but the motion was lost by a vote of 9 to 3. The board then voted to return the check to the firm.

Chairman Gottschalk, of the committee on instruction, submitted a report appointing Mildred Bryant assistant supervisor of music in the colored schools at a salary of $800 a year. The committee also selected Miss Sallie M. Barclay, assistant instructor in biology and Miss Bertha Lang and Miss Florence Hubert general assistants in the Female High School at a salary of $800 a year each. The report also stated that the committee would take up the matter of redistricting the overcrowded schools within the next two weeks. The report was unanimously adopted.

Supt. Mark stated to the board that the board or superintendent had nothing to do with the selection of text books for the elementary schools, but the books were selected for five years by the County Judge, County School Superintendent and County Attorney in each county, and in the general wind-up each county had one vote. He said sixty counties out of a total of 119 selected the text books. He said, according to this arrangement, under the uniform text book law, Louisville got very little of what it wanted in the text-book line.

* * *

League Given Use of School.

A resolution, offered by Dr. Haack, allowing the Recreation League the use of the Eighth-street colored school from 2:30 to 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon, beginning August 5, was adopted.

Prof. Mark reported that he had issued during July 166 permits to children to work under the child labor law.

A resolution was adopted to the effect that the new salary schedule of the janitors go into effect September 1.

Dr. Borgman said that he understood that the contractors doing the painting of the schools were not doing their work according to contract. This brought Trustee Coker to his feet, demanding that Dr. Borgman be explicit in his charges. Dr. Borgman said Councilman Bradford was one who made the charges, but Business Director Jones quieted matters by stating that the work had not been finished and that some of the contractors were slower than others, but when the work was finished all would be according to specifications.

Trustee Varble stated that the finance committee would secure the services of Thomas Turner to audit the books of the secretary of the board.

The committee on the school picnic reported that the total cost this year was $232.92, which was considerably less than heretofore.

Dr. Wilson offered a resolution to the effect that hereafter whenever a contractor bid and secured a contract for work that in the event he failed to give bond for the work and fulfill his contract that he forfeit his 5 per cent of the amount which he deposited when the bid is made. The resolution was referred to the committee on rules.

C. J. Meddis was given an option on the Center and Walnut-street property for fifteen days for $50,000. It is understood, though, that no possession will be given any purchaser of the property until provision has been made for taking care of all the pupils who attend the school. Dr. Borgman and Dr. Haack voted against giving the option.

JOSEPH L. KELLY QUALIFIES AS JUDGE.

Will Have the Responsibility of Deciding Bristol Local Option Contest.

Bristol, Tenn., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Joseph L. Kelly to-day qualified as Judge of the Corporation Court of Bristol, Va., as the successor of Judge John W. Price, resigned. Following the taking of the oath the August term of court was opened. Judge Kelly's induction into office is chiefly of interest for the reason that upon him devolves the responsibility of deciding the local option election contest, a matter which is of interest to whisky dealers in Cincinnati, Louisville, Chattanooga, Roanoke and other cities. It is the general opinion that the court will have authority to grant liquor licenses in advance of the hearing of the contest case, but what course he may pursue is a matter of conjecture.

SMALLPOX APPEARS AT BEDFORD, IND.

Bedford, Ind., Aug. 2.—Smallpox has made its appearance in this city. The patient is Caroline Gauld, aged eight years, daughter of Gordon Gauld, of Crawfordsville, Ind., who came here a week ago with her aunt to take charge of the residence and family of E. B. Thornton, who, with his wife, is attending the exposition at Seattle, Wash. The little girl is a niece of the Thorntons and her aunt is a sister of Mrs. Thornton.

COUPLE WEDDED AMID STALAGMITES IN CAVE.

Boonville, Ind., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—George A. Lutz, a young newspaper man, was married yesterday to Miss Mabel Hartloff, of Chandler, in Marengo Cave. Lutz is employed at the Polk Patch mines and his fascination for underground scenery caused him to have the ceremony performed amid the stalagmites of Marengo Cave. They will reside here.

Dies Far From Relations.

Franklin, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Tom Roberts, a plasterer, of Detroit, Mich., died here to-day after a brief illness. Prior to his death he stated that he had a brother in Milwaukee who is a wealthy brewer. A telegram was sent to Milwaukee to-night. The dead man was penniless.

Wehrle Now a Constable.

George Wehrle, now deputy jailer under Herman Monroe and candidate for the office of constable in the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh wards, has been made constable to fill the position recently left vacant by the death of Joseph Short. Wehrle has been a deputy at the jail for more than a year.

HEADS OF PRINTERS ARRIVE AT JOSEPH, MO.

St. Joseph, Mo., August 2.—James M. Lynch, president; George A. Tracy, first vice president; Hugo Miller, second vice president, and J. W. Hays, secretary of the International Typographical Union, arrived to-day from Indianapolis, preparatory to the opening of the International Typographical Union's convention next Monday.

The first bicycle with pedals was made about 1840.

Ponce de Leon came all the way from Spain to Florida to find "The Fountain of Youth"

He went in the wrong direction—it was waiting for him all the while out in Colorado, where the air is so full of vim and zest and energy that a few days in the Rockies will soak your system through and through with new vitality, new ambitions and new confidence. You can get to Colorado in perfect comfort if you take the

Rock Island to the Rockies

Luxurious trains with the conveniences of the best hotels. Your vacation starts when the train starts from the Union Station.

Splendid trains every day from St. Louis, Chicago, Kansas City and Memphis; round trip tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo from St. Louis, $25; Chicago, $30; Kansas City, $17.50; Memphis, $32; on sale daily June 1st to September 30th; final return limit October 31, 1909.

You will find our booklet "Under the Turquoise Sky" and our folder "Thro' Scenic Colorado and Yellowstone Park to the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition" worth reading—free on request.

Rock Island-Frisco Lines

H. I. McGUIRE, District Pass'r Agt.
38 East 4th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

LOOKING FOR OFFICE SPACE?

Two Elevators—One Runs All Night.

And if you want the kind that has ADVERTISING VALUE and OTHER EXCLUSIVE ADVANTAGES you should call and inspect rooms in the COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING. There are five FOURTH-AVENUE ROOMS yet vacant where your name on the large windows facing the passing throngs will be a great aid to your business. It's the busiest thoroughfare in Louisville. Elevators only 15 feet from the pavement. A great help is given tenants by the published directory in The Courier-Journal and Times every day. Hot and cold water and both gases, electric light and steam heat in every room are included in the rental. More circulation of air and more abundance of daylight than any other local building. Rooms especially desirable to doctors, dentists, tailors, milliners, etc. Further details at Room 306.

Courier-Journal Office Building Directory.

Tinsley-Mayer Engraving Co.
Illustrations for Printing Purposes.
Entire North End of Fifth Floor.

Western Union Telegraph Co.
Branch in Rear Lobby Entrance.

Louisville Loan Co.
Room 1 Second Floor.

Drs. Orendorf & Weber.
Suite 203-204-205. Second Floor.
Hours: 9 to 6 and 7 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12.
Phones—Home 924, Main 924-A.

Dr. J. W. Clark. Dr. S. O. Carter.
Dentists.
Room 409 Fourth Floor.
Phone M. 478-A. Home Phone 5305.

H. M. Caldwell Advertising Agency.
Room 311 Third Floor.
Phone M. 1642-A.

Miss Lula M. Waflart.
Modiste and Purchasing Agent.
Room 421. Fourth Floor.

Dr. J. B. Alexander, Dr. P. A. Pennington.
Dentists.
Rooms 201-202 Third Floor.
Home Phone 1207.

Hugh L. Nevin.
Builder of Artistic Homes—General Contractor. Room 403 Fourth Floor.

Harding Detective Agency.
Expert Confidential Service. Room 406.
Office—Both Phones 2279.
Night call—Home 5478.

Mrs. M. Frazee, Dressmaking.
Fifth Floor—Suite 500, 501, 502 and 503.

Continental Casualty Co., of Chicago.
Health and Accident Insurance.
M. H. Fontaine, State Agent.
Suite 414 Fourth Floor. Home Phone 6724.

Citizens' National Life Insurance Co.
Fourth Floor. Rooms 407, 410, 411, 412, 417.

Drs. Collier & Adsit,
Room 408. Osteopaths. Fourth Floor.
Phone M. 924—Y.
Dr. J. R. Collier. Dr. B. S. Adsit.

Modern Woodmen of America.
J. W. DeHart, State Deputy.
Room 405. J. M. Clifford, District Deputy.

Fraternal Beneficial Society.
Room 405 Fourth Floor. Home Phone 6456.

Calvin Thomas & Co.
Real Estate.
Third Floor. Room 304. Phone M. 1991-A.

Madame La Rocque.
Modiste.
Rooms 422-423. Fourth Floor.

E. J. Watkins.
Fire Insurance and Surety Bonds.
Room 206 Second Floor.

Mullen & Watkins.
Surety Bonds. Room 206.

Fidelity and Deposit Company.
Surety Bonds. Room 206.

The Stolz Electrophone Co.
Incorporated.
Kentucky Agency.
H. V. Wright, Mgr. Suite 404 4th Floor.

J. C. Watson & Co.
Wall Paper—Fresco Painting.
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"TUBE" MEASURE UP TO MAYOR

Passes Lower Board At Early Morning Hour.

Messrs. Green and Schol Are Now Happy.

Committee Report a Defense of Ordinance.

CHARACTERISTIC OF FIGHT.

To the great delight of such Republican leaders as Ed B. Green, chairman of the Board of Public Safety, and the real father of the "tube" ordinance, Sheriff Charles Scholl, Capt. Foster, Capt. Loeschinger and others, the famous, ponderous instrument passed the lower board of the General Council at 12:50 o'clock this morning with a whoop. Just as the roll was being called Chairman Green, of the Board of Public Safety, entered the chamber with his sleeves rolled up and his coat on his arm, and with a smile on his face. He had just been out for a breath of air.

Chairman Krieger, of the revision committee, reported the ordinance at 8:30 o'clock, but the reading of the instrument did not begin until 9:30 o'clock, and was finished at 12:50 o'clock, when twenty members of the board voted for its passage. The absentees were Councilmen Forst, Krebs, Richardson and Schranz. The revision committee made a written report which was nothing more nor less than a defense of the "tube." The report is characteristic of the fight that has been made all along by the Grinstead administration for the ordinance. In the course of the report the committee says:

* * *

Text of Report.

"When Mr. Marshall Morris, Inspector of Buildings for the City of Louisville, entered upon his duties as Building Inspector he found that the building code was not only contradictory in many paragraphs, but was not fitted to the needs of a growing city like Louisville, and with no other purpose in view he began at once to consider a new set of building laws. He called to his assistance architects, engineers and builders who gave their time and their valuable experience in assisting him to prepare this ordinance. He sought and secured the advice of experts in the various lines of the construction and equipment of buildings, and he secured from other cities valuable information touching the construction and equipment of modern and safe sanitary buildings.

"This ordinance is the result of these combined efforts after more than six months of careful study and preparation, and in the opinion of your committee this ordinance is not surpassed by that of any city in the country. It not only provides for present needs, but in as far as scientific foresight would permit it provides for future needs of a city that will grow. This ordinance was not prepared with a view of dealing with any one particular character of building, but its general requirements were designed to cover general needs.

* * *

Glorify Measure.

"The chapter dealing with theaters and places of amusement represents the present-day ideas of the best architects, engineers and builders, and follows closely the lines of similar regulations in the most progressive cities in the country.

"The much-discussed question of the length of the corridor of a theater has been carefully considered, and it is the opinion of experts that the length of a corridor should not determine the relative safety of a theater building. This opinion is voiced in the ordinances of practically every great city in the country. In fact, there is but one city, namely, Minneapolis, in which any requirement is made concerning the length of theater corridors. The width of an exit, in the opinion of experts, is the all important feature, and in this ordinance ample provision has been made for the safety of the public in this respect. In many other vital ways this ordinance looks to the safe-guarding of the public, and its enforcement will insure to the citizens of Louisville safer and more sanitary buildings of every character."

* * *

Real Jollification.

The stunt of reading and listening to the bulky piece of building literature was made the source of a real jollification among the members of the board. Coats were laid aside and Clerk C. B. Nordeman, of the lower board; Joe D. Bradburn, clerk of the upper board; Otto Yost, City Buyer, and Chief Tyson, of the fire department, did the reading act in relays.

At 11:30 o'clock sandwiches and cigars were brought in and they were devoured with great vim. Continuously members drifted out into the open during the reading. Councilman Bradford even took time enough to go over and see how affairs were being conducted at the School Board.

Harry Browning was about to flicker toward the end and told some of the members that he would never get to his home up on the Point, but he was told that there were police patrol wagons and even automobiles at the command of the members of the Council as long as Chairman Ed Green, of the Board of Safety, lingered about. This was enough for Harry. He stayed and voted. No members voted with greater force in voice than did Councilmen Cohen and Bradford. Both yelled out "Sure" when their names were called. Councilman Otto could not refrain from taking a seat on the rostrum with President Buyer.

* * *

Sheriff Scholl Happy.

There was not a happier man in the chamber than Sheriff Scholl. He heaved a great sigh when the vote was taken and looked as if the passage of the ordinance meant his re-election as Sheriff of Jefferson county. No sooner had Otto Yost read the last word of the ponderous affair than a dozen moved that the ordinance be put on its passage. In a jiffy Clerk Nordeman was calling the roll, and it was soon all over.

Nothing remains now but the Mayor's signature to make the ordinance a law. The Mayor likely will attach his name to the instrument the first thing this morning when he arrives at his office.

MAYOR'S VETO

Tabled By Members of Board of Aldermen.

The Mayor's veto of the Fetter franchise came up in the Board of Aldermen last night, and after a reading the members present, F. A. Reichert, Charles A. Hess, Ernest Horn, J. R. Kirwan, Henry Panke, J. Duff Reed, J. M. Scott, Theophilus Stern and A. P. Vogt, tabled the paper by a vote of five to three. Mr. Panke passed. As was expected, not a little oratory was expended in the laying aside of the paper, and Mr. Kirwan led off. He said that he had studied the Mayor's letter at length, and that to him the idea of increasing the $500 franchise rate was exorbitant and absurd. The argument put forth that the competition against the Louisville Gas Company, in which corporation the city has considerable stock, was reducing the dividend the city reaped, and thereby was making necessary a higher rate of taxation, he refuted by the statement that the competition more than offset the increase in tax rate by the reduction of heat and light rates. He concluded by moving that the veto be tabled, and this was seconded by Alderman Stern. Messrs. Reed, Horn and Stern followed with talks along the same line, but Mr. Scott, while not debating with the others on the merits of the case, said that the board could do nothing, since the Mayor had vetoed the franchise and the lower board had sustained it, and that nothing was to be gained by the tabling again of the veto.

In the final vote he was one of the "nays."

* * *

Garbage Ordinance.

Mr. Reed next introduced an ordinance providing that all ashes, trash, garbage and other refuse matter must be put in receptacles with closely fitting covers thereon, when placed in or on any street, sidewalk or alley in the city of Louisville for removal by the city's dump wagons. Without any discussion this proposal was referred to the committee on health for investigation.

An ordinance to stop the selling, buying, trading or otherwise transferring registration certificates and to make such transfers a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than $50 and not more than $100, was introduced by Mr. Stern. As everybody seemed to take the passage of the ordinance for granted, Mr. Reed took occasion to heartily commend the movement. In this he said that the only objection he had to the ordinance was that the penalty was too light. "Anyone who connives in such dirty work ought to be hanged!" he shouted, amid howls of laughter from his conferes. The ordinance was passed unanimously without further ado.

Next came the ordinance providing for a license for all chauffeurs and automobile drivers, which had been introduced by Mr. Stern. This provides that all "shofurs" shall pay an initial fee of $3 for a license and a metal tag to be issued by the Sinking Fund office. The applicants shall be placed under a bond of $500, and no one under 18 years of age shall be eligible. After the first issuance there shall be no further fees, but each year the holder shall procure a renewal. The ordinance was unanimously passed.

* * *

Deputy Assessors.

The report of the City Assessor in which he named his assistants for the coming autumn, namely: George A. Hikes, J. B. Steedman, Joseph Schene, Edward J. Reiss, Kellar Williamson, Louis Marrillia, Gus L. Heicken, Fred Nicholson, J. E. Timmons and J. F. Dabney, was referred to the finance committee and held over until the next meeting. The resolution to direct the Mayor to execute the deed for the sale of the house and lot formerly occupied by the No. 1 hook and ladder company, at Eighth and Grayson streets, to Edward P. Wolf and S. J. Wolf, was unanimously adopted. The pay-roll and vouchers were adopted with little comment. But the Treasurer's report was filed until the next meeting, and at this point Mr. Reed, as has been his custom, got out his ax and began on the appropriation for the auditing of the books of the telephone companies.

It will be remembered that $1,800 was provided some time ago to engage auditing experts to investigate the financial conditions of various local corporations—well, Mr. Reed declares that the auditing people or whoever is paying out the money for the work, has already disannexed something like $4,000.

"We'll all be in jail if this thing goes on," he asserted. Nobody looked scared. Then came the recommitment of the ordinance introduced by Mr. Kirwan, providing for the registration of births on reports to be made by physicians, midwives or accouchers within fifteen days after birth. This provision goes on to specify that a complete description of the infant, including its name, must be registered in the health office, together with the age, name, names of parents, temperament and numerous other intimate things relating to the mother and father of the youngster in question. It also provides for the registration of all physicians, midwives and accouchers, and a penalty of $5 to $20 for violations. It looked easy until Mr. Reed rallied to the defense of the mother. As he expressed himself, the talk developed into a regular panegyric of motherhood and womanhood generally.

* * *

Mr. Reed Grows Eloquent.

"It's ungallant, crude and inquisitorial to demand that the mother divulge the secret of her heart and tell her age. Of what benefit is it to the health department and to the world at large to know how old the mother happens to be, the color of her hair, eyes and teeth, and to have a complete description of her birthmarks, disposition and dental work?" propounded Mr. Reed. Not an answer was vouchsafed, and he went on:

"I dare say all of us, at one time or another, have committed the indiscretion of asking or suggesting the age of some fair acquaintance." As a titter went around the circle, "and I venture that even Mr. President has done such a thing in his inexperienced days, and then immediately has seen the crassness of his act and become so embarrassed that he wanted to crawl into a hole." When "Mr. President" smilingly "begged to differ," the rotund aldermanic tummies shook with the expressions of risibles. Then Mr. Reed sat down, and Mr. Kirwan asked for the withdrawal of his protege, that it might be referred for amendments, to the committee on health.

The revised ordinance providing that the transferrance of personal property and goods of one department to another shall be made with transfer slips and a monthly checking up—eliminating a suffocating mass of red tape, was passed. Mr. Reed next brought forth an insurance payroll, but held up the salary appropriation of one of the corporations because there was no detailed itemizing attached. The passage of the voucher was made according to his suggestion.

The charter amendment committee then introduced the resolution asking for the abolishment of the office of Bond Recorder. This was the cue for several of the members to speak their lines, but again Mr. Reed eclipsed his fellows with a really worthy and serious discussion of the question. He spoke of the hardship the present system worked on the destitute class of people who by their limitations and associations were prone to break the laws and thus require the services of the Bond Recorder. In the resolution it is suggested that two extra clerks be attached to the office of the Clerk of the Police Court and that instead of the present high fee of $2 applicants for bonds will be assessed only 25 cents. The resolution was unanimously adopted, but it is understood pretty generally that the change cannot go into effect until the General Assembly of Kentucky makes a statutory provesion.

* * *

Drainage Connections.

An amending ordinance, introduced by Mr. Horn and approved by the sewer committee for the Eastern district, provided that the owner of every occupied house shall connect all drains into the sewer. No dry wells or cesspools are to be permitted on premises, and a penalty of $10 to $25 shall be made for each offense. Mr. Panke objected to the provisions of this ordinance, saying that he knew of sections of the city which have been without water supply for a month.

Mr. Reed also stated that certain kinds of dry wells should be permitted, providing nothing but pure water fills them.

"Thus," he said, "I have a dry well under my house for sanitary purposes, but no drainage or sewerage ever goes into it. I think that the ordinance should be more explanatory and specific."

It was finally put to a question, but at that time the president discovered that some of the members of the board had made for the open air and there was not a quorum present. The ordinance was then, of necessity, referred until the next meeting, and the motion to adjourn until Wednesday, August 11, was sustained.

RAILWAY FRANCHISE

Ordinance Introduced In the Lower Board.

President Elmer Buyer called the lower board of the General Council together at 8 o'clock last night. The first business was the adoption of an adjourning resolution until August 11. The Board of Public Works sent up for consideration an ordinance seeking to close the ten-foot alley between Jefferson and Green streets and Floyd and Preston streets. The ordinance was referred to the committee on street improvements.

The next business was the reading of a contract executed in triplicate by the city of Louisville, the Rt. Rev. William George McCloskey, bishop of the diocese, and the Harris Engineering Company. The contract calls for the construction of a concrete wall around the Western and Catholic cemeteries on West Jefferson street. The cost of the wall around the Catholic cemetery is to be paid by Bishop McCloskey. The cost per cubic yard for the excavation and concrete was stipulated in the contract, but not the estimate cost of the entire work.

Practically all of the payrolls and vouchers for the month of July were reported favorably and allowed and approved. The two amended Fetter franchise ordinances providing for the grant to supply refrigeration and steam heat were passed by a unanimous vote. The ordinances have been knocking around the General Council for several months. Before their passage the measures were reported favorably out of the committee on gas and water. The amendments were attached to them in the Board of Aldermen.

* * *

Assessment Ordinance.

An ordinance providing for the next assessment of city property, which will begin September -, under the direction of City Assessor Louis Summers, was passed by a unanimous vote. The last revised appropriation ordinance for the fiscal year, which ends this month, was brought before the board by City Controller Sam P. Wilhite, was read and passed. Since the first appropriation ordinance of the fiscal year was passed back tax collections have raised the estimated amount of funds for all city purposes $37,233.02. This money is now available. The grand total appropriations for all purposes for the year was $2,122,211.65.

The revision committee reported without comment a corrected Horn flour ordinance. It passed by practically a unanimous vote. The ordinance makes it compulsory upon the millers to mark the weight of flour on the outside of the sacks. The measure is now ready for the Mayor's signature. Alderman Frank Reichert's traffic ordinance, which is a police measure, was reported favorably out of the grievance committee by Councilman J. H. Browning, its chairman. The ordinance passed the body by a unanimous vote. It is comprehensive in its provisions for the regualtion of all kinds of traffic. It is now ready for the consideration of Mayor Grinstead.

The Board of Aldermen sent in two ordinances. One provides a penalty of $50 to $100 for purchasing or attempting to purchase registration certificates. The measure is temporarily resting in the hands of the revision committee, headed by Councilman Julius Kreiger. The other of the two ordinances provides for licensing automobile chauffeurs at $3 a year. It also will be considered by the revision committee. Councilman Struss introduced a new annexation ordinance, which was referred. It provides for the annexation of territory in the southeastern part of the city. The section is on the east side of F street, from Lawton street to Flat Lick road.

Street Railway Franchise.

Councilman Arthur A. Will wound up the proceedings that went before the placing of the new building code ordinance on its passage by the introduction of an ordinance providing for a franchise for a street railway on Chestnut street, between Twenty-seventh and Forty-fifth streets. This is an extension of the West Chestnut-street line of the Louisville Railway Company. The upset price for the grant mentioned in the ordinance is $1,000. The bond is $10,000. The ordinance further provides that the highest bidder shall be the purchaser of the franchise and that the owner shall pay the city $100 a year for the first five years of the life of the charter, $250 a year for the next five years and $500 a year for the last ten years.

Councilman Herman Volkerding said there had been no request for the franchise by any street railway company.

"The people in that part of the city want service," is the way he explained the ordinance which Councilman Will had introduced. "So far the Louisville Railway Company has refused to extend its lines. We hope to force its hands with this measure. If it don't purchase it perhaps someone else will, but we believe that the company will buy it in and build the line that is needed."

The ordinance appears to be in the nature of an invitation and its terms seem far from being harsh.

GREAT SCHOOL FOR FRANKFORT

PRESIDENT PATTERSON FAVORS USE OF THE OLD STATE BUILDINGS.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Hopes of the citizens of Frankfort for the establishment of a great law and normal school in the old State Capitol and other State buildings on the public square were revived to-night when the president, James K. Patterson, of State University, in answer to the direct question, said he favored the plan, but thought they should be branches of State University. He said that he understood that there was to be a great central normal school here when the Eastern and Western Normal Schools were established.

It has been suspected that objection to the plan would come from State University, but President Patterson says that the bluegrass section of the State needs a normal school, especially to prepare teachers to enter the department of education of State University to qualify as teachers for high schools, and he heartily indorses the movement.

SPORTSMEN WANT POND STOCKED WITH FISH.

Believe They Have Found Ideal Body of Water In Cherokee Park.

At the meeting of the Kentucky Fish and Game Protective Association, at its headquarters, Liberty Hall, 213 West Walnut street, last night, a committee was appointed to confer with the Board of Park Commissioners relative to the stocking and enlarging of a pond in Cherokee Park. The pond is several acres in area and would make an admirable place for fishing.

Letters were read from sportsmen throughout the State, expressing themselves as being in sympathy with the organization and heartily indorsing their purpose.

The association at present has 175 members and at every meeting at least ten applications for membership are received for membership. The officers of the association are Joseph T. Sachs, president; Benjamen Folsom, vice president; Emile Pragoff, treasurer, and E. H. Nobbe, secretary.

TAILORS STRIKE BY THE THOUSANDS.

New York Men and Women Hope To Secure Restoration of Old Wages.

New York, Aug. 2.—After a mass meeting held this afternoon, most of the coat-tailors in New York walked out on a strike with the hope of forcing employers to restore a 20 per cent. wage reduction made during the financial stringency of 1907. The number out is variously estimated at from 15,000 to 30,000, including about 5,000 women. The Brooklyn Coat Tailors have been on a strike for a week.

Unrest among the garment workers here is almost chronic, and the strike occasioned no great surprise.

SEVENTY-FIVE BABIES WILL BE IN THIS SHOW.

Eagles' day at Fontaine Ferry to-day promises to be one of the biggest and best of the season at the popular resort. The orphans will be the special guests of the Eagles at the outing.

Additional attractions are being added to the already interesting and amusing programme. The latest feature secured is Baumeister's trained wild animals. Seventy-three entries have been received to the baby show and each child will receive a prize. The committee to award the prizes has been announced as follows: Joseph M. Huffaker, Judge Charles A. Wilson, Judge James P. Gregory, Judge Samuel Kirby and Nick Vaughan.

SHERMAN WILL VOTE AYE IF HE HAS CHANCE.

Utica, N. Y., Aug. 2.—"I am quite sure that the tariff bill will pass the Senate successfully," said Vice President Sherman here to-day. "If the vote is so close that I am compelled to decide a tie I shall, of course, cast my vote for the adoption of the conference report. But I don't think that will be necessary. The situation compels an optimistic point of view."

Mr. Sherman returned to Washington this afternoon.

File Bankruptcy Petition.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 2.—Stanley Bros., of Columbus, Ky., filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States Court here to-day. The firm's liabilities are $11,190.89 with assets of $7,400. The largest creditors are St. Louis concerns.

WORK GOES ON

Health Officers Pleased With Progress of Campaign.

INDIANA HERDS MUST SUBMIT TO TUBERCULIN TEST,

OTHERWISE THEIR MILK CANNOT COME TO KENTUCKY.

SANITARY EXPERT INVITED.

Mrs. Caroline Bartlett Crane, of Kalamazoo, Mich., the female apostle of civic improvement, who was here several months ago at the behest of the Federated Woman's Clubs and the county health officers, may be induced to return here again this fall to assist the health officials in the efforts to bring about perfect sanitation. At a joint meeting of the health officers of Kentucky and Indiana yesterday afternoon, held in Dr. B. W. Smock's office in the courthouse, the Kentucky officials discussed the advisability of securing Mrs. Crane this fall. No definite action was taken on the matter, however, but it is likely that Mrs. Crane will be approached later on.

Dr. B. W. Smock, County Health Officer, has been in correspondence with Mrs. Crane for some time past, but it is not known whether the health officials will be successful in getting her to return here again. It was said last night by Dr. J. W. McCormack, the secretary of the Kentucky State Board of Health, that Mrs. Crane came here reluctantly on her first visit, but the health officials hope to secure her services nevertheless. In case they are successful, Mrs. Crane will spend three weeks at least in Louisville inspecting the sewerage system, after which she will visit one or two other important points in the State.

* * *

Only Pure Imported Milk.

At the joint meeting yesterday the all-important question of allowing only milk from tuberculin-tested cows in Louisville was discussed. The representatives of Indiana agreed to co-operate with the local men in the work they have in hand. By unanimous vote Dr. McCormack was commissioned to notify all dairymen in the State of Indiana, who have been shipping milk to Louisville, that they must allow the tuberculin test to be applied to their herds else their product will be excluded from the city and State. Dr. T. H. Baker, city health officer, will take action against Indiana dairymen who decline to accept the terms laid down at the meeting.

In order to assist the local health officials the men from Indiana yesterday announced that they will call a meeting of all county health officers in the immediate future and lay the proposition before them. When this meeting is called to order, either in Jeffersonville or New Albany, Dr. Baker, Dr. Frank T. Eisenman, State veterinarian, and Dr. Smock will be present. Dr. Grace and Dr. Burleson, the two United States Government experts, who were sent here recently, may also find it convenient to attend this conference.

Decidedly one of the most important questions at the meeting was that introduced allowing all dairymen in Louisville and the State who so desire to isolate cows that have been condemned. This step is taken because complaints have been made that the dairymen have no opportunity to guard against financial loss when their condemned animals are slaughtered. Dr. McCormack said after the meeting that the owners of cows that react after the test have been applied may now separate the infected animals from their herds in case they do not want them killed.

* * *

Dairymen Better Satisfied.

This will likely remove a great deal of the opposition that the health officials have met with since the work of testing cows actively begun. The rule adopted at the meeting, however, does not apply to all animals with tuberculosis. In cases where the disease is only local the meat can be used, and it is these cows that the health officials will allow a stay of sentence so the owner can get as large a price for the meat as possible. Where the disease is general, however, or where the case is so far developed that the meat is infected, the animals will be killed at once. In no case will the officials allow any of the milk to be used.

The Indiana men at the meeting yesterday were very enthusiastic over the work which started not so very long ago. They declared that they will petition the United States Government to send two experts here to look after Southern Indiana to assist the health officials in stamping out disease from infected milk, as Dr. Grace and Dr. Burleson are doing here in Louisville and Jefferson county.

Dr. McCormack says that the members of the Kentucky State Board of Health are well pleased with the great progress that has been made. He said that the opposition to the work in hand is disappearing rapidly and predicts that the movement to get better sanitation here will grow from now on. At the end of this week the board will issue a complete list of the names of those dairymen here whose herds have stood the tuberculin test so the people can know where to apply for pure milk.

The following are the names of those officials who were present at the meeting: Dr. J. N. Hurty, executive officer of the State Board of Health of Indiana; Mr. W. Marshall Varble, secretary of the Clark County Board of Health; Dr. N. McCormack, secretary of the State Board of Health of Kentucky; Dr. B. W. Smock, of the County Board of Health; Dr. F. T. Eisenman, State Veterinarian, and Dr. T. H. Baker, City Health Officer.

Notice was served on Gov. Augustus E. Willson yesterday by the authorities in power at Washington that the State of Kentucky will be quarantined within the near future to protect other adjoining States against what is known as scabbies, a disease prevalent among sheep. In a letter to Dr. Frank T. Eisenman, State Veterinarian, yesterday, A. D. Melvin, chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry, stated that the quarantine will be declared soon, after which no Kentucky sheep will be allowed to leave the State without first having been pronounced safe by experts.

Should the quarantine be declared, as Dr. Eisenman believes it will, it means that owners and breeders of sheep in Kentucky will suffer large financial losses. In fact it will be nothing short of a calamity, for Louisville boasts the distinction of being the largest sheep market in the world. The trade and movement will depreciate to such an extent in case the order is issued from Washington, that it will not pay livestock men to invest in sheep at all.

According to Dr. McCormack, the secretary of the Kentucky State Board of Health, there is but one way out of the difficulty. That is for Gov. Willson to use his influence toward getting the County Health officers all over the State to arrange to have their sheep dipped in a solution which will rid them of the disease or protect them from contagion. Dr. McCormack says that the State Board of Health must depend upon appropriations to cover the expenses of inspections by assistant veterinarians and also to defray the costs of dipping the diseased sheep.

Dr. McCormack added that if the County Health officials all over the State will get together without further delay they can avoid the impending catastrophe at less than half of what it will cost them if the quarantine is declared. The sheep can all be dipped for a nominal sum and allowed to pass out of the State to outside markets.

In Louisville sheep are dipped for 5 and 6 cents a head. The solution of sulphur used can be obtained at a small cost by the farmers who will be asked to take immediate action in the matter before it is too late.

The letter to Dr. Eisenman by Mr. Melvin yesterday follows:

Dr. F. T. Eisenman, State Veterinarian, Louisville, Ky.—Sir: Referring to your letter of November 21, 1908, the substance of which was approved by Dr. J. M. Mathews, president State Board of Health, and to your letter of December 17, 1908, you are informed that the Secretary of Agriculture has to-day advised the Governor of Kentucky that on account of the prevalence of the disease of sheep known as scabbies in the State of Kentucky and the absence of State control of the movement of infected or exposed sheep within the State, it will in the near future be necessary to quarantine that State and require that Kentucky sheep be dipped before they are moved interstate, or in case of shipments of exposed sheep, require that the cars be placarded and the billing marked in accordance with the regulations.

The necessity for this action is regretted, but it seems unavoidable in order that the sheep industry of other States may be protected, and it is hoped that the bureau will be assisted by the officers of the State Board of Health in the enforcement of the quarantine. As soon as a State law is enacted in Kentucky permitting of department co-operation with State officials in the eradication of sheep scabbies within the State such co-operation will no doubt be willingly accorded, in so far as the means made available will permit. Very respectfully,

A. D. MELVIN, Chief of Bureau.

DRY SPELL BEGINS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

On August 17 All "Wet" Counties Will Vote On the Liquor Question.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 2.—At sunset to-day every dispensary in South Carolina closed its doors—some of them probably permanently, the others for a period of about three weeks or a month. Two weeks from to-day every wet county in the State will have a chance to speak on the liquor question.

At midnight to-night an especially stringent liquor law took effect, providing a fine of at least $100 or imprisonment for three months or more for the first conviction for the illegal sale of liquor and imprisonment of from one to five years without alternative fine for the second offense.

MUSIC LOVERS

HAVE THEIR INNING AT GLENWOOD PARK TO-NIGHT.

Chautauqua Assembly Continues To Attract Large Crowds—To-day's Programmes.

An audience of music lovers from Louisville and the Indiana falls cities which will easily eclipse any crowd yet on record at the Falls Cities' Chautauqua at Glenwood Park, is expected to-night to hear the Hinshaw Grand Opera quartet. A musical quartet without a peer of this character, the Hinshaw Company has been the recipient of ovation after ovation everywhere it has appeared. At the May music festival, in Nashville, Tenn., this year, the music critics assembled from the country over accorded the organization unstinted praise.

The members appear in costume and they will devote a full evening to different acts and scenes from operas and oratoris, respectively, such as "Martha," "Faust," "Fra Diavolo," "Il Trovatore," and "Cavalleria Rusticana." In addition, the Hungarian orchestra will be heard.

The afternoon programme includes "Bill Bone," humorous lecturer; the Hungarian orchestra; Henry Reilly, character impersonator, and other attractive features.

The management of the Chautauqua expresses its thorough appreciation of the patronage extended so far. The character of the crowds in attendance is one of the inducements to others to attend. The Educational Conference this morning, in connection with the Teachers' Institute, will be made interesting by the introduction of talent from the regular programme.

The Louisville public, this year, is manifesting more interest in the programme than at any time during former years. A large number were present last evening to hear Mrs. Lulu Tyler Gates, the reader and impersonator of the First Christian church, Louisville.

YOUTH AND FATHER ARE LANDED IN JAIL.

Former Charged With Highway Robbery and Latter With Having Resisted Officer.

Patrolmen O'Hearn and Bryan arrested John Thomas, 19 years of age, on the charges of highway robbery and interfering with an officer and his father, Samuel Thomas, on charges of interfering with an officer and disorderly conduct last night at 6:20 o'clock at the Thomas home, Twelfth and Zane streets.

It is alleged that John Thomas and a boy called "Snitch," held up Cecil Strater, 18 years of age, who lives at Twenty-sixth and Dumesnil streets, early Sunday night on Ormsby street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

Last night when Patrolmen O'Hearn and Bryan went to arrest young Thomas, his father is alleged to have interfered with the officers and a general "scrap" was started. The officers finally succeeded in landing the men. Young Thomas, when seen at the county jail last night, denied the charge of highway robbery and said he knew nothing about it.

JEWELRY FOUND IN SALESMAN'S TRUNK.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 2.—Jewelry valued at $3,500 was found to-day by the police in the home of Frank Rosbach, who was arrested last week in Cleveland on the charge of stealing $700 worth of jewelry from the firm of W. A. Sturgeon & Co., which was recently succeeded by Hannan & Co. C. S. Hannan, of the latter firm, declares that the Sturgeon & Co. stock was found $17,000 short, and it is believed to have been stolen.

Rosbach was a salesman for Sturgeon & Co. His examination was set for August 10.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR SALTON SEA FLOODS FIXED.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 2.—Responsibility for the Salton sea floods of 1905 and 1906 was finally fixed to-day by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. The ruling affirms the decision of the District Court in the case of the California Development Company against the New Liverpool Salt Company, which holds that the in-takes constructed by the Development Company were improperly built. The Southern Pacific Company, which did the work with the approval of President Roosevelt, has presented a bill for $2,000,000 to the Government.

EDDIE BOYLE IS CUT IN A FRACAS.

Following a heated political argument, Eddie Boyle, who lives at 121 north Fourth avenue, was cut in an alley near the river, between Third and Fourth avenues. Boyle was taken into a saloon nearby, by men who had been sitting i nthe alley with him, and was taken from there to the city hospital in the ambulance. After his wounds had been dressed at the hospital, he was removed to his home. The cutting is said to have been done by John Davis, who escaped.

IMMUNITY GRANTED TO LIQUOR PURCHASERS.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 2.—By a vote of 50 to 11 the House to-day passed a bill amending the State-wide prohibition act so as to grant immunity from prosecution to witnesses who testify that they have bought intoxicating liquors. The State-wide law makes purchasers as guilty as sellers, and has caused great trouble in securing convictions.

NEW BANK ORGANIZED AT ELIZABETHTOWN, TENN.

Bristol, Tenn., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—The First National Bank of Elizabethton, Tenn., has been organized, with $50,000 capital stock. H. E. Jones, of the Dominion National Bank here, and other Bristol people are interested.

THE COURIER-JOURNAL
(DAILY AND SUNDAY)
THE LOUISVILLE TIMES
(EVERY WEEK-DAY AFTERNOON)
Louisville's Representative Newspapers
THE DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL is up-to-date in everything; prints all the news as it develops; the best market reports—the best of everything—ten to sixteen pages daily. THE SUNDAY COURIER-JOURNAL consists of from forty to sixty pages, with a handsomely-illustrated sixteen-page Magazine.
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EVERYBODY SHOULD READ THESE REAL NEWSPAPERS.

GOV. HUGHES TALKS OF NATION'S FUTURE

DEMAGOGY HANDICAPPED BY SUCCESS OF DEMOCRACY.

VISITS ALASKA-YUKON-PACIFIC EXPOSITION.

HONOR GUEST AT BANQUET.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 2.—Closing a busy day at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, where New York day was celebrated, Gov. Charles E. Hughes was the guest of honor at a banquet given to-night in the New York State building by the exposition management.

During the day Gov. Hughes visited the various exhibit buildings, delivered an address and held a public reception.

In his address to-day Gov. Hughes said:

"Sometimes we hear men telling us that we do not have very much respect for law in this country as compared with some other countries. If you are to have respect for law in this country the law must be based upon those sentiments which win common appreciation because of their justice and their fairness. There is no danger of socialism here. The reason is that the average American boy to-day, the same as fifty years ago, starts out from his home to see what he can make of himself and he wants the reward honesty and perseverance entitle him to.

"There is no chance for demagogy on any large scale either because of the growing appreciation of justice and its essential relation to the success of Democracy. We are to be ruled by intelligent public opinion. We are safeguarded by extraordinary bulwarks of conservatism in this country in our constitutional provisions, but our security is not in the Constitution, however secure or difficult to change. Our security is in the educated intelligence of the average man and his appreciation of what is due to his neighbor.

"We have diversities of laws and there is one of the great projects of the future. There was opened up by the late President of the United States a wide avenue of opportunity when he called that conference of Governors in Washington a year ago. We have needed to come together as the representatives of the people of the respective Commonwealths and to talk over not what shall be done, but can be best done locally, so that we may realize two bonds of unity, one through Federal relationship and another through State harmony, made possible by our conception of our common interest and by increase in the facilities of current exchanges."

MARRIED WOMAN KILLED BY FARMER.

Love Spurned By Victim Who Was Living Apart From Her Husband.

Danville, Va., Aug. 2.—As a result of spurned love, Ben Russell, a farmer about 50 years of age, this afternoon shot and killed Mrs. Annie Tankersly, aged 30 years, in the presence of two of her children and then emptied the remaining barrel of his shotgun into his own head.

The double tragedy was enacted on the farm of Mrs. Tankersly at Luck, twenty miles east of Chatham. Mrs. Tankersly has for some time been living apart from her husband, whose whereabouts is unknown. Ben Russell was a tenant on the place and was known to have been violently in love with Mrs. Tankesly.

On Wednesday the two had a quarrel and Mrs. Tankersly ordered Russell off the place. On Saturday he went to her house and fired at her twice with a shotgun, both shots being ineffective. He made another unsuccessful attempt to kill her this morning.

Russell has had an adventurous career. Several years ago he was in love with a young woman and in a jealous rage he fired at her. For this crime he served a year in the penitentiary.

DEVOUT CATHOLICS RECEIVE SACRAMENT.

The devotion of the Portiuncula, or the gaining of a plenary indulgence by visiting the church after having received the sacrament of penance and the eucharist, was observed Sunday and yesterday by many Catholics in the Franciscan churches. In addition to these, it was observed in St. Vincent de Paul's, St. Mary Magdalene's and St. Martin's churches, which had received a special dispensation from the Pope. The observance began at sunset Sunday and closed at the same time yesterday, and is always kept on August 2. It is said to have its origin in the appearance of the Lord to St. Francis, when He told the saint that whatever favor he asked at that time would be granted. The boon asked was that all who worshiped at his little church at Assisi would be granted the remission of the punishment of sin. This remission can be obtained only after the sin itself has been forgiven through the sacrament of penance and the eucharist.

HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE ATTEND THE OPENING.

The Becht Piano Company Will Continue To Receive Callers To-day and To-night.

Hundreds of persons attended the opening of the Becht Piano Company, in its new quarters on Fourth avenue, just beyond the Mary Anderson Theater, yesterday and last night. There was music and flowers in abundance, and the new store is a finely appointed one. The owners of the store were so much delighted with the interest that the Louisville people took in the opening yesterday that they decided to continue it to-day. All callers will be treated with the utmost courtesy and will be shown through the large establishment. The piano display is one of the handsomest ever seen in Louisville. The instruments are of the very latest designs and are models of beauty.

BENJAMIN F. SUMMERS DIES AT SANITARIUM.

Benjamin Franklin Summers, 64 years of age, died at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Dr. Board's sanitarium, 1412 South Sixth street, of complications. He had been ill for some time and in a serious condition since last May.

He is survived by five daughters: Mrs. W. T. Hood, of 618 South Sixth street, with whom he made his home; Mrs. L. S. Hines, Miss Mattie Summers, of Charleston, W. Va.; Mrs. R. A. Smith, of Dallas, Tex., and Miss Nancy Summers and one son, Mr. J. L. Summers, of Richmond, Ky. He also is survived by seven brothers living in the southern part of the State.

The funeral services will take place from the chapel of Lee C. Cralle, at Sixth and Chestnut streets, this afternoon at 5 o'clock and the body will be sent to Smith's Grove, Ky., for burial.

FALL FROM PORCH RESULTS IN AGED WOMAN'S DEATH.

Mrs. Eliza Lottich, 85 years old, who fell off of a porch last Saturday a week ago, died yesterday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jacob Inninger, 220 South Campbell street, from the injuries and shock sustained in the fall. Mrs. Lottich fell off the porch at the home of Mrs. John Schoenlaub, whom she was visiting, and broke both bones of her left leg. She is survived only by Mrs. Inninger. The funeral arrangements have not been completed.

STANDARD MAKES A BIG PURCHASE.

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 2.—The Standard Oil Company is reported to have closed a deal involving $2,500,000 by purchasing the holdings of the Big Creek Development Company in the Griffithsville field, Lincoln county. It is stated that the deal was made following the recent visit here of John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

DROUTH WILL RAISE PRICE OF MILK.

New York, Aug. 2.—Unless there is a good rain within a few days, milk prices in the East will attain a figure not reached in years, according to dairymen who have been hit by the drouth. New York, New Jersey and most of the New England States are affected.

If relief is not forthcoming soon the retail price of milk will probably be raised. The wholesale price of milk has risen from $1.75@1.90 to $3@4 a can in the last week or so.

JUDGE BETHEA DIES OF PARALYSIS.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—S. H. Bethea, United States Judge for the Northern district of Illinois, died early this morning of paralysis of the heart. He had been sick for several months.

SALM BOUGHT BY LOUISVILLE CLUB

$1,000 SAID TO HAVE BEEN PAID FOR THE WHEELING FIRST BASEMAN.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Walter P. Salm, first baseman of the Wheeling Central League Club, was sold to-day by the local management to the Louisville team of the American Association. The consideration is said to be $1,000.

Salm played with the Fort Worth team of the Texas League last year and led the league in batting with an average of .315.

Salm lives in Corsicana, Tex., during the winter months and early in the spring plays with the major league teams who practice in the South.

Mr. and Mrs. Salm have departed for Louisville, having left the city late last evening.

SHRINER SESSION COST THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

Kosair Executive Committee Reports That It Spent $55,000 On Entertainment and Decorations.

The deepest echo from the Shriner session held in Louisville comes in the report of the executive committee, which shows that between $45,000 and $55,000 was spent by Kosair Temple. The committee has a balance of $2,680 in the treasury. When it is remembered that the general public was not called on to contribute to the entertainment fund, the fact that a balance was left at all is significant of the management of the monster meeting.

The city contributed $10,000 to the fund and the remainder was raised by Kosair Temple, with some assistance by the hotels and the Louisville Railway Company. No compensation was given to any member of the committee for his work, although the duties were continuous and arduous for many months. The $2,680 balance will be turned over to the treasury of Kosair Temple. Frank Fehr was chairman, John H. Cowles was vice chairman, Henry Jefferson was treasurer and William E. Ryan was secretary of the executive committee.

Succumbs To Typhoid.

Elkton, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Samuel Foster, a farmer, 24 years old, died this afternoon of typhoid fever. He was the son of Magistrate F. S. Foster, of Elkton. Besides his father he is survived by two sisters and three brothers.

PENNSYLVANIA WILL EXPEND MILLIONS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 2.—Contracts were awarded to-day by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for freight cars to cost between $8,000,000 and $9,000,000. The cars will replace old equipment on the lines east of Pittsburg and Erie.

NOVELIST HOWELLS IN POOR HEALTH.

Eliot, Me., Aug. 2.—William Dean Howells, the author, who has been spending the summer at his country place here, is said to be in very poor health. He will sail next week with his daughter, Mildred, for Carlsbad.

FORMER OWNER OF PHILADELPHIA PRESS DEAD.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 2.—Calvil Wells, aged 86 years, former owner of the Philadelphia Press and former partner of the firm of Hussey, Wells & Company, New Philadelphia, died here to-night.

Plans For Bowling Tournament.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 2.—The Detroit Bowling Tournament Company closed a deal for a number of up-to-date continuous alleys with pin setters, to-day, to be used at the tenth annual international bowling congress of the American Bowling Congress, which will be held at the Wayne pavilion, February 26 to March 14, inclusive. The tournament company is now incorporated.

Wintersmith's Tonic has been used for the past twenty years and never found wanting. Your druggist has it.

BASEBALL MAGNATES ELECT NEW PRESIDENT

John A. Heydler Selected To Fill Out Unexpired Term Caused By Harry Pulliam's Death.

WELL QUALIFIED TO TAKE CHARGE OF OFFICE.

National League To Erect Monument To the Late Official.

[illegible]EARY GOES TO HIS ESTATE.

LOCAL CLUB STARTS DEALS TO BUY TWO PLAYERS FROM BIG LEAGUE CLUBS.

PROMINENT MEN PRESENT.

SOME FACTS ABOUT PRESIDENT HEYDLER.

JOHN ARNOLD HEYDLER, the new president of the National League, has been its secretary since 1902. He was born in Lafargeville, N. Y., July 10, 1869. He learned the printing trade in Rochester and later went to Washington, where he was employed by the Government.

For three years Mr. Heydler was one of the substitute umpires of the National League. While sporting editor of a Washington paper he helped the American League gain a foothold in that city. He is universally popular with club owners, managers and players.

MORE prominent baseball men were in Louisville yesterday than ever before, and it is doubtful if there has before been such a gathering of officials and club owners in one city since the national game become so popular. The magnates and club owners came to attend the funeral of the late Harry C. Pulliam, who was president of the National League, but late yesterday afternoon, at The Seelbach Hotel, the board of directors held a meeting and elected John A. Heydler president to fill out the unexpired term.

Mr. Heydler is well qualified for the position. For years he has been the secretary and treasurer of the National League, and has attended to all the details of the office, and when President Pulliam was away on vacations and for other reasons, he acted as president to the satisfaction of all the club owners.

The lobby of The Seelbach Hotel late yesterday afternoon and last night reminded some of the old-timers of the Fifth-avenue Hotel in New York, when the annual gathering of the magnates was held at this famous hostlery. Men of high and low degree, who have helped to make the national pastime what it is, shook hands and talked over past successes and prospects. President Pulliam's untimely end, of course, was the chief topic, but all agreed that John Heydler would fill his place satisfactorily.

While the big moguls of baseball were here Owner William Grayson and General Manager Tom Chivington, of the Louisville Club, embraced the opportunity to strengthen the Colonels, and they put on foot deals for several big league players. While no details were given out, for very good reasons, it is certain that the local team will be strengthened shortly by the addition of one man and probably two, both of whom are now considered first-class players in the National League.

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PROMINENT BASEBALL MEN WHO WERE PRESENT.

The men prominent in baseball who were here yesterday included B. B. Johnson, president of the American League; John A. Heydler, now the head of the National League; John Bruce, attorney for the American League; Barney Dreyfuss, owner and president of the Pittsburg Club; Charles Ebbetts, president of the Brooklyn Club; Charles W. Murphy, president of the Chicago National League Club; John S. Dovey, president of the Boston National League Club; F. R. Mason, secretary of the American League; Mike H. Sexton, president of the Three-eye League and president of the National Association; James A. Hart, former owner and president of the Louisville ball club, and later president of the Chicago Nationals; Frank Bankcroft, business manager of the Cincinnati ball club; Will Murray, one of the owners and manager of the Philadelphia Nationals; Will Locke, secretary of the Pittsburg club; Fred Clarke, "Lefty" Leifield and Sam Leever, members of the Pittsburg club; Will Hanna, of the New York Sun; A. R. Cratty, of the Pittsburg Press, and J. B. Ryder, of the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The umpires of the National League were also here to attend the funeral of their late superior. The umpires were Hank O. Day, James Johnstone, W. J. Clem, Steve Kane, Charles Rigler and Bob Emsley. The players of the Minneapolis and Louisville clubs, of course, were there, as well as the officials of the local club.

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NATIONAL DIRECTORS QUICKLY ELECT HEYDLER.

A meeting of the board of directors of the National League was held yesterday afternoon, shortly after the funeral, at the Seelbach Hotel. The object of the session was to choose a successor to fill the unexpired term in the office of president of the National League.

Barney Dreyfuss, chairman of the board, and the other members, Charles Ebbetts, of Brooklyn; John Dovey, of Boston, and Charles Murphy, of Chicago, held only a brief meeting. Gerry Herrmann, who is also a member of the board, was not present, as he is in the West, now at Yellowstone Park.

After the board of directors was called to order by Chairman Dreyfuss a vote was immediately taken for the purpose of choosing a successor to the late president of the National League. It was agreed at once to unanimously elect John A. Heydler to the position.

Mr. Heydler was the secretary-treasurer to the parent body, and during the vacations of the late Harry Pulliam was acting president. No one was chosen to fill his position as secretary-treasurer, as he will be able, for the present, with the assistance of Miss Caylor, a daughter of the late O. P. Caylor, to take care of all the details of the office.

Besides electing Mr. Heydler president of the National League for the unexpired term it was agreed by the members at the meeting to continue paying the full salary to the estate of the late President Pulliam for the remainder of the present term of office, which expires December 15. The board of directors further agreed that the National League should erect a suitable monument in honor of one who always stood for the best interests of the national sport. Messrs. Dreyfuss, Murphy and Herrmann were appointed on the monument committee, with instructions to spare no expense. The board of directors also decided to take care of the Pulliam plot of ground in the Cave Hill cemetery during the existence of the National League.

It was further agreed to request all ball players in the National League to wear a badge of mourning on their sleeves for thirty days in memory of the late president. Charles F. Murphy was appointed a committee of one to notify Mr. Heydler of his election. The meeting of the board of directors was then adjourned. The session consumed only half an hour.

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PRESIDENT HEYDLER PLEASED OVER ELECTION.

John A. Heydler, the new president of the National League, was seen shortly after his election late yesterday afternoon. He said:

"Yes, I have just been notified of my election to the office, which I am to fill until a new president is elected at the next general meeting of the National League. The office of president will not be new to me, as I understand fully the routine work. I will endeavor to fulfill the highest office in the gift of the National League to the best of my ability. I assure the owners and the members of the Board of Directors that I will exert every effort to do my duty to the interest of all and the game. I hope to give satisfaction and will try to carry out the policy of the older body and to follow the ideas of the late president, Harry C. Pulliam.

"I want to thank the members of the Board of Directors for appointing me as their leader and I hope that I will succeed in fulfilling the confidence they have placed in me. Harry and I always worked together like 'pals.' I took care of the details in the office while he attended to all the work on the outside; in this way we managed to keep all the work up in splendid shape. I have had many years of experience and I feel confident that until my successor is elected I will be able to take care of everything intrusted to me.

"The duties of a president of an organization like the National League is an important one. Not a person on the outside has any conception the amount of labor attached to an office of this kind. It is far from being an easy task. While I am proud of the fact and appreciate that I was elected to succeed my late boss, I only accepted it on account of the present circumstances. Had it not been for the existing conditions the offer of the position would not have tempted me.

"I intend to leave some time during to-morrow, as I must remain here in order to help settle up the affairs of Mr. Pulliam.

"In regard to your Louisville boy, Steve Kane, who is one of our umpires, I will say that his work to date has been very satisfactory. He is a conscientious man and at all times trys to give his decisions in quickly. He has the nerve and works hard to give satisfaction."

John Heydler has not been in Louisville since 1898. At this time he was a handler of the indicator. Before becoming an umpire Mr. Heydler was a newspaper man. He also worked for seven years under Nick Young, who for many years was the president of the National League. Mr. Heydler is thoroughly competent and has all the qualifications necessary for the new position. He started at the bottom of the ladder and the present result is the outcome of his continued conscientious labor in behalf of the national sport.

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LAST GAME WITH THE MILLER TEAM TO-DAY.

The last game of the present series between the Colonels and Minneapolis Millers will be played this afternoon. After to-day's contest the Colonels leave tonight for their final swing through the Western end of the American Association circuit.

Leader Peitz and his men will be away until August 19. They will play during the trip seventeen games. The first stopping point will be at Kansas City. After concluding a series of four games there the Colonels will journey to Milwaukee for a four days' stay.

The Colonels will then jump to Minneapolis for a four days' engagement. The closing series of the Western journey will be at St. Paul. When these contests are concluded the Louisville athletes will return home to clash with the Indianapolis Hoosiers on August 21.

The game this afternoon will be called at the usual weekday hour, 3:30 o'clock. Halla and Wilson will likely be the twirlers for the opposing teams.

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HANS WAGNER TO GET BACK IN THE GAME.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Baseball fans in Pittsburg were delighted with the information to-night that physicians will permit Hans Wagner to return to the game some time this week and remain there "so long as he takes no chances, but is very careful." While this probably means that the injured champion will not be able to let himself out or play his real game, the fans believe that even his presence in the line-up will help.

So exercised have been physicians over the big fellow's condition, they would not yesterday permit him to rise and take a train for Louisville to assist at the burial of his late friend, Harry C. Pulliam. The champion batsman of the world wept at this, but did as instructed by his physicians and to-day he submitted to an examination at the office of the club physician, Dr. G. W. Berg, who had called in several other physicians. It was decided that Wagner may try to play providing he under no conditions attempt any of the plays which have made him famous—at least not for weeks to come. Wagner declares he will play to-morrow, but the physicians say not.

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WHAT UMPIRES SAY OF THE DECISION.

The decision made by Umpire Conahan in the final game Sunday afternoon at Eclipse Park was the sole topic among the handlers of the indicators who were here to attend the funeral of their late chief. Each of them declared that, according to the story told them by Conahan and Owen, the decision was correct. It was their opinion that Conahan could not have decided the play in any other way. Some of them claim that the same sort of plays have come up before them in the National League and that they decided in a like manner.

Of course it is natural for the umpires to be clannish. As the visiting arbitrators did not see the play they could not give the correct version of it. However, they claimed that if Dunleavy intentionally kicked the ball after he had reached the bag safely the play was dead immediately afterwards. They declared also that this act of Dunleavy interfered with the handing of the ball, and for this reason the runners on the bases could not advance. Rigler, one of the handlers of the indicator in the older body, said:

"It is an opinion of mine, according to the way Conahan and Owen tell me the way the play came up, that the decision made by Conahan was right. He could not have decided differently. Your league ought to be proud of the fact that a man like Conahan is on its staff. In going to bases if the runner reaches the bag in safety and then kicks the ball intentionally he cannot advance to the other station. This also applies to the men who are already on the other bases. There was no interference in the play and for this reason Dunleavy should not be called out. Had he interferred with the play before reaching the bag he should have been called out."

W. J. Klem, who is also an umpire in the National League, had a good deal to say regarding the decision which played an important part in the last game Sunday afternoon. He said: "Regarding the decision made by Conahan, according to the way he tells me, he was right in refusing to allow the runners to cross the plate. There is no question in my mind but that Dunleavy should be called out, if he interferred with the play before reaching first base. However, as I understand it, he intentionally kicked the ball away from the fielder after he had reached the initial cushion in safety. This made the play a dead one, or in other words the ball was dead on account of Dunleavy's act. This identical play happened in the game that I umpired recently in Brooklyn and I decided the same as Conahan. The fact of the matter is I don't see how he could have rendered any other decision but the one that he did. If Dunleavy had not kicked the ball intentionally, and, as I have been told by others that the ball hit Dunleavy on the knee and then rolled a few feet away from the fielder, then the runners should have been allowed to score."

James Johnstone, who has been a member of the National League staff of umpires for many years, and is considered one of the best arbitrators in the baseball world, also passed an opinion regarding the decision which caused such an uproar last Sunday afternoon. He said: "There is nothing to it, Conahan's decision was all right. Dunleavy, as I have been told by Conahan and Owen, deliberately kicked the ball away from the first baseman after he had reached that bag in safety. If he did this, further play was dead until the ball was returned to the pitcher. Conahan was right in not allowing the other runners to score. The fact that Dunleavy did not interfere with the ball until after he had passed the bag in no manner affected the advancement of the runners. I claim that the runners should not have been allowed to advance on the play. Had it come up before me I would have decided the same as Conahan. It is the same sort of play as when a runner trys to steal a base and the fielder in receiving the ball allows it to drop to the ground and then the runner picks up the ball and throws it away."

Bob Emslie and Hank O'Day did not care to say much concerning the decision of Conahan. They claim that, as they did not see the play, they could not give their version of it. They declared, however, that, according to what Conahan and Owen said, Dunleavy should not have been called out when he kicked the ball intentionally, and the other runners on the bases should not allowed to advance. They further said that the principle point involved was whether Dunleavy accidentally or deliberately, after he passed first base in safety, kicked the ball away after it reached the first baseman's hands and dropped to the ground. Steve Kane, the Louisville boy, who is also an umpire in a big league, declined to pass an opinion regarding the play.

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BASEBALL MAGNATES THINK UMPIRE WRONG.

Frank Bancroft, who has been in baseball almost ever since he wore long pants and who has been the business manager of the Cincinnati ball club for many years, was also drawn into the argument regarding the decision of Umpire Conahan. Banny said:

"There is no question in my mind that the decision of Umpire Conahan was wrong. There is no baseball law which gave him the right to decide the way he did. According to the play, as I have been told by reliable persons who saw it, the runners should have been allowed to take as many bases as they could. If Dunleavy intentionally kicked the ball he was out for interference and if he did not it was simply a plain error and the men should have been allowed the score."

Mike Sexton, who is the president of the Three Eye League, also stated that Umpire Conahan had erred in his decision. He declared that, according to the way the play came up as told him by unprejudiced person, Dunleavy did not intentionally kick the ball, but that the ball had hit him on the knee and for this reason Umpire Conahan was wrong. "If Dunleavy did kick the ball he should have been declared out for interference, and if he did not, then the men should have been allowed to take as many bases as possible," said Mr. Sexton.

John A. Heydler, the new president of the National League, was also asked his opinion about the play which has created so much talk. Having so many other important matters in mind he declined to make any statement further than to say that it was rather unfortunate that the play should come up just at the time it did.

The concensus of opinion given by the visiting baseball magnates was that Umpire Conahan had no ground for making the decision that he did. They also claimed that if Dunleavy intentionally kicked the ball, as Conahan declares, then Dunleavy should have been put out for interference. However, according to the way they were told there was no interference, but only a case of an error on the part of an infielder and for this reason the runners should have been allowed to take as many bases as they could.

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MURPHY OF CHICAGO CUBS, EXPECTS ANOTHER FLAG.

Charles W. Murphy, president of the Chicago National League Club, who was here to attend the burial of Harry C. Pulliam, looks the part of a man who has met wit success. Since Mr. Murphy became the head of the Cubs the team has won three pnnants in the National League and was twice victorious in the struggles for the world's championship. When seen last night was asked in regard to the chances of the Cubs to again win the flag. He said:

"Well, our boys are working hard and they are after the fourth pennant. They say they are confident of being in front when the 1909 season in the National League closes. We are only a few games behind the leaders and with an even break of luck I can't figure out why we should not be on top when the championship season is over, the boys are going strong and the most of them are in good shape. The season is only half finished and the journey to the end is some distance off. Between now and the wind-up I am confident that the Cubs will show their superiority by overtaking the present leaders.

"The National League race, in my opinion, is going to be pretty close. The Pirates, while they are in the lead, are far from being out of the woods. The team at Pittsburg is composed of a strong aggregation of ball-tossers. I believe that the Pirates, Giants and Reds will be the only contenders for the flag in the National League.

"Regarding Catcher Johnny Kling, I do not care to enter into any discussion. He belongs to the Chicago National League Club, and no other club has a chance to get his services. If he chooses to join us, of course, I will be glad to have him back.

"Your man, Joe Stanley, whom I secured from the Louisville club, while he has not been able to play much ball, has at his few opportunities, given evidences that he is a capable ball player. For this reason Manager Chance, who thinks very well of him, will not let the former Colonel go."

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FRED CLARKE THINKS HE WILL WIN THE PENNANT.

Fred Clarke, formerly a member of the Louisville club, in the old National League days, and who, with Wagner, Leach and Phillippe, was transferred to the Pittsburg club, when Louisville was dropped out of the league, and who is now leader of the Pittsburg Pirates, was also here yesterday. Clarke, in his appearance, has changed very little since he left Louisville. After expressing his sorrow at the death of his friend, Harry C. Pulliam, he was asked regarding the chances of his team in winning the pennant this year. He said:

"Well, we are in front now and hope to stick there. Of course, we are not out of the woods at that, even with the lead we have. We have a long road yet to travel. It's going to be tough picking, but I am confident that when the curtain falls on the 1909 championship season of the National League we will be leading the other clubs. While the Chicago Cubs are playing strong ball, I am not afraid of them.

"My men are in good shape, with the exception of Wagner, whom I expect will be back in the game in a few days. His side is not as badly wrenched as we thought at first, I am glad to say. Of course, this is fortunate. Honus is the same old boy that he was when he played here in Louisville. Charley Adams, who pitched for the Louisville Club last year, is doing nice work this season for us. I hope the Colonels will win the pennant in the American Association. I see the race is pretty close in your league. We have the finest plant in the country and we are drawing good crowds."

NO GAMES IN BIG LEAGUES

Teams In the National and American Take a Day of Rest.

THREE IN THE ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee, St. Paul and Kansas City Score Victories By Close Scores Over Opponents.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

MILWAUKEE	1	KANSAS CITY	3
TOLEDO	0	INDIANAPOLIS	2
ST. PAUL	7		
COLUMBUS	6		

National League.

NO GAMES PLAYED.

American League.

NO GAMES PLAYED.

Southern League.

ATLANTA	3	MONTGOMERY	3
NASHVILLE	2	BIRMINGHAM	3
NEW ORLEANS	6	MOBILE	6—4
LITTE ROCK	1	MEMPHIS	2—3

Bluegrass League.

WINCHESTER	3	LEXINGTON	2
RICHMOND	1	PARIS	1

Central League.

SOUTH BEND	6	TERRE HAUTE	2
DAYTON	5	WHEELING	1
ZANESVILLE	3		
EVANSVILLE	2		

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Minneap.	59	48	.551	Columbus	53	54	.495
M'waukee	58	49	.542	Kas. City	49	53	.480
Louisville	56	51	.523	Toledo	49	56	.467
St. Paul	52	52	.500	Indianap.	47	60	.450

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	64	25	.719	Philadelphia	40	50	.444
Chicago	59	30	.663	St. Louis	37	50	.425
New York	51	35	.593	Brooklyn	33	57	.367
Cincinnati	46	45	.505	Boston	26	64	.289

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	60	34	.638	Chicago	47	46	.505
Philadel.	56	38	.596	New York	43	50	.462
Boston	54	43	.557	St. Louis	40	52	.435
Cleveland	49	44	.527	Washington	26	68	.277

Southern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Atlanta	57	34	.626	Mobile	49	46	.516
Nashville	56	35	.615	L. Rock	42	52	.447
M'tgomery	49	45	.521	B'mham	38	55	.409
N. Orleans	49	45	.521	Memphis	34	62	.354

Bluegrass League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Richmond	49	30	.620	Frankfort	41	37	.526
Winchester	50	31	.617	Lexington	30	48	.385
Paris	39	35	.527	Shelbyville	31	51	.378

Central League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Zanesville	52	31	.626	G'd Rapids	43	41	.512
Wheeling	50	35	.588	Terre Haute	39	47	.453
Ft. Wayne	49	39	.557	Evansville	35	52	.402
South Bend	47	42	.528	Dayton	28	56	.333

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

MINNEAPOLIS at LOUISVILLE.
MILWAUKEE at TOLEDO.
KANSAS CITY at INDIANAPOLIS.
ST. PAUL at COLUMBUS.

National League.

BOSTON at ST. LOUIS.
PHILADELPHIA at CHICAGO.

American League.

CHICAGO at PHILADELPHIA.
ST. LOUIS at NEW YORK.
DETROIT at BOSTON.
CLEVELAND at WASHINGTON.

Southern League.

LITTLE ROCK at NEW ORLEANS.
MEMPHIS at MOBILE.
ATLANTA at NASHVILLE.
BIRMINGHAM at MONTGOMERY.

Bluegrass League.

LEXINGTON at PARIS.
WINCHESTER at RICHMOND.
FRANKFORT at SHELBYVILLE.

Central League.

GRAND RAPIDS at FORT WAYNE.
WHEELING at TERRE HAUTE.
ZANESVILLE at EVANSVILLE.
SOUTH BEND at DAYTON.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee 1, Toledo 0.

Toledo, Aug. 2.—One hit, a sacrifice and an error gave Milwaukee a run in the first, the only one scored during the game. Toledo had several chances to score, but McGlynn was able to work out of each hole. Score:

Toledo.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Milwau.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
McCarthy, cf.-3b.	4	0	3	1	Strunk cf.	4	1	3	0
Smoot rf.-cf.	4	0	2	0	Barry lf.	3	0	1	0
Freeman 1b.	3	1	11	0	McGann 1b.	4	0	15	0
Hickman lf.	4	2	1	0	Randall rf.	4	1	1	0
H'chman 2b.	3	0	3	2	Clark 3b.	4	1	3	4
Abbott c.	3	0	4	3	Robinson ss.	3	0	2	2
Elwert 3b.	2	1	0	2	M'C'mick 2b.	3	1	1	6
Land rf.	2	0	0	0	Warner c.	2	0	1	1
Lynch ss.	3	0	3	2	McGlynn p.	3	0	0	5
Owen p.	3	1	0	3					
Totals	31	5	27	13	Totals	30	4	27	18

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Milwaukee	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Errors—Freeman, Elwert, Lynch, Warner. Two-base Hit—Hickman. Three-base Hit—Elwert. Left on Bases—Toledo 8; Milwaukee 5. Double Play—Clark, McCormick and McGann. Base on Balls—Off Owen 2; off McGlynn 3. Sacrifice Hits—Freeman, Warner, Barry. Stolen Bases—Hinchman, Freeman, Clark. Struck Out—By Owen 5. Time—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Sullivan and Guthrie.

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Kansas City 3, Indianapolis 2.

Indianapolis, Aug. 2.—The visitors were unable to do anything with Slagle until the ninth, when two triples, a double, an out at first and a squeeze play gave Kansas City three runs and another victory over Indianapolis. Score:

Ind.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	K. C.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Chadb'ne lf.	4	2	0	0	Shannon cf.	5	0	1	0
Hayden rf.	4	1	3	0	Shay ss.	4	1	2	4
Smith cf.	4	1	0	0	Beckley 1b.	4	0	12	1
Carr 1b.	3	0	16	1	Hallman rf.	4	2	0	0
Burke 3b.	4	0	0	3	Love lf.	3	2	2	0
Howley c.	2	2	2	2	Hetling 3b.	3	1	1	2
Williams 2b.	3	0	2	4	Bates 3b.	0	0	0	0
Hopke ss.	3	1	3	5	Brashear 2b.	3	1	4	3
Slagle p.	2	0	0	0	Sullivan c.	3	0	2	3
Graham p.	0	0	0	1	Swann p.	4	2	2	4
Totals	29	7	*26	16	Totals	33	9	†26	17

*Hetling out on bunt strike.
†Chadbourne out; hit by pitched ball.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
Kansas City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3

Errors—Burke, Hopke, Beckley 2, Hetling, Sullivan. Two-base Hit—Hetling. Three-base Hits—Hallman, Love. Struck Out—By Slagle 2; by Swann 1. Stolen Bases—Howley, Burke, Swann. Double Play—Carr, unassisted. Hits—Off Slagle 7 in 8 1-3 innings; off Graham 2 in 2-3 innings. Bases on Balls—Off Slagle 3. Sacrifice Hits—Carr, Burke, Slagle, Sullivan. Umpire—King. Time—One hour and forty minutes.

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St. Paul 7, Columbus 6.

Columbus, Aug. 2.—St. Paul put Columbus out of the first division by winning a ten-inning game, 7 to 6. Each error of commission by the home players was costly. The deciding run was scored on Murray's hit, Geyer's wild throw to second and an outfield fly on which Kruger secured a double play at first. Umpire Hayes ruled that Murray crossed the plate before the third out was made. Leise kept the score from being tied in the tenth by an ankle-high catch of Congaton's drive. Score:

Col'bus.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	St. Paul.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
O'Ro'rke 2b.	5	2	1	2	Leise lf.	5	3	3	0
Clarke lf.	5	1	1	0	Davis cf.	5	1	1	0
Kruger cf.	5	2	1	1	A'mb'ster 1b.	4	0	14	0
James c.	4	2	6	1	Murray rf.	5	3	1	0
Cong'ton rf.	4	2	2	0	O'Brien 3b.	4	0	1	0
Odwell 1b.	4	1	14	1	Boucher ss.	4	2	3	2
Moriarity ss.	5	2	3	6	Wrigley 2b.	3	2	0	8
Friel 3b.	4	1	2	3	Carisch c.	3	2	7	1
Geyer p.	5	1	0	5	Ryan p.	3	0	1	4
					*Gehring	1	0	0	0
					Leroy p.	1	0	0	1
Totals	41	14	30	19	Totals	36	13	30	16

*Batted for Ryan in sixth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	T.
Columbus	0	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	6
St. Paul	0	0	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	1	7

Errors—Odwell, Moriarity, Friel, Geyer, Boucher. Stolen Bases—Clarke, Leise, Boucher. Sacrifice Hits—Kruger, Congalton, Wrigley, Carisch. Sacrifice Fly-Hits—Congalton, Armbruster, Wrigley. First Base on Balls—Off Geyer 3; off Ryan 2; off Leroy 4. Two-base Hits—Clarke, James, Boucher, Carisch. Three-base Hit—O'Rourke. Double Play—Kruger and Odwell. Struck Out—By Geyer 6; by Ryan 1; by Leroy 5. Hits—Off Ryan 9 in 5 innings; off Leroy 5 in 5 innings. Time—Two hours and thirty-three minutes. Umpire—Hayes.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Atlanta 3, Nashville 2.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 2.—Atlanta and Nashville were tied for first place in the Southern League championship race when to-day's game began. Atlanta won, 3 to 2. It was a pitcher's battle, with Nashville having the better of it until the seventh, when Case appeared to weaken, Jordan securing a home run. Then, in the eighth, Atlanta bunched hits and bunts for two runs. In the seventh Nashville had the bases full with none out. Bay came to bat and sent a pop-up to short, which resulted in a double play. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
Nashville	0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0	2	5	1
Atlanta	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0	3	6	1

Struck Out—By Case 2; by Bartley 1. Base on Balls—Off Case 2; off Bartley 3. Sacrifice Hits—Bartley, Bayless. Wild Pitches—East, Noyes. Two-base Hits—Wiseman, Seigel. Home Run—Jordan. Double Play—Walker to McMurray to Smith. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Carpenter.

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New Orleans 6, Litle Rock 1.

New Orleans, Aug. 2.—Little trouble was experienced by the locals in defeating Little Rock again to-day. Breitenstein and Hart were the opposing pitchers and the New Orleans veteran got the better of the argument. Perry's error was responsible for Lindsay scoring in the fifth. Hart was wild in the seventh and four runs were scored by New Orleans before the side was retired. It was originally announced that there would be no game to-day, out of respect to the memory of the late Harry Pulliam. As a result there were scarcely 300 people in attendance. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
Little Rock	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	5	1
New Orleans	0 0 0 0 1 1 4 0 *	6	9	2

Two-base Hits—Rohe, Hill. Stolen Base—Lindsay. Sacrifice Hits—Huelsman, Breitenstein. Double Play—Hill to Dexter. Struck Out—By Breitenstein 2; by Hart 4. Base on Balls—Off Breitenstein 3; off Hart 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Hart (Dexter, Hill). Wild Pitch—Hart. Passed Ball—Schriever. Time—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Moran and Pfenninger.

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Montgomery 3, Birmingham 3.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 2.—Apparently hopelessly beaten, Montgomery fell on Robinson, of Birmingham, in the seventh and ninth innings and tied up the score. Both teams changed pitchers and the battle continued for eleven innings without either side being able to score. In the ninth, with two out, Kerwin singled and went to third on Whiteman's two-bagger and both men scored on Osteen's single. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	R.	H.	E.
Birmingham	1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	7	2
Montgomery	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0	3	8	6

(Game called on account of darkness in the eleventh inning.

Innings Pitched—By Robinson 8 2-3; Dickinson 2 1-3; Guese 9; Thomas 2. Sacrifice Hits—Ellam, McGilvrary. Stolen Bases—McGilvrary, Yancey, Osteen. Hits—Off Robinson 6; Dickson 2; Guese 6; Thomas 1. Two-base Hits—Ellam, Whiteman, McGilvrary. Three-base Hit—Henline. Bases on Errors—Montgomery 2; Birmingham 2. Double Plays—Raftis to Ellam; Ellam to Gyglia to McGilvrary to Kane. Left on Bases—Montgomery 11; Birmingham 6. Base on Balls—Off Guese 1; off Robinson 6. Struck Out—By Guese 4; by Robinson 3; by Dickson 2. Time—Two hours and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—O'Brien and Rudderham.

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Mobile 6—4, Memphis 2—3.

Mobile, Ala., Aug. 2.—Mobile bunched hits on Keiber in the second and fifth innings of the first game and won handily. Only seven innings were played by agreement in the first game. Mobile won the second in the tenth inning, when Fritz put the ball to the left field fence and scored Sentell from second, after two men were down. Stockdal was in great form, striking out seven men. Schwenck was driven from the box in the third inning. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	R.	H.	E.
Mobile	0 3 0 0 3 0 *	6	8	1
Memphis	1 1 0 0 0 0 0	2	6	4

Stolen Base—McCay. Sacrifice Hits—McCay 2, Rhoton, Daubert. Base on Balls—Off Keiber 2. Struck Out—By Suggs 4; by Keiger 2. Hit by Pitcher—By Keiber 2 (McCay, Fritz); by Suggs 1 (Coulson). Left on Bases—Memphis 2; Mobile 8. Time—One hour and nineteen minutes. Umpire—Fitzsimmons.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	R.	H.	E.
Mobile	0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	4	14	3
Memphis	2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	3	9	3

Stolen Bases—Babb, Daubert. Two-base Hit—McCay. Struck Out—By Stockdale 7; by Quisser 2. Double Play—Babb to Dauber. Left on Bases—Mobile 6. First on Errors—Mobile 2; Memphis 1. Innings Pitched—Schwenck 3; Quisser 7. Hits—Off Schwenck 8; off Quisser 6. Time—Two hours. Umpire—Fitzsimmons.

BLUEGRASS LEAGUE.

Winchester 3, Richmond 1.

Richmond, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Rain broke up the Richmond—Winchester game here this afternoon in the last of the sixth inning. The Hustlers were in the lead and were declared victorious by a score of 3 to 1. They came via chartered train, bearing 300 rooters. One of the most remarkable catches ever seen here was made by Whittaker, after a long run to deep left. With a high leap and spinning while in the air, he brought down the ball, and with a wonderful throw, doubled a runner off first. Both teams play here again to-morrow. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5	R.	H.	E.
Richmond	0 0 0 1 0	1	3	3
Winchester	0 0 0 3 0	3	7	3

Batteries—Comstock and Thoss; Toney and Horn. Struck Out—By Comstock 2; by Toney 4. Base on Balls—Off Comstock 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Comstock 1. Stolen Bases—Welch, Reed. Left on Bases—Winchester 3; Richmond 3. Umpire—Piepho.

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Lexington 2, Paris 1.

Paris, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—In an exciting ten-inning game Lexington defeated Paris by the score of 2 to 1. The contest was a pitchers' battle between Scheneburg for the locals and Kline for the visitors, each side securing six hits. Harper, the third baseman for the visitors, was ordered to jail by Mayor O'Brien for using profane language in the hearing of the spectators. It required three policemen to handle Harper, who showed fight. He was taken to jail, and upon a plea of guilty was fined in the Police Court. Mayor O'Brien says he will break up the use of profane language and the useless wrangling with umpires to the extent of exciting spectators, if he is compelled to place every member of the ball teams in jail. The fielding of Kimbrough and Scott and the completion of five double plays were the features of the game. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	R.	H.	E.
Paris	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	1	6	1
Lexington	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	2	6	1

Batteries—Paris, Scheneburg and Elgin; Lexington, Kline and Dawson. Two-base Hit—Scheneburg. Bases on Balls—Off Scheneburg 2; off Kline 4. Struck Out—By Scheneberg 5; by Kline 1. Double Plays—Harper and Stout; Kimbrough and Stout; Reggy, Kimbrough and Stout; Scott, Seebach and Barrett; Goodman and Barnett. Hit by Pitched Ball—Kline. Umpire—Dunbar.

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Shelbyville Manager Fined.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Manager Anthony Kuhn, of the Shelbyville Baseball Club, was tried at 5 o'clock this morning on the charge of breach of the peace in "unlawfully, wilfully and maliciously" pounding, beating and otherwise thumping Umpire Dunbar here Saturday. Kuhn was fined $10 and costs and warning to be careful in the future and not let his angry passions rise. The trial was held at such an hour in order to give Kuhn a chance to catch a train.

No action was taken at the meeting of the Bluegrass League directors to-day toward correcting the conditions which resulted in several umpires being mobbed beyond a warning to all the directors to see that the games on their respective grounds are free from rowdyism.

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Players For Paris Team.

Paris, Ky., Aug. 2.—Pitcher Barnes, of Miami University, has been signed by the Paris club, of the Bluegrass League. Catcher Cunningham has been released. The local club has options on Infielder Bescher and Pitcher Kennedy, of Cincinnati amateur clubs.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Dayton, O., Aug. 2.—The locals overcome a three-run lead in the fifth, but a pass, sacrifice and Tieman's second double gave South Bend the game. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
South Bend	0 0 0 5 0 1 0 0 0	6	10	3
Dayton	2 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0	5	9	1

Batteries—Moffitt and Tieman; Clide, Pinckney and Pearce.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 2.—Two infield hits, a double steal and Davy Lloyd's home run in the third gave Zanesville three runs and the game to-day. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
Zanesville	0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	6	2
Evansville	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	2	4	1

Batteries—Cristall and Cady; Kenworthy and Smith.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 2.—Fort Wayne-Grand Rapids game postponed account of funeral of President Pulliam.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 2.—Hits by Wheeler, McDonald and Somerlott coupled with Jewell's error in the ninth with the score 1 to 1, gave Terre Haute to-day's game with Wheeling 2 to 1. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
Terre Haute	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1	2	10	0
Wheeling	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	1	7	2

Batteries—Asher and Zimran, Stratton and Nolley.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 2.—The leaders and tail-enders had a battle royal to-day, Augusta winning by the small margin of one run in the ninth. Both pitchers were at their best and several close decisions by the umpire in the last two innings made things exciting. The score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
Augusta	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 1	4	8	0
Knoxville	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1	3	6	4

Batteries—Billiard and Carson; May and Massing. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Van Syckle.

Jacksonville, Fla., Aug. 2.—Macon took the first game of the series from Jacksonville this afternoon by opportune hitting, coupled with daring base running. The locals outhit the visitors, but could not connect when hits meant runs. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
Macon	2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	3	7	0
Jacksonville	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	11	3

Batteries—Weems and Robinson; Weaver and Taffee. Time—Two hours. Umpire—Collins.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 2.—Making three runs in the first inning after two men were out Savannah won from Columbia to-day 3 to 1. All of Columbia's hits came in the fifth inning, netting one run. Only twenty-eight men faced Schultz. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
Columbia	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	2	3
Savannah	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	5	1

Batteries — Wagner and Kahlkoff; Schultz and Lauzon. Time—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpire—Gifford.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Aug. 2.—Chattanooga and Columbus played ten innings, the game being called on account of darkness with the score tied, 2 and 2. Benson's home run in the first innings was the only earned run, the remainder being due to errors. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	R.	H.	E.
Chattanooga	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	2	5	3
Columbus	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	10	1

Batteries—Clarke and Meek; Helm and Coveney. Time of Game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Westervelt and Thompson.

No Games In New York League.

New York, Aug. 2.—Bat and ball were laid aside by thirty professional baseball clubs to-day out of respect to the memory of Harry C. Pulliam, former president of the National League, who was buried at Louisville this afternoon. This is the first time in baseball history, it is said, that all sixteen clubs of both the National and American Leagues simultaneously refrained from their sport.

The New York State League was the only minor organization to call off all its games as a token of respect to the late National League president, but two games of the Eastern League—those at Rochester and at Buffalo—were postponed.

Texas League Games.

At Forth Worth—Fort Worth, 10 Waco, 2.
At Shreveport—Shreveport, 6; Houston, 5.
At Dallas—Dallas, 6; Galveston, 2.
At Oklahoma City—Oklahoma City, 2; San Antonio, 6.

Carolina Association Games.

All games postponed; rain.

Virginia League Results.

At Portsmouth—Portsmouth 2, Richmond 0.
At Roanoke—Roanoke 1, Norfolk 0.
At Lynchburg—Lynchburg 5, Danville 2.

Eastern League Games.

At Toronto (afternoon game)—Toronto 3, Providence 5.
At Montreal—Montreal 2, Baltimore 3.

Northeastern Arkansas League.

At Paragould—Mariana 10; Paragould 4.
At Jonesboro—Newport 6; Jonesboro 3.

FIRST TIME MAJOR LEAGUE GAMES WERE POSTPONED.

New York, Aug. 2.—For the first time in the history of baseball all games in the two major leagues were to-day postponed because of the funeral this afternoon at Louisville of President Harry C. Pulliam, of the National League. A number of individual games in other leagues have also been postponed and all scheduled games in the New York State League have been abandoned for the day. The action of the American League was because of the close personal friendship existing between Mr. Pulliam and Ban Johnson, president of the American League, who will be one of the honorary pallbearers, and because of the high esteem in which all of the American League owners held Mr. Pulliam.

PHILADELPHIA FAILS TO GET MIKE DONLIN.

Philadelphia, Aug. 2.—Felix Isman to-day announced the failure of the deal whereby the Philadelphia National League baseball club was to get Mike Donlin from the New York Nationals in exchange for Outfielder Magee, of the local club.

Mr. Isman announced that he had decided not to exercise his option for the purchase of an interest in the club. He said:

"I had an option on certain stock and would have purchased it if certain ideas of mine could have been carried out. My principal idea was to have Mike Donlin as captain, manager and player. This included the disposing of Mr. Murray as manager. The proposition was to give Murray $7,500 a year as salary for him to step down and out. The other owner would not see the matter in this light, and this afternoon I notified the parties to the negotiations that I would not but the stock."

Madisonville 3, Morganfield 1.

Madisonville, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—The Midsonville and Morganfield teams played the fastest game of ball here today that has been seen on the local grounds this season. The home team was the winner by the score of 3 to 1. The contest proved to be a pitchers' battle between Cooperrider and Holycross, the local twirler getting the better of the argument. Neither team scored until the sixth inning. In the latter half of this inning the locals filled the bases. Curran singled to right, scoring Cooperrider and Cummins. Davis scored on Burroughs' bad throw to the plate from the outfield. Cooperrider's masterly pitching and fast fielding by the infield behind him kept the visitors from counting until the ninth, when, with two down, they got one across on Holycross' double and O'Laughly's single. Cooperrider struck out eight men and Holycross five. The local outfield did not have a chance during the game. Madisonville has signed Infielder Williams, late of the Paris, Ky., team. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Madisonville	3	5	2
Morganfield	1	5	4

Batteries—Madisonville, Cooperrider and Davis; Morganfield, Holycross and Waller.

MURRAY SAYS HE WILL MANAGE THE QUAKERS.

William Murray, one of the owners and manager of the Philadelphia National League Club, was here to attend the burial of his close friend, Hary Pulliam. Mr. Muray is well known among the baseball followers. He is recognized as one of the shrewdest leaders in this country. He is also considered a fine judge of ballplayers. Yesterday was the first time that he had ever been in Louisville. Mr. Muray, when asked about the Mike Donlin deal said:

"There is no chance of Donlin becoming a member of the Philadelphia Nationals in a trade for Magee and a pitcher. I am manager of the Quakers and my contract is in force for two more years. I expect to remain manager according to my contract and will do the best I can to put the Quakers in the fight."

James A. Hart, who formerly resided in Louisville, was present at the funeral of Harry Pulliam. Before Mr. Hart moved to Chicago, his present home, he was in the retail business here. When he was here, at that time, he was one of the largest stockholders in the Louisville Ball Club, then a member of the National League. He was president of the Colonels and associated with him were Zach Phelps and Will Jackson, Jr., both of whom are dead. Mr. Hart, after disposing of his retail store, and his holdings in the Louisville Club, moved to Chicago and bought stock in the National League Club there. For many years he was the president of the South Side Club. It was Mr. Hart who was largely responsible for Harry Pulliam securing the position as president of the National League. Mr. Hart, before the death of President Pulliam, was a very close friend and admirer of Mr. Pulliam.

"It has been many years since I have been in Louisville," said the former league magnate. "The city has certainly improved immensely since I was here last. While I am not actively engaged in baseball, I still follow the game. I see this league has a very close race, and I hope the Louisville will finish first."

Jasper Reds 4, West Badens 3.

In a hotly-contested game the Jasper Reds defeated the West Badens yesterday. Both teams played classy ball throughout the game, Jasper winning out in the ninth inning with no one down. Both pitchers twirled a good game. Score:

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	R.	H.	E.
Jasper	1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1	4	5	4
West Baden	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1	3	5	4

Batteries—Bell and Wuchner; Brown and Coleman.

Indians Win At Paducah.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 2.—In a hard-fought game of baseball for the city championship, the Indians, who have held the honor since the Kitty League disbanded, won easily from the Wallersteins, the score being 7 to 0. Runyan, former star twirler for the Indians, was in the box for the Wallersteins, and he was hit hard. McChesney, a local recruit picked up by Manager Harry Lloyd, did fine work for the Indians, allowing but five hits, and he fanned seven men. Runyan was hit safely ten times, including three doubles. He struck out five men. Several former-league players are on the Indian team, including Zeke Taylor, who played in the Arkansas State League.

Umpire Sues a Player.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 2.—August Jenks, of Millerton, N. Y., an umpire in the Housatonic Valley Baseball League, has brought an action for slander against Catcher Charles Barnum, of the Lakeville team. Jenks umpired a game between the Lakeville and Sheffield teams at Lakeville, which resulted in a victory for the visitors by the score of 7 to 3, and he claims that during the contest Barnum slandered him. Barnum admits that he questioned several of the umpire's decisions. The writ was served on Barnum when the Lakeville team journeyed into New York State to play Millerton. Barnum is given twenty days to file an answer.

Highbinders Win Forfeited Game.

Before a crowd of 250 spectators part of the players of the Levi Stars walked off the field in the fifth inning of the game between the Stars and the Highbinder team, leaving the score a tie. After an interval of a few minutes Umpire J. Dogg called play, but Capt. Hehl, not having a complete team, declined to play, and the umpire promptly awarded the game to the Highbinders, 9 to 0. The pitching of Coleman, of the Levis, and Troxler, for the Highbinders, were the features of the game, the latter allowing only three hits. The Highbinders have an excellent record, having won fifteen of the last seventeen games played.

Guthrie Defeats Adairville.

Guthrie, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—In a game full of sensational plays the home team defeated the Adairville baseball nine this afternoon by the score of 3 to 2. Both teams fought hard for the game and the result was uncertain until the last man on the Adairville team went out in the ninth inning and the lead of one run of the Guthrie team had not been overcome. The defeat was the first for the visitors this year. Brown and Barbour both pitched good ball, but the support of the former was a trifle better than that given the Adairville twirler. Batteries—Brown and Peck; Barbour and Gregory.

Cincinnati Gets Dolan.

Rockford, Ill., Aug. 2.—Alvin Dolan, third baseman on the Rockford team of the Wisconsin-Illinois League, has been sold to Cincinnati for $2,000, according to an announcement made here to-day. It is said that negotiations are in progress for the sale of John Reidy, first baseman, to Cincinnati.

PROTEST AGAINST THE GLIDDEN PRIZE WINNERS.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 2.—It is rumored that the awarding of the Glidden and Hower trophies to the Pierce-Arrow cars has been protested by H. O. Smith, representing the Premier Company, of Indianapolis, and by W. H. Vandervoort, representing the Moline Company, of East Moline, Ill., these entrants getting second and third places in their respective classes.

The protests are all based on the allegations that the Pierce cars were not penalized for lack of rear lamps. Smith has only one and one-half points against his car, while Vandervoort was penalized a single point and one-tenth.

Smith's protest was filed first. He alleged that the driver of the winning Pierce car removed the rear lamp from the machine shortly after the accident in which the other Pierce touring car lost its tool box and lamp. He also alleges that when the perfect car reached Kansas City it did not have its rear lamp, but that it was put on prior to inspection. Smith has a list of witnesses, whom he will subpoena before the board when his protest is heard to prove that his statement is correct.

With reference to the protest of the Pierce roadster it is alleged that the lamp was smashed early in the tour, but that no penalization was made for this.

METEOR WINS YACHT RACE FROM GERMANIA.

Cowes, Aug. 2.—Regatta week opened to-day under promising auspices. The competition of Emperor William's Meteor, King Alfonso's Hispania and other German, Spanish and French yachts gave an international flavor to the racing, which of recent years has been lacking. There was a steady sailing breeze, and the yachts were able to carry their top sails.

The principal race of the day was for the big boats over a course of fifty miles. The Meteor and the Germania were the scratch yachts, and had to give time to the other starters, Shamrock, White Heather and Cycley. At the end of the first round Germania was leading Meteor by fifty seconds, and this lead was increased by [illegible] of the second round. The two [illegible] were then in such a commanding position that the other competitors dropped out. The Germania finished first, but she crossed on the wrong side of the finish line, and the prize of $300 was awarded to the Meteor.

The international challenge cup, valued at $1,250, for fifteen-meter yachts, was won by Ostara, a British entry. The Spanish yacht Tuiga was second. King Alfonso's Hispania did not start.

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Also operating THE HOOSIER WALL PLASTER PLANT, Jeffersonville, Ind. 'Phone 555.

Plans For Detroit Regatta.

New York, Aug. 2.—The executive committee of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen has completed final arrangements at a meeting here for the seventh annual regatta which is to be held on the Detroit River, Detroit, Mich., on Friday and Saturday of this week. The event promises to eclipse any previous regatta in the history of the association. The entry list includes seventy-five crews from boat clubs in various parts of this country and Canada, and on the programme many exceptional competitions are scheduled for rich prizes.

New York City has the largest number of crews entered. Other cities from which the executive committee has accepted the entry of boat clubs are Halifax, N. S.; Boston, Buffalo, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Springfield, Mass.; Toronto, Montreal.

May Fight At Catchweights.

New York, Aug. 2.—Matchmaker Jimmy Johnson, of the Fairmont Athletic Club, sent transportation to Willus Britt and Stanley Ketchel. Johnson had received a wire early in the day from Britt saying that they were not particular about the weight, standing ready to fight Langford, no matter at what weight he tipped the scales. Johnson and Gibson, realizing the importance of making it a championship contest, will insist that the men make 158 pounds on the day of the battle.

This word coming from Britt probably means that Ketchel is again taking on flesh and would rather make catchweights for Langford. There has always been a question about Langford's ability to get down to that notch. Joe Woodman claims that he will demand the middleweight figures, if only to prove that his man is a real champion at that weight.

Annual Lake Regatta.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Yachts from the various ports along Lake Ontario are gathering at Charlotte for the annual Lake Yacht Racing Association regatta, which is to be held to-morrow under the direction of the Rochester Yacht Club.

Among the cracks already here are the Isis and Chiriya, of the Kingston, Canada, Yacht Club; the Crescent, of the Crescent Yacht Club, of Watertown; Zeraya and Petrel II., of the Royal Yacht Club, of Toronto, and the forty-foot power boat Marietta, of the Buffalo Yacht Club. This boat is entered for the Rudder cup, which will be sailed August 12.

Vanderbilt's Horse Runs Third.

Paris, Aug. 2.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Defender ran third in the Prix Ville de Caen at Caen to-day.

The Holiday 2-year-old Stakes of 400 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, was won to-day by Mount Felix. Blue Blazes was second and the Gorgon filly third. Among the several starters was H. P. Whitney's Whiskbroom.

The Lubbock Handicap of 200 sovereigns, for 3-year-olds and upward, distance five furlongs, was won by Viscount. Jack Horner was second and Galleot third. H. P. Whitney's Sixty II. was among the seven starters.

NEW BUSINESS BASIS ON CHANGE.

Actual Sales of Metal Brought About By Gov. Hughes' Wall Street Reforms.

New York, Aug. 2.—Carrying out the reforms recommended by Gov. Hughes' Wall street investigating committee, the New York Metal Exchange to-day began the conduct of its affairs on a new basis. For the first time in many years actual sales of metal took place on the floor of the exchange, and quotations were thus established on the actual transactions. The criticisms of the investigating commission largely directed at the system of the exchange in making arbitrary quotations, not based on concrete transactions on the floor, were met by the recent adoption of a plan formulated by the exchange's own reform committee, and this plan was put into effect to-day.

MISSION WORKER'S WIFE CAUSE OF CHINK'S SUIT.

New York, Aug. 2.—Chu Gar, a queless Chinaman, who runs a laundry supply shop at No. 11, Doyers street, has been made defendant in an allenation suit for $15,000 begun by George R. L. Burck, a traveling man, who says his wife, Lillian, a former mission worker, has been won from him and his home broken up by Gar.

UNCLAIMED FREIGHT SALE!

TABB'S STORAGE WAREHOUSE.

To whom it may concern—Goods listed below having remained in storage for one year, if not called for, will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION

At the Store of CHARLES JOSEPH, 314 W. Main St., August 26, at 10 a. m.

J. Ablsburg, 1 package Plug Tobacco.
Sam Adams, 1 Screen Door.
Ahrens & Ott Mfg. Co., 2 Boxes; 1 Wash stand.
Theo. Allen, 1 Lavatory Bowl.
Arcade Amusement Co., 2 Boxes.
The Art Co., 5 bundles of Wall Paper; 1 bundle Paper Hangings; 1 case Crockery.
T. Asher, 1 Box.
Mrs. L. Attewille, 1 box Graniteware.
B. F. Avery & Sons, 1 Plow.
Bain Hardware Co., 6 Wheelbarrows.
Marked "B. M. C. Co.," 2 Cultivator Gangs; 1 crate Blades.
John M. Beck, 1 tub Cement.
Wm. Behrens, 1 Chair.
Belknap Harware Co., 1 box Hardware; 1 box Castings.
Bennett Furniture Co., 1 bundle Red Ends; 2 Washstands.
Diller Sennett, 1 package Burlap.
Fred Berry, 1 piece Casting.
Besson Lumber Co., 6 crates Wood Bowls.
Bluegrass Gate Co., 5 Bdls. Lawn Swing.
Blue Jay Co., 6 boxes M. Water.
Blue Rock M. Springs, 4 boxes Bottles.
Blue Rock Bottling Works, 2 kegs Ginger Extract.
J. G. Birkell, 5 cases Molasses.
Charles H. Boden, 7 boxes Drugs.
Mrs. Joe N. Brooks, 6 Chairs; 2 Packages; 1 Oil Stove, 1 roll Matting; 1 box Harness; 1 box Rugs; 1 Folding Bed.
Miss Nettie Bruner, 2 Chairs; 1 barrel Notions.
Butter Bros., 1 box Shells.
W. E. Caldwell Co., 1 Galv. Tank; 1 bundle Lumber; 1 Box.
Lee Calloway, 1 box Fruit.
Cannon & Byers, 2 cases Hats and Drygoods.
Central Mfg. Co., 1 box Limestone.
Chamberlain Medicine Co., 1 box Drugs.
Dorsey Christian, 1 roll Belting Leather.
J. Cohen, 1 Notion Cabinet.
C. Lee Cook, 1 box Machinery.
A. R. Cook, 1 box Books.
Mrs. M. Conn, 1 box Cards; 1 Box Stand.
George Craig, 3 packages Bed.
B. Crain, 1 box Candy.
Creamery Churn Mfg. Co., 1 Churn.
Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co., 2 coils Galvanized Wire.
Hughes Curry, 1 Box.
D. Curry & Son, 1 Hhd. E. Ware.
Mrs. John Dedman, 1 Rocker.
Chas. B. Demaree, 1 case Pol. Compound.
Distillers Malt Co., 2 bundles Sacks.
Leonard Dougherty, 1 box Books.
A. J. Douglas, 1 crate Washboards.
Charles Durham, 1 crate Library Tables.
Sam Eddleson, 1 case Hardware.
Mrs. Phillip Ernesta, 1 box Groceries.
F. W. Ferguson, 1 box Books.
Chester Foster, 1 box Catalogues.
Harry S. Furlong, 1 box P. Matter.
Ida Gaines, 2 boxes H. H. Goods; 1 Sack.
The Garden City Portrait Co., 1 box Picture Frames.
M. J. Gathoff & Son, 1 crate Ten Pins.
J. D. Gibbs, 1 box Drugs.
The Glidden Varnish Co., 1 box Japalac.
H. A. Gooch, 4 crates Galvanized Iron Tanks.
Z. Gresante, 1 box Caps; 2 crates Fine Cotton.
Grocers' Biscuit Co., 3 crates Tin.
J. T. Guthrie, 8 caddies Tobacco.
J. C. Hadox, 2 cases P. Matter.
A. B. Hamilton, 1 box Tent and Pole.
F. M. Heinig, 1 Rocking Chair.
F. Herrman, 1 box Stationery.
J. C. Hesse Co., 1 box S. Tickets.
C. A. Heuser, 3 Boxes.
J. P. Hunbaugh, 1 box Catalogues.
S. Hirschberg, 1 box R. Caps.
A. H. Holt, 1 Wood Wheel.
M. Honey, 1 Chair.
Hope Worsted Mills, 3 crates Spools.
Hoyspner, 1 case K. F. Products.
R. M. Hughes & Co., 1 Barrel and Contents.
W. A. Hulet & Bro., 3 bdls. Bed Springs.
Lula Hunt, 1 box Merchandise.
W. C. Hunt, 15 barrels Soda Ash.
Hyman Pickle Co., 1 barrels Pickles.
M. A. Hunt, 1 W. W. Spring.
H. Hytken, 1 Spring Wagon.
Imperial Art Co., 1 crate Frames.
Peter Jacobson Sons, 2 bundles Cupboard.
J. R. Johnson, 1 bundle Stool.
Mary Jones, 1 box Clothing.
L. W. Jones, 1 box P. Matter.
Josselson Bros. Co., 1 cask Liquor.
Francis Junior Machine Works, 2 boxes Machinery.
John Kelley, 4 boxes H. H. Goods; 1 crate Pictures.
Robert C. Kenner, 18 cases M. Water.
Kentucky Printing Co., 1 package Brass.
Kentucky Standard Publishing Co., 1 package P. Paper.
Kentucky Veneer Works, 16 crates Veneering.
Wm. H. Hudbenhood, 1 box Catalogues.
Charles J. Kuhn, 1 box Notions.
Laib Co., 1 box Supplies; 1 Tank; 1 Wood Pulley.
Lampton, Crane & Ramey Co., 1 Box.
Powell Lee, 1 box Catalogues.
Leggett, Myers & Bush, 1 box Plug Tobacco.
Levi Furniture Co., 1 Dresser Top.
J. H. Lewis, 1 case Stove; 1 piece Stove.
C. J. Lumsey, 1 Drill.
Percy A. Lively, 1 box A. Matter; 2 crates A. Matter.
Mrs. Dora Long, 1 Crib.
George W. Lord & Co., 1 barrel B. Compound.
Louisville Bottling Co., 10 boxes Bottles.
Louisville Broom Works, 1 bundle Brooms.
Louisville C. R. Co., 1 Barrel.
Louisville Drug Co., 1 box P. Matter.
The Louisville Rep. Co., 1 box Elec. Goods.
Louisville Table Co., 1 bundle Tables.
Louisville Tea and Coffee Co., 1 case Paper Bags.
Martin's Country Twist, 6 cases Tobacco.
Mayer Bros. Co., 1 box Drygoods.
Annie McAuliffe, 1 box Catalogues.
Julia McGee, 1 bundle Bedding.
W. H. McKnight & Son, 1 crate Furniture.
J. C. McSpadden, 4 boxes A. Matter.
T. A. Mitler, 1 box H. Hardware.
Nall & Williams, 1 box Tobacco; 1 package Tobacco; 1 Drum.
W. W. Nelson Co., 1 Iron Presser.
Newgett, House & Co., 1 bundle W. Compound.
J. J. Nohl Sons, 3 boxes A. Food.
The Nonexplosive Chemical Co., 1 box P. Signs.
O'Bryan Bros., 2 cases Liquor.
J. Oldham, 1 Band C. Saw.
J. Otterburg, 10 butts Plug Tobacco.
Nic Parteuch, 2 boxes Plants.
Peaslee, Gaulbert & Co., 1 box B. Glass.
Miss Ida L. Philps, 1 box Drygoods.
William Phillips, 1 box Novelties.
Mrs. Amy G. Priest, 6 Chairs.
Quaker Beer Co., 1 barrel Beer.
Marked "R. B. Co.," 1 roll Fine Wire.
Bat Rhodes 1 box Tools.
H. E. Rogers, 1 Stove.
Rosenbaum Glass Co., 1 box Glass.
Charles K. Sabine, 1 box Clothing.
Saginaw Cigar Co., 1 Box.
Sears Roebuck, 2 pieces W. B. Ends.
M. Secore, 1 box Millinery.
George Seegle, 1 box C. Fruit.
J. G. Shuler, 1 box Shoes.
Robert L. Sipe, 1 Incubator; 1 Brooder.
Smith Bicycle Co., 2 crates Wood Rims.
W. H. Spencer, 3 crates Sprays.
Southern Machine Co., 1 S. Machine.
Henry Stack, 1 package Adv. Matter.
Standard Publishing Co., 1 package P. Paper.
Standard Spot Co., 1 box Hoppers; 4 crates Sinks.
Steward & Co., 1 box G. Heaters.
C. C. Stoll Oil Co., 1 Gas Drum.
John Stoker, 1 box Tools.
Mose Stone, 1 box Clothing.
Stratton & Terstegge, 2 Stoves.
J. C. Sullivan, 1 box Notions; 4 Chairs.
The Sutcliffe Co., 1 case Gun Wads.
Alex Taylor, 1 coil Wire.
Major Taylor, 3 dozen Brooms.
T. P. Taylor, 1 Case and Contents.
F. E. Thacker, 2 boxes Glue.
Tracy & Straub, 2 boxes Ebolun Fluid; 2 boxes Disinfectant.
Will Vierling, 1 Sewing Machine H.
P. A. Vogle & Son, 1 crate Asbestos.
Voss Mantle Co., 1 crate Mantels.
Marked "W. L. B.," 1 bottle D. Paint.
Marked "W. C. W. Co.," 1 Box.
Miss Ida Walker, 1 box Groceries.
W. M. Walker, 1 bundle Mattress.
Charles Wallace, 1 case Clothing.
W. J. Walkins, 1 box Pictures.
W. E. Watson, 1 box Catalogues.
S. Weber Son, 1 bale Rags.
Weissinger & Gaulbert, 1 can Oil.
L. M. Weiss, 2 boxes Hardware.
John Whitman, 1 box Catalogues.
Whitesides Biscuit Co., 1 box Vegetables.
E. M. Willis, 1 sack Collars.
H. J. Wood, 1 box Tobacco.
Woodruff & Hoke, 1 box Machinery.
H. J. Wyatt, 1 box Sales Tickets.

TABB'S STORAGE WAREHOUSE

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FORM PLAYERS HAVE GOOD DAY

Five Favorites Reward Their Backers At Windsor Track.

THE POET IN STEEPLECHASE.

First Premium Beats John A., Hyperion and Other Good Ones In Feature Race.

BAD LUCK FOR CAVE ADSUM.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Perfect weather drew another splendid crowd to the Windsor track to-day to witness the running of a card of seven races, which had for its features a steeplechase over a course of two miles and a condition race for three-year-olds and upward at a mile that attracted the best horses at the track.

There were few scratches during the afternoon, due to the good condition of the course, and the finishes in a majority of the events were close and stirring. Five favorites won and the talent had a good day and the thirty-two books that cut in quit big losers on the day.

John Ferriss cut loose The Poet in the steeplechase handicap, one of the features of the day, and when the prices were posted a rush was made on his chances from the opening price of 7 to 5 he was steadily played from the opening to even money at post time. The field were away to a good break, The Poet going to the front at the start and making every obstacle a winning one, going under the wire first by five lengths. John Dillon followed the pace keenly for the first part of the journey and was an easy second, while Class Leader had no contention for third place. Huddy ran well for the first turn of the field when he struck the stand jump and unseated his rider.

The third race proved to be one of the heaviest betting events of the day. First Premium and Hyperion were played to the exclusion to everything else and when the horses were called to the post the Texas animal held the honor of being the first choice in the betting. Hyperion went to the front at the start and assumed the lead, closely followed by John A. and at the half-mile pole Hyperion was seen to falter and Burns, who had the mount, eased his mount up and John A. assumed the lead at the turn for home. First Premium moved up with a rush and got on even terms with the pacemaker and from there on to the wire it was hammer and tongs between the two, First Premium getting the decision by a nose from John A., while Charley Ray's Palamon, coming from a long way back, had no contention for third place. When Hyperion pulled up in front of the stand it was seen that he had practically broken down and Cave Adsum also met with a mishap during the race by bleeding. Summaries:

First Race—Five and one-half furlongs; purse $400; for 2-year-olds:
Inflection, 102 (Reed), 9 to 2 1
Lotta Creed, 102 (Ross), 10 to 1 2
Scruples, 101 (G. Burns), 7 to 1 3
Time, 1:07 1-5. Omicron, Jack Straw, Simonette, Pinkard, La Veno, Clem Beachey, Fearnaught II. and Gallant Pirate also ran.

Second Race—About two miles; purse $500; steeplechase; for 4-year-olds and up:
The Poet, 143 (Pollock), even 1
John Dillon, 148 (McKinney), 12 to 5 2
Class Leader, 148 (Wickline), 8 to 1 3
Time, 4:43. Huddy, Gipsano and Bell the Cat also ran.

Third Race—One mile; purse $500; for 3-year-olds and up:
First Premium, 108 (Howard), 11 to 5 .. 1
John A., 97 (Hufnagle), 5 to 1 2
Palamon, 107 (Kennedy), 30 to 1 3
Time, 1:39 3-5. Dr. Waldo Briggs also ran. Cave Adsum bled and Hyperion II. was pulled up.

Fourth Race—Five furlongs; purse $400; for maiden 2-year-old fillies:
Pat Salaga, 108 (Howard), 5 to 2 1
English Esther, 108 (Reid), 10 to 1 2
Grace Dixon, 108 (McIntyre), 15 to 1 3
Time, 1:01 2-5. Tortuous, Lady Wells, Delf, Lady Meltor, Amanda Lee, Kyle and Polly Lee also ran.

Fifth Race—Five and one-half furlongs; selling; for mares and geldings; 3-year-old and up:
Strike Out, 101 (Ross), 5 to 1 1
Security, 89 (Reid), 5 to 1 2
Woodlands, 105 (J. Lee), 3 to 1 3
Time, 1:06 4-5. Ned Carmack, Brown Tony, Odin, Croyton, Luckola, Tropaganist, Mapleton, Running Account and Youthful also ran.

Sixth Race—Five and one-half furlongs; purse $400; for 3-year-olds and up; selling:
Cooney K., 99 (J. Wilson), 10 to 1 1
Selwik, 97 (S. Davis), 20 to 1 2
Edgley, 104 (Rice), 11 to 5 3
Time, 1:06¾. Ben Howr, Sight, Duke of Milan, Annal Interest, Stromeland, Billy Bodemer, Wonder oWrker, Tom Holland and Bosserian also ran.

Seventh Race—One and one-half miles; 3-year-olds and up; purse $400:
Flora Riley, 107 (McIntyre), 8 to 5 1
Doubt, 100 (Ganz), 4 to 1 2
Malediction, 105 (S. Davis), 50 to 1 3
Time, 2:33 4-5. Azo, LaFayette, Harry Richeson, Beau Brummel, Huerfano, Red Huzzar and King of the Mist also ran.

WINDSOR ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Fo 2-year-olds; five furlongs:

Forty-four 102	May Henry 102
Broadsword 105	J. H. Houghton..105
Lumen 105	Master Eugene ..105
Paul 105	Billy Mayhue 108
Sir Ormonde 108	Jim Miller 108
Ilex 108	

SECOND RACE—For 2-year-olds; five furlongs:

Carondolet 105	Turner 105
Kichi Tanaka....105	Sigo 105
Hickory Stick 105	Alfred the Great..108
The General	Steel King 108
Armstrong 105	Col. Jot 108
Dangerous March105	

THIRD RACE—Handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward; one and one-sixteenth miles:

Grania 94	All Red 94
Vox Populi 98	W. A. Leach........100
Creel 110	Green Seal 111

FOURTH RACE—For 2-year-olds; selling; five furlongs (Canadian owned):

Lord Elam 104	Starover 107
Lady Etna 104	Spring Steel 107
Bedminster 104	Charmian 107
Louis Reil 107	

FIFTH RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs:

Silverin 102	Minnie Bright 104
Gold Front 105	Soif 106
Apologize 107	Pat Sharp 110
Potent 110	Montclair 110

SIXTH RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs:

Mozart 100	Busyman 104
Alice George 102	Fulford 106
Ozana 102	Lady Hill 100
Sinfran 104	Ben Double 110

SEVENTH RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; selling; one and one-sixteenth miles:

Denver Girl 91	Roseburg II 94
Woolwinder 100	Giles 101
Gretna Green 107	Howard Shean 107
John E. McMillan 110	Lady Esther 111

Race Results In England.

Sandown Park, Eng., Aug. 2.—The Paddock 2-year-old selling plate of 150 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, was won to-day by Brod. Surf was second and H. P. Whitney's Zeela filly third. Fourteen horses ran.

The Holiday 2-year-old stakes of 400 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, was won to-day by Mount Felix. Blue Blazes was second and the Gorgon filly was third. Among the several starters was H. P. Whitney's Whiskbroom.

The Lubbock Handicap of 200 sovereigns, for 3-year-olds and up, distance five furlongs, was won by Viscount. Jack Horner was second and Galloot was third. H. P. Whitney's Sixty II. was among the seven starters.

Halbert—Boling.

Owenton, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Miss Grace Holbert, aged 20, and Mr. E. M. Boling, aged 23, both of this county, were married in Owenton, the Rev. J. W. Thompson officiating.

KILLING MADE ON KEENE FILLY

Affliction Beats King's Daughter In Drive In Saratoga Handicap.

OLAMBALA FINISHES THIRD.

Meeting Opens At Spa With Big Crowd and Field Stands Are Put At Disposal of Public.

WALDO WINS FLASH STAKES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 2.—James R. Keene's Affliction, played down from 15 to 1 to 8 to 1 at the close, won the Saratoga Handicap, one mile and a quarter, at the opening of the Saratoga meeting to-day. The victory was anticipated by the betting on the Keene filly, and under a hustling ride of E. Martin, she managed to stagger home a winner.

The meeting opened under favorable conditions. The crowd numbered 8,000 persons, far above expectations for a Monday.

The Saratoga Handicap, the feature, drew out a poor lot of horses. There were two withdrawals and King's Daughter was added. She opened at 3 to 1, but was played down to 13 to 5. While the insiders from the Keene stable managed to get big odds against the Meddler filly, Olambala went back to 4 to 1.

The start was good, with Maltbie the first to show. Going around the first turn Affliction raced into the lead, followed by King's Daughter. The latter dashed in the lead in the run down the back stretch. She set a fast pace and took a two lengths' lead. At the far turn she still led by two lengths, but here Martin pulled over the rail, and, saving many lengths, managed to get on even terms with the leaders in the stretch. King's Daughter began to tire, and Affliction, runing strong, outgamed her and won by three-quarters of a length. King's Daughter was second and Olambala third.

Waldo, the favorite, won the $1,200 Flash Stakes.

The Saratoga Association has put racing within reach of all by opening the $1 field stands. The field was closed last year on all tracks, and also this year at the Metropolitan tracks. There was betting in the field inclosure, but only oral bets were accepted. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; six furlongs; $400 added:
Tim Pippin, 123 (Grand), 8 to 5.......... 1
Ruble, 96 (Leach), 8 to 1.......... 2
George W. Lebolt, 96 (Garner), 4 to 1.... 3
Time, 1:13 1-5. Sandpiper, Pete, Sun Dance, Descomnets, Lily Pad, Personal, Bird of Flight II. and Quantico also ran.

Second Race—Selling; steeplechase; about two miles; $400 added:
Byzantin, 145 (Ray), 4 to 1.......... 1
Marksman, 144 (Simpson), 8 to 5.......... 2
Grandpa, 143 (Sampson), 11 to 5.......... 3
Time, 4:32. Malacca fell. Grandpa lost rider, but was remounted and finished third.

Third Race—The Flash Stakes; value $1,200; five and a half furlongs:
Waldo, 122 (McCarthy), 7 to 5.......... 1
Fauntleroy, 112 (Page), 12 to 1.......... 2
Amelia Jenks, 109 (Butwell), 3 to 1.......... 3
Time, 1:07. Rocky O'Brien, Medallion, Shannon, Dalhousie and Herkimer also ran.

Fourth Race—The Saratoga Handicap; guaranteed gross value $5,000; one mile and a quarter:
Affliction, 90 (Martin), 8 to 1.......... 1
King's Daughter, 104 (Taplin), 13 to 5.... 2
Olambala, 116 (Nicol), 4 to 1.......... 3
Time, 2:06. Maltbie, Bouquet, Lady Bedford and Petticoat also ran. King's Daughter added starter.

Fifth Race—Selling; $500 added; one mile:
Mazuma, 103 (Musgrave), 3 to 1.......... 1
Imitator, 101 (Grand), 8 to 1.......... 2
Blackford, 88 (Glass), 5 to 1.......... 3
Time, 1:40. John Carroll, Euebright, King Sol, Campaigner, Right Guard, Escutcheon and Dark Night also ran.

Sixth Race—Five and a half furlongs; $400 added:
Barley Thorp, 112 (Taplin), 8 to 5.......... 1
Ben Loyal, 112 (Butwell), 8 to 1.......... 2
Eddie Dugan, 112 (Powers), 4 to 1.......... 3
Time, 1:07 2-5. Baron Dieskau, Capt. Swanson, Odd Ross, Bishop, Mazarin, Danfield, Judge Lassing, Lorimer and Olivia also ran.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; nonwinners of $600; five and a half furlongs:

Compton 115	Pretend 110
Fighting Bob 115	Sracus 110
Cellaret 112	Chickasaw 110
Democrat 110	Sir Neddam 110
Kingship 110	Crasmere 117
St. Dunstand 110	Miltke 104
Scarpia 110	

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds; nonwinners of $600 value; selling; one mile:

Patriot 111	Right Guard 110
Joe Rose 111	Warden 108
Hammerless 111	Wethermost 105
Great Heavens ..111	Aunt Jule 106
Ruxton 111	Miss Crittenden..106
Hurlock 111	Shapdale 103
Compton 111	Console 103
Eschau 111	Court Lady 101

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and up; selling; seven furlongs:

Ontario 115	Beaucoup 108
Besom 115	Royal Vane 105
Bellweather 113	Verbatim 104
Fountainblue 108	Non 102
Gold Note 108	Right Guard 99
Jeanne d'Arc 106	Gloriole 89
Escutchson 106	Chief Hayes 100
C. W. Burt........105	

FOURTH RACE—The Spinaway; fillies; 2-year-olds, foal of 1907; guaranteed gross value $10,000; five and a half urlongs:

Ocean Bound 115	Fair Louise 112
Sticker 112	School Marm 112
Greenvale 112	Placid 112
Follie Levy 112	Rumpus 112

FIFTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up; selling; mile and an eighth:

Rio Grande 107	Okenite 107
Killochan 107	Miss Catesby 105
King of Bashan.107	Zipango 105
Belleview 107	

SIXTH RACE—Maidens; 3-year-olds and up; one mile:

Turley 112	J. W. Frye 109
Yama 112	Saginaw 109
Bolando 112	Patsy 109
Maximum 112	Practical 109
Mugwump 112	Clockwork 109
Gold Dust 109	Miss Popular 107

Belmont's Horse Runs Poorly.

Ripon, St. Wilfried, England, Aug. 2.—The Fishergreen, 2-year-old plate of 100 sovereigns, distance six furlongs, was won to-day by S. S. Tarre was second and Glance Shot was third. August Belmont's Nabob was among the ten starters.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

J. E. Lindle to A. M. Gregg, lot in Jeffersontown, $1.

Louisville Trust Company to Beechland Missionary Baptist church, lot at Pleasure Ridge, $8.

B. D. Obermeier to Julia Asman, 35 feet northeast side alley southwest of Baxter, northwest of Ferndale, $1.

August Holstein to Jacob Sohl, 30 feet north side Adair, east of Underhill, $1.

Matilda Hilton to Maria Tanner, 17½ feet south side Washington, east of Campbell, $1.

Henrietta Millett to W. H. Netherland, 90 feet north side Graham, west of Birchwood, $1.

J. E. Dawkins to Anna J. Oehms, 2 lots in Iroquois Subdivision, $1.

Fred Gohmann to Mary Kreutzmann, lot in Southern Heights, $1.

N. E. Duboise to Arthur Duboise lot in Jacob Addition, $1.

Berry Land Company to J. H. Jackson, lot in Jacob Addition, $1.

Lillie J. Yenowine to Elizabeth Wheatly, 35 feet west side Twenty-second, south of Broadway, $1.

R. E. Inglis to Mary Bertrand, 40 feet west side Thirty-fourth, south of Rowan, $1.

A. W. White to Jeanette Graham, 180 feet north side Burton, west of Ninth, $1.

R. B. Boyd to F. W. Hosch, 56 feet southwest corner of Pflanz and Thirty-fifth, $1.

Fannie C. Wagner to K. E. Graviss, 30 feet north side Oak, west of Seventeenth, $1.

H. S. D. Wright to Al Reutlinger, lot in Marydale, $1.

Fran. Roselli to C. A. Roselli, lot in Flora Heights, $1.

LOUISVILLE CLUB AFTER TWO STRONG PLAYERS.

William Grayson, Jr., and T. M. Chivington, president and general manager, respectively, of the Louisville ball club, had a very busy session yesterday. They were in the lobby of The Seelbach Hotel most of the day holding quiet conferences with the many club owners and managers who were here to attend the funeral of Harry C. Pulliam. The presence here of the magnates gave the local officials a chance to talk to them for the purpose of securing players in order to strengthen the Louisville team. Every club owner was buttonholed by the heads of the local club. What the result of their efforts was could not be ascertained positively. It is certain, however, that the day's work bore fruit. Some of the magnates, it is understood, were willing to dispose of material wanted by President Grayson.

What men the local officials are after could not be learned. However, it is understood that the Louisville magnate is after two big league players with good prospects of landing them. The men are certainly big league timber and if they are secured it is claimed that they will add considerable strength to the Colonels' batting department. Local officials are after hitters, as the race is very close and they appreciate the fact that with the addition of two men who can hit the ball somewhere near the .300 mark, and with the pitchers doing splendid work, as they have been, the Colonels will have much to say regarding to winning the pennant. The deals with the players in question are likely to be closed within the next few days.

Sailor Burke's Easy Victory.

New York, Aug. 2.—"Sailor" Burke, the Brooklyn middleweight, battered Sid Lucas, of New York, into a helpless condition at the Bedford Athletic Club in Brooklyn, to-night.

The affair was too one-sided to be called a contest. Burke had Lucas on the floor when the bell rang at the end of the first round, which was cut five seconds short. Two more knock-downs followed in the second, and Lucas was tottering on the ropes when the referee stopped the bout.

Funeral of James G. Wood.

Lebanon, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—The body of James Garnett Wood, who was instantly killed at Little Rock, Ark., by falling from the eighth story of an office building, was brought to this city this afternoon for interment.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation during the twenty-four hours ended August 2 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	96	.00	Marquette	78	.00
Amarillo	92	.00	Memphis	88	.00
Atlanta	78	2.20	Montgomery	86	T
Bismarck	92	.01	Nashville	88	.00
Cairo	88	.00	New Orleans	84	T
Cincinnati	86	.00	New York	80	.00
Charlotte	70	1.54	Oklahoma	100	.00
Chattanooga	84	.50	Omaha	88	.0
Chicago	80	T	Palestine	96	.00
Cor's Christi	88	T	Pittsburg	86	.00
Davenport	92	T	San Antonio	96	.00
El Paso	94	.00	Shreveport	94	.06
Fort Smith	98	.00	St. Louis	90	.00
Galveston	84	T	St. Paul	92	.00
Indianapolis	88	.00	Vicksburg	88	1.12
Jacksonville	90	.00	Washington	80	.0
Kansas City	88	.00	Yello'ne Park	70	.34
Little Rock	92	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Aug. 2, 1909.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.07	30.06
Temperature	72	82
Dewpoint	67	68
Relative humidity	84	64
Wind velocity	6	6
State of weather	Clear	Clear

TEMPERATURES AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, Aug. 2, 1909.

Maximum temperature	86
Minimum temperature	72
Mean temperature	79
Normal temperature	78
Departure for day	+1
Departure for month	+2
Departure since March 1	—33
Prevailing winds	NE
Mean barometer	30.06
Mean relative humidity	74
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.12
Departure for day	—.12
Departure for month	—.25
Departure since March 1	+4.22

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was stationary last night. The stages were: 4 feet 1 inch on the falls, 6 feet 3 inches in the canal and 11 feet 3 inch below the locks. Business on the levee was good. The weather was clear and warm.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Indiana, Capt. Maurer, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenburn, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, from and to Carrollton....Park City, Capt. Ballard, to Camp Nelson....Tarascon, Capt. Zoll, from Evansville....Cleremond, Capt. Green, from and to Leavenworth.

DRIFTWOOD.

The freight movement down the river has been unusually heavy during the last two weeks and the Evansville packets have been late in arriving from Evansville each trip. The Tarascon did not get in until late last night. She will return to Evansville early this morning....The Park City cleared for Camp Nelson on time yesterday afternoon with a good trip of freight and a full booking of round-trip excursionists....There will be only two packets leaving port to-day and both are for upper river points. The Indiana leaves at 5 p. m. from the Third-avenue wharfboat for Cincinnati, and the Helen M. Gould leaves from the same wharfboat at 4 p. m. for Madison, Carrollton and all way ports....The Cleremond and barge brought up a big consignment of wheat from the lower bends yesterday. She had a fair trip on her return trip down the river....Capt. John Brennan, who has been at Martinsville, Ind., taking the baths, is expected to return home some time this week....Richard Hardesty, clerk of the steamer City of Cincinnati, is off his boat owing to the death of his father....Pittsburg coal operators are somewhat discouraged over the outlook for a shipping stage. Considerable coal has accumulated in the Pittsburg harbor during the low-water period, but should a rise materialize suddenly everything is in readiness for a quick get away....The Paducah dry docks, which have been moored at Paducah, Ky., for many years, and where many of the Ohio and Mississippi River craft have been repaired, were sold a few days ago to H. C. Murnan, of Helena, Ark., and are now on the way to Helena, Ark. They will be thoroughly overhauled and put in first-class condition. This will require 25,000 feet of lumber. Capt. Young Taylor, for years manager of the docks at Paducah, will superintend the docks at Helena. J. K. P. McCarthy, who built the docks that were sold, is now planning to build new docks.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Rivermen's hearts fell to-day with a drop in the water stage, the announcement being made at the principal recording stations that the low stage of water prevailing the last several weeks is falling still lower. A ray of hope comes in the prediction of the Weather Bureau that heavy rains in this vicinity are shortly due. The stages of water to-night at Davis Island dam were: In the pool, 12.2; below the pool, 7.6 feet and falling.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 2.—River 6.1 feet and falling. Clear and warm. Departed: Indian, Matamoras, 11:30 a. m.; Royal, Clarington, 3:30 p. m.; D. W., Clarington, 3:30 p. m.

Cincinnati, Aug. 2.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the stage of the river was 9.9 feet, falling. Arrivals at this port to-day were: Ohio from Pittsburg; Tacoma from Charleston; Courier from Maysville; Chilo from Chilo; Kentucky from Madison; Indiana from Louisville. Departures: Ohio for Pittsburg; Tacoma for Pomeroy; Courier for Maysville; Chilo for Chilo; Kentucky for Madison; Indiana for Louisville.

Madison, Ind., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—River 11 feet and stationary. Fair and warm.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—The gauge reads 9.6 feet and falling. Clear and hot. Arrived: Dick Fowler, from Cairo; Bob Dudley, from Nashville, in place of the J. B. Richardson; Clyde, from Waterloo, Ala. Departed: Dick Fowler, for Cairo; Joe Fowler, for Evansville; Bob Dudley, for Clarksville, Tenn.; Clyde, for Commerce, Mo., for a consignment of wheat.

Cairo, Aug. 2.—Stage 21.5 feet, falling.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—Arrived: St. Paul. Departed: Cape Girardeau, Commerce; Spread Eagle, Grafton. Stage 15.6 feet, falling.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—River here 20.6 feet, a fall of 4.1 feet in forty-eight hours. The Ferd Herold arrived early this morning with 4,465 packages of merchandise for this place, including 353 bales of Eastern-bound cotton. The City of Savannah departed at 5 p. m. for Arkansas City, the James Lee departed at 5 p. m. for Friars Point, the City of St. Joseph departed at 5 p. m. for O. K. Landing and the Harry Lee departed at 5 p. m. for Ashport.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Cherbourg, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II., New York for Bremen, and proceeded.

Bremen, Aug. 1.—Arrived: Steamer Friedrich Der Grosse, New York.

Antwerp, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Vaderland, New York.

Siasconset, Mass., Aug. 2.—Steamer Kroonland, Antwerp for New York, 210 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5 a. m. Will dock late to-night or early tomorrow.

New York, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Minnewska, London.

Plymouth, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II., New York for Bremen.

New York, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Venezia, Marseilles; Kroonland, Antwerp.

Dover, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Vaderland, New York for Antwerp, and proceeded.

Glasgow, July 31.—Arrived: Steamers Hesperian, Montreal. August 1, Caledonia, New York via Moville; Numidian, Boston. August 2, Mongolian, Philadelphia via St. Johns, N. Y.

Rotterdam, Aug. 1.—Arrived: Steamer Russia, New York for Libau.

Liverpool, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Arabic, New York via Queenstown.

Palermo, July 30.—Sailed: Steamer Italia, New York.

Boulogne, July 31.—Sailed: Steamer Ryndam, New York.

Gibraltar, Aug. 1.—Sailed: Steamer Pannonia, New York.

Naples, July 29.—Arrived: Steamer San Geovanni, New York.

Genoa, July 30.—Arrived: Steamer America, New York via Naples.

Queenstown, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Lusitania, New York for Liverpool, and proceeded.

Naples, July 29.—Sailed: Steamer Dinnamare, New York.

Genoa, July 29.—Sailed: Steamer Sicilia, New York.

Punta Arenas, July 30.—Sailed: Steamer Belle of Scotland, from Newport News via St. Lucia, for Bremerton.

Southampton, Aug. 2.—Sailed: Steamer President Lincoln, New York.

Montreal, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Gramarian, Glasgow.

Quebec, Aug. 2.—Arrived: Steamer Lake Manitoba, Liverpool.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL BUSINESS PROPERTY.

Market, bet. Fourth and Fifth, south side; now earning 6 per cent. NET, above all expenses. Splendid investment, with good future. Only part cash required; $40,000.

C. A. SINGER, 221 Fifth st.

FOR SALE—20 acres fine tobacco; part topped; good chance if taken at once; good reason for selling. Halifax farm, Harrods Creek, Ky. Take Prospect car.

FOR SALE—FARMS.

FOR SALE—Ideal farm of 1,000 acres Red River land, near Ogden, Little River county, Ark.; located in new levee district and will be protected from overflow before another year; 300 acres in cultivation, balance hay meadows and fine woods pastures that will winter 500 head of stock; residence, barn store, seven tenant houses; good fences and deep well, affording abundance of soft water; all for $15,000. Will also sell growing crop, farm implements and stock, consisting of eleven mules, cattle and hogs, all at a bargain. Also 160-acre Red River farm above overflow; 120 acres in cultivation; will grow anything, $3,000; residence, small barn and ample tenant houses; located on Texas and Pacific railroad, twenty-six miles south of Shreveport, La.; price $6,000. Address W. R. CAVETT, Box 312, Shreveport, La.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, FLOOR CASES, CIGAR CASES, SHOWCASES AND WALL CASES, OFFICE PARTITIONS, SAFES, DESKS, SCALES, MEAT AND MILK BOXES, COUNTERS AND SHELVING, AT L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 WEST JEFFERSON ST.

FOR SALE—60,000 feet three-quarter rubber garden hose in 50-foot lengths, complete with coupling and nozzle, $2.50. LOUIS P. HYMAN, 529 E. Market.

FOR SALE—1 Hale tourist car; 1 illusion show, cheap, at JOCKEY CLUB, Fourth and Central aves. Ask for Harry Carr.

FOR SALE—Small stock of drygoods, notions and millinery; cash trade; good location. Address E. E. 22, The Times.

FOR SALE—Coal and coke; cut-rate prices. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., COAL CO., Lincoln bldg. Both phones.

FOR SALE—Small coffee plant; complete with experienced roaster. Address A A 28, this office.

FOR SALE—3 fine fox terrier pups. 1110 Floyd st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF you have $500 cash, offer an opportunity to get an interest in a high-class proposition, which will return many times original investment in next 90 days. Could use good, hustling office woman. Have highest references and expect same. Address O 184, this office.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Connecting rooms; front has alcove; nicely furnished; 2d floor; good table; private family; reference required. Telephone S. 2424—A. 1407 First st.

BOARDING—Rooms for couple or 2 gentlemen. 826 Second. Home phone 7813.

Tips

—On Buying or Selling a Horse



Somewhere is this city someone is wanting a Horse. And someone, somewhere has a Horse to Sell. The link that connects the chain is a little Want Ad on our classified page. Think of it—Buyer and Seller brought together for but a few pennies! In reality our Classified page is the Market Place for all such wants. Be convinced beyond all doubt—

Read and Answer

Today's Want Ads.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—To meet any amateur ball club in the State. Address Tom Woodfork, 735 Preston st., manager. Home phone 2423; Cumb. South 423-a.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES; also merchandise. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

WANTED—To buy Citizens' Life Insurance Co. stock. Address Box 326 Madisonville, Ky., naming your best price.

WANTED—To buy furniture, feathers, carpets, stoves, etc. W. SMITH, 102 E. Mkt. Phones, Home 6037, Cum. M. 241-Y.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Experienced shoe salesman to sell factory line of men's welts and McKays in Kentucky; state in first letter lines previously carried and amount of yearly sales; only such applications will be considered as are received from men who are now traveling and selling shoes on the road. J. W. CARTER & CO., Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Agents. Summer necessity that everybody wants. Quick sales. Repeat orders. Big profit. BALDWIN, BROWN & CO., 88 Fourth st. Fond du Lac, Wis.

WANTED—Free, new illustrated catalogue of household specialties. Address M. L. ILES CO., 3354 N. New Jersey st., Indianapolis, Ind. Dept. Q.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE to work. All persons of true merit get places with the best citizens free of charge; registry imperative, costs little. LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 124 S. Third st. Wise ones accept, but no compulsion. The only square office.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; few weeks completes; practical experience from start; careful instructors; tools given; diplomas granted; wages Saturdays; positions waiting; wonderful demand for graduates; write for catalogue. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Experienced steel die and copper plate engraver. Steady job and an excellent opportunity for establishing a business of your own. Box 175, Evansville, Ind.

WANTED—Sept. 1 for lumber company, Texas, bookkeeper, $100; also invoice clerk, $65; give age and experience. Address AMERICAN OPPORTUNITY CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WANTED—A good, sober, experienced lime burner, where coal is used. Good wages. Box 334, Rapid City, South Dakota.

WANTED—Pipe organ builders and metal pipe makers; steady work and pay. GEO. KILGEN & SON, 3825 Laclede ave., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Printer to set type and ads; country man preferred. The JEFFERSONIAN, Jeffersontown, Ky.

WANTED—Stick candy makers; good, steady position. NATIONAL CANDY CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—Men to handle lumber. FRED G. JONES & CO., Brook and A.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Good, middle-aged, responsible, white or colored woman to take care of all youngsters and make herself generally useful. We live on a 12-acre place within five minutes' walk of East Market-street car line, and offer a worthy woman a good home at reasonable compensation. Tel. E. 960.

WANTED—1,000 NICE GIRLS. Citizens suited with best cooks, nurses, maids, housekeepers, etc.; call and select. LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 124 S. Third st, ground floor; open 9 till 4; city, country, abroad; be ready to work.

WANTED—A competent dressmaker; splendid opportunity and money-making department for lady who understands dressmaking; none but experienced need apply. Address B. ENGLE, Charleston, W. Va.

WANTED — Competent stenographer; lady; good position for one experienced. Address O 185, this office.

Babies' Milk Fund Association.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PURE MILK STATIONS.

The Babies' Milk Fund Association announces that the following stations are open daily for the distribution of pure milk:

Station A.—Neighborhood House, 428 S. First st., 12 to 1.

Station B.—Wesley House, 809 E. Main st., 3 to 4 p. m.

Station C.—Boone Square, 1903 Duncan st., 2 to 3 p. m.

Station D.—Thirteenth and Maple sts., public school, 11 to 12.

Mothers of babies 5 years of age and under, wishing special milk for their babies, are invited to consult with the visiting nurses at the above hours.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—At Fontaine Ferry or on car, gold bar pin, about 2½ inches long, set with 5 pearls. Reward if returned to DEARING'S BOOKSTORE.

LOST—Between Second and Kentucky and Central Park, gray silk belt and silver buckle. Return to 1136 Sixth st.

LOST—Gold locket; monogram A. M. A. on one side. Reward. KING'S CENTRAL STABLES, Second and Guthrie.

LOST OR STOLEN—August 1, a young red muley cow. Return and get reward. GEO. KAISER, Bardstown road.

LOST—One pair solid gold invisible glasses in security mounting. LATTA OPTICAL CO.; reward.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

MONEY LOANED employed people and others upon their own names without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments. Offices in 66 principal cities. Save yourself money by getting my terms first. D. H. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC. Low Rates—Easy Payments. AMERICAN LOAN CO., 421 W. Jefferson, second floor.

IF you need money, get our rates before borrowing elsewhere. WEST END LOAN CO., 1619 W. Market st.

AMUSEMENTS.

FALLS CITIES CHAUTAUQUA
GLENWOOD PARK

To-day: Hinshaw Grand Opera Co., 8 p. m. Bill Bone, 3 p. m. Hungarian Orchestra. Moving Pictures.

Wednesday: McDowell, "Panama Canal" in Moving Pictures. Monroe Markley. Bill Bone. Hungarians. Moving Pictures.

25¢ ALL DAY. TAKE BIG RED CAR.

RIVERVIEW PARK
Joe Clark's Celebrated
COLORED JUBILEE SINGERS
Continuous Free Minstrels.
4—Free VAUDEVILLE Acts—4
XTRA! FREE FIREWORKS AT 8 TO-NIGHT

FONTAINE FERRY
"The Park Beautiful." Free Gate.
JEWELL'S MANIKINS,
A Real Vaudeville Novelty.
4—OTHER STAR ACTS—4
(Reserved Seats at Humler & Nolan's.)
Free Concerts By GREGG'S BAND LUCILLE ALBERTI

AVENUE ALWAYS COOL AND COMFORTABLE.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE AND THE BEST MOTION PICTURES.
4 Shows Daily—1 to 3, 3 to 5, 7 to 9, 9 to 11. Admission 10c; Gallery 5c; Children 5c.

BASEBALL TO-DAY
Minneapolis vs. Louisville.
GAME CALLED AT 3:30 P. M.
Box Seats on Sale at McKinley's.

PROPOSALS.

Sewer

Sealed proposals for the construction of Section "B" of the Western Intercepter, Contract No. 49, will be received at the office of the Commissioners of Sewerage until 12 o'clock noon August 6, 1909.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the commissioners, 603, 605 and 607 Equitable building, Louisville, Ky.

W. C. NONES, Chairman.
CHAS. P. WEAVER, Secy. and Treas.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—By FIDELITY TRUST CO., Members Real Estate Association. 110 S. Fifth St.

RESIDENCES—NEW NUMBERS.

1902	Second st., 8 rooms and all conveniences; per month	$32 50
1601	Corner Rosewood and Von Borries, in Highlands; 5 rooms, natural gas and all conveniences; per month	30 00
1136	Fourth, 12 rooms, furnace and all conveniences; stable; per month	75 00
1312	First st., just south of Ormsby, 7 rooms, furnace and all conveniences; per month	37 50
1218	Third, 9 rooms and all conveniences; per month	60 00
416	W. Chestnut, 10 rooms and all conveniences; per month	75 00
125	E. Caldwell, 6 rooms and all conveniences; per month	30 00
1330	First, 8 rooms, stable, all conveniences; per month	40 00
948	S. First, 9 rooms and all conveniences; per month	40 00
1817	Ferndale, in Highlands, 8 rooms and all conveniences; per mo..	25 00
2218	W. Main, 6 rooms; per month..	17 00
	APARTMENTS.	
1005	Third, 6 rooms and all conveniences; per month	25 00
732-4	Sixth st., 2 modern apartments, 6 rooms each; per mo..	18 00
	BUSINESS HOUSES.	
207	Sixth, 2-story stores; per month for both, $65; or separately	35 00

FOR RENT—HOUSES, COTTAGES, FLATS and ROOMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. VERY LARGE LIST. BRUNER, 243 FIFTH ST.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—A 5-room apartment, with bath and all modern conveniences, in the southern part of city. Moderate rental. Possession given at once. Apply by Cumberland telephone, South 1331—Y.

FOR RENT—Apartment, 125 Ormsby, east of First; 5 rooms, bath, blinds, screens, water, separate entrance; beautiful surroundings. Phone 1084 South.

FOR RENT—Flat, 5 or 7 rooms, hot and cold water; heat and light fur. 643 3d.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT — Furnished rooms, with board; steam heat, electric lights, bath, porter service, etc.; $1 per day; $4.50 per week. THE NEW FARMERS' HOME HOTEL CO., 416-430 E. Market.

FOR RENT—Cool, pleasant rooms, nicely furnished, bath electric lights, both phones and janitor service. Home phone 388. 720 W. Chestnut.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished, cool room in modern apartment. Electric lights; private family. Apt. 211, 566 Fourth.

FOR RENT—Rooms, nicely furnished, for sleeping or housekeeping, single or ensuite. 543 Second st.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, excellent location; references exchanged. 929 First st.

FOR RENT—Rooms nicely furnished for housekeeping; cheap. 1419 W. Chestnut.

FOR RENT—Rooms nicely furnished for light housekeeping. 122 W. Walnut.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 725 Fourth ave., just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. Also two elegant rooms on main floor for offices or studio. For further information apply on premises or telephone South 1308.

LOST OR STOLEN.

LOST OR STOLEN—From one of Tabb Transfer wagons, one red tarpaulin, folded and in a burlap sack, Monday afternoon, bet. Thirteenth and Lexington and Hancock and Main and the Monon Depot, Fourteenth and Main. Reward.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

$5.00 ROUND TRIP TO EVANSVILLE

Meals and Berths Included.

Steamer Tarascon Mondays and Fridays. Str. Tell City Wednesdays and Saturdays. 3 DAYS' VACATION TRIP FOR $5.00. Beautiful scenery, music and dancing. Telephone M. J. CONNELLY, General Passenger Agent. Both phones 827, and reserve berths.

Strs CITY OF CINCINNATI and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday, at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phones 141.

C. C. FULLER, Supt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office 418 Fourth Ave. and corner Fourth and Main. Both 'Phones 238.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. S, Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.
x Stops at Baxter Avenue.

This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East........	* 3:15am	a* 2:20am
Cincinnati and East........	a* 8:10am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East........	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:45pm
Cincinnati and East........	xa* 5:00pm	xa*11:45am
Mobile and New Orleans..	* 9:30pm	* 8:00am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:00am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:35am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta......	* 1:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:25am	* 7:10pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:05pm	†10:00am
Knoxville and Atlanta......	* 8:00pm	* 7:50am
Atlanta and Jacksonville..	* 8:15am	* 8:15pm
Lebanon and Richmond...	* 7:10am	* 6:10pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington..............	xa† 7:25am	xa 6:40pm
Frankfort and Lexington.	xa† 2:00pm	xa†11:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:30pm	† 8:20am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 8:25am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg.	† 5:05pm	†10:00am

Sunday Trains.

Frankfort and Lexington.....	xa6:10pm	xa10:20am
Bowling Green Accommo.....	6:20pm	10:50am
Bardstown and Springfield...	6:00pm	9:25am
Lebanon and Greensburg.....	6:30pm	9:45am

From First and Water-Street Station.

Frankfort Accommodation	† 4:30pm	†5:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 5:15pm	*9:15am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 8:00am	*6:05pm

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 9:30 p. m. and 2:35 a. m. trains to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Atlanta and Bristol, and on the 8:15 a. m. train to Atlanta and Jacksonville.

BEARGRASS RAILWAY—Terminal Station, Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth. Weekday schedule, effective July 11, 1909. (For Sunday and Holiday schedules see folders.)

JEFFERSONTOWN DIVISION — Cars for Jeffersontown leave Highland and Baxter avenues at 5:12 a. m. daily, and thereafter leave Terminal Station 6:03 and 7:03 a. m. and eighteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:18 and 9:18 p. m. Last car Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 5:55 a. m., 7 a. m., 7:33 a. m., 8 a. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 9:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and at 12:15 Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights to Highland avenue only.

SALT RIVER DIVISION—Cars leave for Orell at 4:40 and 5:10 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:50 a. m. and 7:50 p. m. Extra car (daily except Sunday) leaves at 5:20 p. m. Last car leaves for Orell at 9:03 p. m. daily except Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:10 p. m. Cars leave Orell for Louisville at 5:35 and 6:07 a. m. daily except Sunday and holidays and forty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:45 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. Last car for Louisville leaves Orell at 10 p. m. daily except Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 12 midnight.

OKOLONA DIVISION—Cars leave for Okolona thirty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:35 a. m. and 7:35 p. m. daily. Last car for Okolona at 9 p. m. daily and on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:05 p. m. Cars leave Okolona for Louisville fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Last car for Louisville leaves Okolona at 9:45 p. m. daily and on Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:45 p. m.

FERN CREEK DIVISION—Cars for Fern Creek leave Highland and Baxter avenues at 5:05 a. m. daily and thereafter leave Terminal Station at 5:50 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour thereafter until 9:50 p. m. On Sundays and holidays last car leaves at 10:50 p. m. and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:30 p. m. Cars leave Fern Creek at 5:43 a. m. and forty-five minutes after each hour thereafter until 10:45 p. m. On Sundays and the holidays last car leaves Fern Creek at 11:45 p. m. and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 12:25.

PROSPECT DIVISION—Cars leave Terminal Station for Prospect at 5:32 a. m. and eight minutes after the hour thereafter until 10:08 p. m. Last car outbound leaves at 11:08 p. m. on Monday, Thursday and Saturday. An additional line leaves at eight minutes after the half hour for Harrods Creek, making a half-hour line up to that point up to 9:08 p. m. On Sunday this half-hour line runs through to Prospect. Cars leave Prospect at 6:20 a. m. and four minutes before each hour thereafter until 10:56 p. m., except Monday, Thursday and Saturday, when last car leaves at 11:56 p. m. Half-hour line leaves Harrods Creek at 6:28 a. m. and thereafter on the hour until 10 p. m. Last car at 11 p. m. except Monday, Thursday and Saturday, when it leaves Harrods Creek at 12 o'clock midnight.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station; City Ticket Office, 124 Fourth avenue:

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed.

ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.

9:30 a. m. daily, St. Louis Special, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Princeton, Centralia, Evansville, St. Louis and way stations.

4:30 p. m. daily, "Evansville Limited," Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville, West Baden and French Lick.

10:10 p. m. daily, "St. Louis Limited," Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia, Evansville and St. Louis.

8 a. m. daily, Evansville Accommodation, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton and Evansville.

Trains from St. Louis arrive 5:55 p. m. and 7:10 a. m. Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive at 12:28 p. m. and 6:50 p. m.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Trains leave Fourth-avenue crossing twenty minutes later.

7:40 a. m. daily, "Florida Limited," Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Florida.

4:20 p. m. daily, Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.

8 p. m. daily, "Florida Special," Danville, Lexington, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville and Atlanta. Through sleeper to Chattanooga, Asheville and Atlanta.

Trains from Lexington, Danville and local stations arrive at 10:50 a. m., 8:40 a. m. and 8:50 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive at 8:40 a. m. and 8:50 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE TRACTION CO.—In effect June 1, 1909.

THE HOOSIER LIMITEDS leave Louisville for Jeffersonville, Watson Junction, Sellersburg, Scottsburg, Crothersville, Seymour, Columbus, Edinburg, Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at 7:30, 9:30 and 11:30 a. m. and 1:30, 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.

LOCAL CARS leave Louisville for Seymour and all intermediate points at 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 a. m. and 12:30, 3:30, 5:30, 8:30 and 11:15 p. m.

Cars make direct connections at Seymour with cars of the I. C. and S. T. Company for Indianapolis and all intermediate points, also with trains of the B. and O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and information see agents and official time-table folders in all cars. Depot, Third street, between Green and Walnut.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and River. City Ticket Office, Fourth and Market. Effective December 1, 1908.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans....	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans....	12:01pm	5:55pm
Paducah and Fulton............	7:31am	4:55pm
Central City Accommodation..	4:45pm	8:30am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	4:45pm	8:30am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:55pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:55pm
California points, through cars Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:55pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

EAST.

Lv. Versailles	7:30am	12:20pm
Lv. Nicholasville	8:22am	1:08pm
Lv. Richmond	9:30am	2:00pm
Lv. Irvine	10:30am	3:00pm
Ar. Beattyville	11:50am	4:30pm

WEST.

Ar. Versailles	10:10am	5:30pm
Lv. Nicholasville	9:25am	4:45pm
Lv. Richmond	8:25am	3:45pm
Lv. Irvine	7:20am	2:40pm
Lv. Beattyville	6:00am	1:20pm

All trains daily except Sunday. Dec. 8, 1908.

LEXINGTON AND EASTERN RAILWAY—In effect August 1, 1908.

Trains leave Lexington for Winchester, Beattyville Junction, O. and K. Junction, Jackson and way points daily at 7:35 a. m. and 2:25 p. m. Returning leave Jackson at 6:10 a. m. and 2:20 p. m. Sunday only, leave Jackson at 7 a. m. Connections at Mt. Sterling with C. and O., Campton Junction with Mountain Central Railway, Beattyville Junction with L. and A. Railway, O. and K. Junction and O. and K. Railway.

LOUISVILLE AND EASTERN R. R.—(Pewee Valley Line).—In effect May 5, 1909. Half-hour service 6 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. as far east as Pewee Valley; hourly thereafter until 12:30 midnight. For Beard and Lagrange, hourly from 6:30 a. m. until 11:30 p. m. Limited trains arrive Louisville 7:57 a. m. and leave at 5:15 p. m.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Position by first-class shoemaker. Call at 418 Sixth st.

USE Bottled In Bond
Old Taylor
A Beverage Whiskey of top most Class
E. H. Taylor Jr. & Sons INCORPORATED Distillers, Frankfort, Ky.

Have a Little Circus of Your Own

You don't have to go to a real circus to enjoy yourself. You will agree with us that you have had a real circus after you have read the clever story entitled "The Circus at Mifflin," by Frances R. Sterrett, and have seen the handsome cover of the circus clown drawn by George Hibbard, which appear as features in next Sunday's Illustrated Sunday Magazine, issued with the Courier-Journal.

A Strange Legacy, Indeed

Imagine the feelings of a young lawyer, who has been living in anticipation of reaping riches when his wealthy uncle dies, when he is left a handsome portrait of his dead relative. That's rubbing it in, don't you think? But the end of the story, that's different and better. We won't spoil it. Read it yourself in this issue.

Is the American Public Fickle?

Homer Croy, in writing on the great game of baseball, says it is. He says other interesting things about the public with reference to baseball players, and, having been a baseball player himself, he ought to know. His article on various forms of team spirit as employed to win games makes as good a bit of reading as one can find.

The First Quarrel

If you are married you will probably recall your first quarrel. However, the first quarrel created in the story by Max Merryman is somewhat different from the one you recall. It will interest you tenfold for that very reason. See what he has to say.

The Guilty Juror

Imagine the sensation in a crowded court-room when one of a jury in a murder trial confesses to the crime to save an innocent man and please his pretty sister. This is part of the clever plot in Mason Ray's story, "The Twelfth Juror," in the next Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

Other Fine Reading in This Issue

"The Beauty Doctor and the Burglar," by Hugh Pendexter; "A Proposal by Wireless," by Frederic Reddale; "Palace and Home," poem by Henry Waldorf Francis; "Mated," verse by Mrs. E. R. Burns; "Some 'Ifs' and What Would Result from Them," by J. L. Harbour; "The Magdalene," verse by Donald B. Moore; "Mad Dogs in Fact and Fable;" "Jokes and Near Jokes," etc.

BIG FIGHT NOW SEEMS CERTAIN

Johnson Posts Forfeit and Jeffries and Handlers Are Pleased.

MANAGER SAM BERGER TALKS.

Says Boilermaker Cannot Name Time and Place For Bout Until Bids Are Received.

BIG FELLOW IN GOOD FAITH.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Sam Berger, manager for James J. Jeffries, expressed considerable delight over the posting of Johnson's forfeit, and said: "Well, I guess there'll be a fight," when informed this evening that Jack Johnson posted $5,000 in Chicago to-day to bind a match with Jeffries for the heavy-weight championship.

As to a report that Johnson wants Jeffries to agree to the time and place for the match before the latter goes abroad, Berger said:

"How can Jeffries name any time or place for the fight—particularly a place—before a bid has been received from a promoter? We would like to know when and where as well as Johnson, but we are not mind-readers."

"If Johnson means business," he continued, "he should come here to New York as soon as the bids for the fight are in and he and myself will look over them and anything that looks reasonably good to us both we will accept.

"Jeffries is dealing with Johnson and the public in good faith. He only wants what is fair and reasonable. Any other champion—and Jeffries is the real champion—would have demanded ninety per cent. of the gate, or purse, but he is good enough to say that Johnson shall have a loser's end. No, I won't say how much it will be, but it will repay him for training expenses, even—well, even if it does not for the beating he will surely get."

* * *

Johnson Posts His Forfeit.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Champion Jack Johnson posted $5,000 to-day with Edward W. Smith, a local sporting editor, in an effort to throw a little scare into James J. Jeffries, who last week posted a like sum with a New York sporting writer.

"There's no use of me going to New York," said the giant colored man last night. "Jeffries would only stall a little longer, so I'm going to have my Chicago stakeholder transfer my little $5,000 to New York and then wait and see what course Jeffries will follow. It isn't up to me to follow him around and beg him to cover my money. I've had money posted several times. But I'll have my coin shipped to New York, if it will help the situation any."

BELL'S AERODROME BROKEN TO PIECES.

Three Successful Flights Followed By An Accident That Destroys the Machine.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 2.—Preliminary trial of the flights of Alexander Graham Bell's aeroplane, Silver Dart, were attempted to-day at Petawawa military camp, by Messrs. Baldwin and McCurdy. Three short flights were successfully concluded. A fourth attempt was made, but on landing the aerodrome struck a knoll and was damaged so badly as to render it practically useless. The aviators began assembling a new one, Haddock No. 1, and a flight with it will be attempted in a few days.

DATES FOR HOLDING FAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

Madisonville, August 3—5 days.
Winchester, August 3—4 days.
Danville, August 3—4 days.
Versailles, August 4—3 days.
Lexington, Bluegrass Fair, August 9—6 days.
Vanceburg, August 10—4 days.
Burkesville, August 10—4 days.
Taylorsville, August 10—4 days.
Uniontown, August 10—5 days.
Middlesboro, September 1—4 days.
Harrodsburg, August 12—3 days.
Providence, August 17—5 days.
Leitchfield, August 17—4 days.
Barbourville, August 18—3 days.
Richmond, August 18—3 days.
Broadhead, August 18—3 days.
Shepherdsville, August 18—3 days.
Ewing, August 19—3 days.
Pembroke, Horse Show, August 19—3 days.
Shelbyville, August 24—4 days.
Elizabethtown, August 24—3 days.
Springfield, August 25—4 days.
London, August 24—4 days.
Florence, August 25—4 days.
Frankfort, August 31—3 days.
Somerset, August 31—4 days.
Hardinsburg, August 31—3 days.
Nicholasville, August 31—4 days.
Tompkinsville, September 1—4 days.
Fern Creek, September 1—5 days.
Bardstown, September 1—4 days.
Franklin, September 2—3 days.
Paris, September 7—4 days.
Hodgenville, September 7—3 days.
Monticello, September 7—4 days.
Glasgow, September 8—4 days.
Sanders, September 8—4 days.
Hartford, September 8—3 days.
Louisville, Kentucky State Fair, September 13—6 days.
Scottsville, September 16—3 days.
Mayfield, September 22—4 days.
Horse Cave, September 22—4 days.
Morgantown, September 22—4 days.
Glasgow Colored Fair—September 23—3 days.
Bedford, October 1—2 days.
Owensboro, October 5—6 days.
Elkton, October 7—3 days.
Sulphur, October 8—2 days.

LINCOLN PENNY ISSUED FROM MINT.

Philadelphia, Aug. 2.—The Philadelphia mint will issue to-day the new "Lincoln" pennies which the Treasury Department has caused to be designed and struck off in honor of the 100th anniversary of the late President's birth.

The head of Lincoln, which appears on the coin, was designed from a photograph in the possession of Charles Eliot Norton. The face is relaxed and smiling, the artist having sought to reproduce particularly Lincoln's expression when talking to children.

The artist, Victor D. Brenner, is twenty-seven years old, and is a Russian who came to this country as a boy and sold matches in the street and studied art at night at Cooper Union. He saved up enough money to continue his studies in Paris and on his return opened a studio.

EWALD FUNERAL IN ST. LOUIS TO-DAY.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—[Special.]—The body of Louis Philip Ewald, who died in Louisville, reached St. Louis this morning and will be buried here. The funeral is set for to-morrow for 2 p. m. from the Wagoner undertaking establishment.

Someone of to-day's want ads. contains more of "news value" to you than anything else in the paper.

REINSTATED

Are Many Who Were Let Out Recently.

LATEST DEVELOPMENT IN U. OF L. TANGLE.

D. W. FAIRLEIGH DECLINES TO MAKE STATEMENT.

REGENTS ARE TO MEET SOON.

The only new development in the situation surrounding the University of Louisville with regard to the threatened lawsuit by deposed physicians in an effort to force the board of regents to adhere to an alleged contract signed with them last year, came to light yesterday when the names of the members of the new minor faculty were given out. It is said that these men were all given their places back by the board of regents at a meeting held a few days after the return to Louisville of David W. Fairleigh, principally against whom the deposed physicians and professors have arrayed themselves. Mr. Fairleigh, however, declares emphatically that no meeting has been held and that none of the men whose names are contained in the list published yesterday have been taken back.

All those whose names appear in the list were released from the institution when those who are preparing to enter into litigation were discharged. This statement was made by Dr. J. B. Marvin, who confirms the list as correct. The list follows:

* * *

Those Reinstated.

H. A. Davidson, adjunct professor of pediatrics.
Ellis Duncan, adjunct professor of anatomy.
Charles G. Lucas, adjunct professor of gastro-intestinal diseases and dietetics.
Cuthbert Thompson, adjunct professor of nervous diseases.
John J. Moren, adjunct professors of mental and nervous diseases.
Walker B. Gossett, adjunct professor of obstetrics.
J. Rowan Morrison, adjunct professor of medicine and clinical medicine.
Frank W. Fleischaker, adjunct professor of medicine and clinical medicine.
Thomas V. VanZandt, adjunct professor of obstetrics.
William H. Coleman, adjunct professor of materia medica therapeutics and pharmacology.
J. Bell Lukins, adjunct professor of obstetrics.
Herbert Bronner, adjunct professor of venereal, cutaneous and genito-urinary disease.
Clement B. Spalding, demonstrator of surgery.
C. Guy Forsee, demonstrator surgey.
John W. Price, Jr., demonstrator of surgical pathology.
R. Hayes Davis, Assistant in Medicine and Demonstrator of Clinical Pathology.
Stephen C. Quinby, Clinical Assistant of Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery.
Lee Kahn, Assistant to the Chair of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
George A. Robertson, Assistant to the Chair of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
William C. White, Assistant to the Chair of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
John B. Richardson, Jr., Assistant in Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery.
Charles Farmer, Assistant in Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery.
W. Barnett Owen, A. B., Assistant in Gynecology in Abdominal Surgery.
Seigel C. Frankel, Assistant to the Chair of Medicine and Clinical Medicine.
Heman Humphrey, A. B., Assistant to the Chair of Anatomy.
Sam Brown Hayes, Assistant to the Chair of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Charles H. Whitlatch, Assistant to the Chair of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
C. C. Harris, Assistant in Clinical Pathology.
W. Carl Grant, Assistant to the Chair of Medical Life Insurance and Medical Economics.
Louis R. Edleson, Assistant in Pharmacy.
John T. Ewing, assistant in physiology.
Jessie I. Whittenberg, assistant to the chair of medical jurisprudence and toxicology.
Irvin Lindenberger, assistant to the chair of pediatrics.
Edwin T. Bruce, assistant to the chair of pediatrics.
Frank B. Norton, assistant to the chair of diseases of the rectum.
Browder Gaines, assistant in anatomy.
Charles O. Zahner, Jr., assistant in histology and physiology.
Emmett F. Horine, assistant to the chairs of surgery and abdominal surgery.
John W. Helm, assistant to the chair of surgery and clinical surgery.
Harvey P. Barret, assistant in pathology and bacteriology.
Carl D. Render, assistant to the chair of diseases of the rectum.
Edward C. Redmon, assistant in materia medica, therapeutics and pharmacology.
Batts O. Schulte, assistant to the chair of pediatrics.
Linn L. Kennedy, assistant to the chair of pediatrics.
C. C. English, assistant in pediatrics.
Isaac Lederman, adjunct professor of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

* * *

No Statement To Make.

Mr. Fairleigh was asked last night to tell his side of the story concerning the charge made by the deposed physicians that they were expelled without cause and that unfair methods were employed. He replied by saying that he had no statement to make. He said, however, that a meeting of the Board of Regents will be held within the near future, at which time the matter will receive some attention.

Several of those physicians upon whom the ax fell say that they have only begun their fight for recognition. They aver that they are in a position to prove every charge that has been made and that they will never give up until their rights have been restored.

FILE PROTEST AGAINST FERTILIZER PLANT.

New Albany Council Orders Investigation—Mayor To Advertise For Lighting Bids.

For the first time since June, the New Albany Common Council met in regular session at 7:30 o'clock last night, all the members being present. A petition was presented by Councilman Stephens from residents of the western part of the city, remonstrating against the establishment of the proposed plant of the Hopkins Fertilizer Company on the site of the I. F. Force Handle Company, destroyed by fire a few weeks ago. An investigation was ordered, the committee for the work being Councilmen Stephens, Hackett and Thorn. A member of the fertilizer company, R. C. Ellis, explained to the Council that the proposed plant was not a bone meal factory but an odorless, dry mixing plant, and not in the least objectionable. The cost of its erection would be $25,000, and from fifty to seventy-five men would be employed.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the Mayor and Board of Public Works to advertise for lighting the streets of the city for a term of ten years, beginning September 1, 1910. Such advertisement, according to the law, must be inserted a year before the contract now in vogue expires, and it was decided to advertise in the two New Albany papers, the Ledger and Tribune.

Ordinances appropriating $500 for the purchase of broken stone to be used on the streets of the city; $1,100 for the purchase of fire hose and $300 for advertising and printing, were enacted. The city license increasing the tax on itinerant medicine venders from $5 to $25 a day was unanimously adopted, and the Council adjourned.

FUNERAL TAKES PLACE IN ST. LOUIS TO-DAY.

The body of Louis Philip Ewald, who was president and owner of the Ewald iron works of Louisville and St. Louis, and who died Saturday afternoon at his home, 857 South Third avenue, of a complication of diseases after an illness of two years, was taken in a private car to St. Louis, his former home, Sunday evening at 8:15 o'clock, where the funeral will be held this afternoon.

FAC-SIMILE OF THE FIRST CAMPAIGN CARD OF THE SEASON TO MAKE ITS APPEARANCE



Here is a fac-simile of the first campaign card of the season to make its appearance. It appeared on the streets yesterday afternoon, and in a few hours was given a wide circulation up and downtown and throughout the outlying districts. It caused no end of comment among politicians and not a little talk, together with a good deal of laughter, among many voters into whose hands it fell. The Tyler men, together with the Grinstead adherents of the Republican party, did not seem to be so pleased. A moment's scrutiny of the pasteboard by Democrats invariably produced a broad grin.

THIRD TICKET

Partially Made Up At Meeting Held Yesterday.

INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATS WHO ASPIRE TO OFFICE.

MISS ROSA STONESTREET FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

MAKES SPEECH AT MEETING.

Behind closed doors, which were closely guarded by trusted sentinels, those Independent Democrats who have formed a third ticket met on the second floor of the Hopkins Theater building yesterday afternoon and made further progress in the direction of perfecting their line-up. Thirty-seven supporters of the new movement were present and accepted thirteen men proposed as candidates for various offices in the city and county. While the name of Mrs. Rosa A. Stonestreet was not submitted, Owen Tyler said after the meeting that she will make the race for County School Superintendent on the Independent ticket. Mrs. Stonestreet was present at the meeting yesterday and made a speech.

Although only the recognized friends of the Independent movement were permitted to enter the hall, it was not at all difficult to see that the insurgents were grappling with a knotty problem. What the discussion was none who attended the conference would tell, but it certainly must have been warm, for some of the speakers could be heard exhorting their views downstairs in the main lobby of the theater. Aaron Kohn was one whose voice penetrated beyond the brick walls.

* * *

Personnel of Ticket.

According to Mr. Tyler, his ticket, after the meeting yesterday, is made up as follows:

Mayor—Owen Tyler.
Circuit Judge, criminal division—Joseph Pryor.
County Judge—Charles A. Wilson.
Commonwealth's Attorney—Daniel E. O'Sullivan.
Sheriff of Jefferson County—Laban Phelps.
County Assessor—James S. Buchanan.
County Clerk—Walter Ratcliffe.
Jailer—John Rohrman.
Clerk of the Circuit Court—Albert S. Rau.
City Treasurer—Lee Cohn.
City Auditor—Carl Neumeyer, Jr.
City Court Attorney—Joseph Lee.
Clerk of the Police Court—Fred Hoerter.
Bailiff—Ed Grossman.

After the meeting Mr. Tyler said he and his associates are not yet through with the work of organizing. He said that another meeting probably will be held within a few more days and the ticket completed. He declares that he will secure candidates for places in both boards of the General Council and also will produce one or two capable men of good standing to run for one or two judgeships.

* * *

Who Candidates Are.

James S. Buchanan is in the real estate business with his father on Fifth street, between Main and Market streets, and is president and original promoter of the Louisville Real Estate Exchange. He also is a director in the Franklin Bank.

Joseph Lee, who is proposed for City Prosecutor, is a resident of Portland.

Edward Grossman, proposed for Bailiff, is identified with the Capital Hotel.

Albert S. Rau is one of the chief clerks in the Circuit Clerk's office.

Carl Neumeyer is a son of Charles Neumeyer, who at one time held the office to which his son aspires on the Independent ticket.

The rest of the men on the list have been in the limelight in local politics in the past and are well known.

The session at which the thirteen men were nominated lasted until almost 6 o'clock in the afternoon. Those who were present stuck it out nobly and remained to the last for the man on guard, William Bosler, was not compelled to open the heavily-barred door very often to allow the Independents or their constituents to pass out.

* * *

Those Present At Meeting.

The following is a complete list of those who were present at the meeting: Mrs. Rosa A. Stonestreet, Fred Bender, William Smith, Aaron Forst, Dr. Albert Deig, James Napier, Percy Moore, John Powell, Judge Joseph Pryor, Jack Shelley, Edward Flexner, Thomas Drewry, Laban Phelps, Hunter Burke, Harry Weaver, Dr. Yeager, John Rohrman, Fred Knecht, Nick Weissinger, James Hendricks, Samuel Ettison, Fred Hoerter, Charles Peetz, Louis Buehner, Samuel Webb, Lee Cohn, Charles A. Wilson, Maj. Womack, Isaac Tyler, Dee Armstrong, Daniel Sexton, Aaron Kohn, Walter Ratcliffe, William Bosler and James B. Smith.

SAY EMBEZZLED MONEY WAS INVESTED IN HOME.

Evansville Elks Seek To Take House of Former Secretary By Court Proceedings.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 2.—[Special.]—Suit has been brought in the Circuit Court by the Evansville lodge of Elks against the widow and children of Herschel K. Corrington, former secretary of the lodge, and chief clerk to Superintendent Logsdon, of the L. and N. railway. It is alleged in the complaint that since 1904 Corrington had converted lodge funds to his own use and that at the time he killed himself he was $5,300 short.

The lodge claims that the money was invested in real estate, one parcel being the Corrington homestead in upper First street, bought in 1905. Mrs. Corrington denies that any embezzled money was used to buy real estate and says she will fight the lodge's attempt to take the home. The Elks took charge of Corrington's books the day before he shot himself in a file room at the L. and N. station six weeks ago.

OPEN PLAYGROUNDS FOR COLORED CHILDREN TO-DAY.

E. G. Johnson, superintendent of public playgrounds, announced yesterday that two new parks, one at Twenty-eighth street and Broadway and the other at Eighth and Kentucky streets, will be opened to the children to-day. Both of the new playgrounds will be for colored children only. The equipment of each will be equal in all respects to that of the other playgrounds in the city.

A movement is on foot to open the thirteenth playground in the city. This playground probably will be on a lot owned by the Trinity Episcopal church in the East End.

It is announced by Mr. Johnson that he has planned to have drills, games, marches and folk dances on the programme of the playgrounds' festival, which will be held some time this month.

The attendance at the Pearl-street playground for this week increased 300 over that of last week, and the attendance for this week exceeded that of the same week last year by over 2,000.

$10,000 FOR DOGS; $2,000 FOR HUSBAND.

Orange, Mass., Aug. 2.—By the will of Mrs. Mary F. Snow, of Hartford, Conn., Miss Phila C. Miller, a spinster living here, will receive the income from $10,000 for taking care of Mrs. Snow's two small imported dogs. The woman left her husband but $2,000.

CAST IRON PIPE UP $1 PER TON.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 2.—Southern cast iron pipe prices took another advance of $1 per ton this week, the price now quoted being $27 for eight-inch pipe. This makes the third one-dollar advance in three weeks.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, Aug. 2.—Credit balances $1.58; runs July 30 and 31 106,443 bbls., average 154,670; shipments July 31 151,624, average 186,346; Aug. 1 127,312.

Toledo, Aug. 2.—North Lime oil 85c; South Lima and Indiana 81c.

COTTON UP

Advances $2.50 a Bale At New Orleans.

RESULT OF GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

LOWEST JULY CONDITION OF STAPLE ON RECORD.

EXCITING TRADING IN EAST.

New Orleans, Aug. 2.—Cotton scored an advance of $2.50 a bale to-day at New Orleans as a result of the Government bureau's report of 71.9 per cent. of a normal condition on July 25. This is the lowest July condition on record. The October option advance from 12.24c to 12.75c, and there were corresponding advances on the other active months.

In 1905 the cotton crop condition on July 25 was 74.9, the lowest on record until to-day's figures.

While a bullish report was anticipated, it was not believed that it would be less than 73 per cent.

When 71.9 per cent. was announced the October option, the most active at present, jumped 26 points. It had been selling at 12.24c. It finally reached 12.76c. The March option went from 12.37c to 12.90c. Those who had bought at low figures in the morning then commenced to unload their holdings and heavy selling sent October back to 12.58c.

According to the trade the condition figures indicate a crop of a slightly less than 11,500,000 bales.

JUMP IN NEW YORK.

Cotton Goes Up $2 a Bale In Ten Minutes.

New York, Aug. 2.—An excited advance in the price of cotton in the New York market followed the publication of the Government crop report to-day. January deliveries sold up from 12.35c to 12.70c inside of ten minutes, or about $2 per bale above the closing price of Saturday, and within 14 points of the high record for the season made early last month. The Government report of 71.9 per cent. represented a deterioration of 2.7 per cent. for the month, and was a low record for this season of the year.

The cotton market was irregular late in the day owing to heavy realizing sales. The January option closed at 12.62c bid, a net advance of 30@33 points for the day.

The Government Report.

Washington, Aug. 2.—A cotton crop report condition of 71.9 per cent. of a normal on July 25 was announced by the Department of Agricultural to-day, against 74.6 a month ago, 83 a year ago and 80.; ten-year average on July 25.

The average condition of cotton on July 25, 1907, was 75, and 82.9 on July 25, 1906. The average condition by States on July 25, 1909, and ten-year average of July 25, respectively, follow:

Virginia, 71 and 82; North Carolina, 71 and 81; South Carolina, 77 and 80; Georgia, 78 and 81; Florida, 84 and 84; Alabama, 68 and 80; Mississippi, 64 and 80; Louisiana, 58 and 81; Texas, 70 and 81; Arkansas, 76 and 81; Tennessee, 80 and 83; Missouri, 85 and 84; Oklahoma, 79 and 82.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 2.—An excited activity followed the Government's report in the cotton market to-day and while the closing tone was barely steady, last prices were 30 to 33 points net higher. The market opened firm at an advance of 4@13 points on scattered covering and bull support due to a bullish private condition report and continued expectations of a bullish bureau at midday. There was some irregularity as the hour for the Government report approached and a sharp break in New Orleans was followed by a decline here, which carried the active months off to within 2@5 points of Saturday's finals. Inside of ten minutes after the Government's report was published, January contracts were selling at 12.70c, while a little later December worked up to 12.73c and the general list at the high point of the early afternoon was about 36 to 40 points net higher. This carried the market to within 14 or 15 points of the high records made on July 13 and attracted heavy realizing under which prices eased off several points from the top in the later trading. Liverpool was closed to-ady. The Government's August condition report 71.9 comparing with 74.6 last month and 83 last year is the lowest on record for the end of July, the lowest previous condition having been 74.9 in 1905.

Receipts at the ports to-day 2,044 bales, against 2,622 last week and 2,541 last year. For the week 18,000 bales, against 14,337 last week and 21,983 last year. To-day's receipts at New Orleans 22 bales, against 126 last year.

Futures opened firm and closed barely steady. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
August	......	12.50	12.30	12.55
September	12.27	12.63	12.27	12.56
October	12.35	12.67	12.32	12.60
November	12.43	12.48	12.43	12.60
December	12.43	12.73	12.37	12.63
January	12.43	12.70	12.35	12.62
February	......	......	......	12.62
March	12.44	12.73	12.38	12.65
April	......	......	......	12.65
May	12.42	12.71	12.38	12.66

New Orleans, La., Aug. 2.—Spot cotton nominal at 5-16c higher. Sales on the spot, 75 bales. Quotations: Low ordinary 8 13-16c, nominal; ordinary, 9⅝c, nominal; good ordinary, 11 1-16c; low middling, 11 15-16c; middling, 12½c; good middling, 12⅞c; middling, fair, 13¼c; fair, 14c, nominal. Receipts, 22 bales; stock, 63,717.

Futures opened steady at an advance of 9 to 10 points on covering by shorts. The bureau report on condition on July 25 absorbed all the interest of the market from the opening. Issued at 11 o'clock, the report of 71.9 per cent., which was much lower than expected, caused an immediate advance of 32 to 54 points, landing the active months at a level of 51 to 57 points above Saturday's closing. Trading was heavy and excitement was intense. The cotton exchange was crowded with visitors from the interior and the attendance of brokers at the ring was so large that orders were executed with difficulty. After the excitement had subsided to some extent profit-taking by longs became general and prices reacted to a considerable extent. Selling out was continued during the afternoon, the market closing steady at a net advance of 33 to 34 points. Futures closed steady. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening Bid.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
August	12.20	.....	.....	12.44
September	12.34	12.66	12.64	12.58
October	12.30	12.76	12.18	12.74
November	12.29	.....	.....	12.33
December	12.31	12.58	12.20	12.55
January	12.34	12.80	12.24	12.59
February	12.39	.....	.....	12.82
March	12.48	12.90	12.37	12.72

Savannah, Aug. 2.—Cotton quiet and firm; middling 12½c; net and gross receipts 104 bales; sales 313; stock 17,237; shipments coastwise 530.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—Cotton firm; middling 12⅝c; net receipts 86 bales; gross receipts 302; shipments 216; sales 9; stock 18,784.

Memphis, Aug. 2.—Cotton quiet; middling 12¾c; net and gross receipts 486 bales; shipments 283; sales 25; stock 14,111.

Galveston, Aug. 2.—Cotton firm; middling 12⅝c; net and gross receipts 1,043 bales; stock 13,607; shipments coastwise 140.

Boston, Aug. 2.—Cotton quiet; middling 13.10c; net receipts 25 bales; gross receipts 190.

COTTON COMMENT.

New York—There will be breaks on profit-taking, hedge-selling and bear raids, but we believe any dip due to these causes for the time being should be taken advantage of to make conservative purchases.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

Would buy cotton on all setbacks, believing that an adequate yield for the year's requirements is impossible.—(Finley Barrel & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

We think the market has in no wise discounted a situation that promises a famine and we know that if the coming crop should prove as small as these figures now indicate the price of the raw material will have to advance to that point when it would force the curtailment of its use. Cotton is worth over 13 cents with the data we now have. Many who hesitate to pay that price for it now will be eager buyers at still higher figures when they digest the real conditions.—(Hill, of Logan & Bryan, to W. L. Lyons & Co.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—Wool—Medium grades, combing and clothing, 22@28c; light 20@25½c; heavy fine 13@20½c; tub-washed 24@38c.

BRISTOW WON'T VOTE FOR BILL

(Continued From First Page.)

the President in lowering the tariff duties. "I think I can make it manifest that the people of the United States have been entertained with some mock heroics and that this battle which has been raging here for days and weeks was nothing more nor less than a sham battle," he added.

* * *

Bristow's Scorching Speech.

Recalling incidents of the past national campaign, in which he had taken part, Senator Bristow declared that President Taft, in Kansas, had favored a revision of the tariff downward and he (Bristow) had been elected to the Senate on that issue.

"It was then said the cost of production had been reduced and that the rate of duty should be reduced proportionately," he explained, "and I have endeavored to keep that pledge."

The fact was, he said, that practically no reduction had been obtained.

"The tax," said Mr. Bristow, "has been taken off of hides and it has been added to the sole leather suitcase that the American citizen buys. And yet, it had been advertised that a reduction has been made on the leather schedule for the benefit of the American citizen.

* * *

New England Greed.

"Apparently," continued Mr. Bristow, "the only thing considered in formulating the cotton schedule has been the greed of the cotton manufacturer of New England."

Taking up one after another of the schedules, he undertook to demonstrate in detail that the Payne bill had effected no material reduction in the duties by which the consumers would be benefited. Explaining that numerically, the bill contained more increases than decreases, he declared that the decreases were generally unimportant.

* * *

Declares Against Bill.

"As a Republican," said Mr. Bristow, in conclusion, "I will not be a party to placing President Taft in the most embarrassing position in which it is possible for a President to be placed; that is, to require him either to sign a bill that is not what was promised the people, or to compel him to repudiate the action of a majority of his party in both branches of the Congress by a veto. He has, in substance, appealed to this Congress to keep faith with the people, but in effect it is a bill to ignore that appeal. I love the President. He has honored me with his friendship. I am devoted to the welfare of his Administration and for one I will never vote to send him a bill for approval that is a violation of his party's pledges, and which is also in my judgment, fundamentally wrong and in many of its details iniquitous.

"I set up no standard for other Senators. Every man should vote as his conscience and judgment dictate. But, I feel that had I supported this bill, I would be recreant to my duty as a Senator and unfaithful to the people who sent me here to represent them, and I cannot do it."

* * *

Bacon Shows the Record.

Saying he believed the passage of the tariff bill would only be the beginning of a popular discussion of the tariff, Senator Bacon expressed himself as extremely anxious that there should be no question as to the responsibility of Senators for the framing of that measure. He had prepared a collection of every yea and nay vote taken on the many amendments to the bill, together with an explanation of the method of voting in the Senate which he asked to have printed in the Record.

This request was granted. The table he said, showed the attitude of the members of the two parties to all the questions presented. He explained that it showed that there had been 137 yea and nay votes on which the Democrats had voted for lower and the Republicans for higher duties, except that in two instances the Republicans had voted for lower duties.

The discussion of the report then was suspended until to-morrow.

PRIVATE AUTOS

Paid For By Uncle Sam Come In For Attack.

Washington, Aug. 2.—The purchase of automobiles for the private use of Government officials was made the subject of a severe attack by Mr. Sims (Tenn.) during consideration of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill in the House to-day. The Senate amendment appropriating $12,000 for the purchase of vehicles for the Speaker and the Vice President, as well as other Senate amendments, was later disagreed to.

Mr. Sims criticised the use of automobiles by the Quartermaster's Department of the army and expressed his conviction that it was an outrage for the Government to provide automobiles for the private use of officials, while $6 and $12 pensions were being paid to widows of soldiers and the salaries of clerks were being pared down to reduce expenses.

"I am getting tired of this aping of the ways of royalty," he said. "I can't believe that the Speaker wants an automobile after he has walked here for thirty-five years."

Asserting that the debate on the Senate amendment would afford the Senate an idea of the attitude of the House on the various amendments, Mr. Tawney asked that the committee of the whole disagree to all the amendments en bloc.

Mr. Clark, the minority leader, declared that if any of the items for appropriations for automobiles or other items of increased expenditure are agreed to by the House conferees, the bill would never be passed by the House without a quorum present.

Mr. Clayton (Ala.), while agreeing with Mr. Tawney's proposition, said he wanted to know why the provision for a vehicle for the Vice President specifically named an "automobile," while the provision for the Speaker merely stipulated "carriage or other vehicle."

"Does this mean that we are to provide an aeroplane, a biplane or a monoplane for the Speaker?" he asked.

"Maybe a dirigible," suggested Mr. Keifer (Ohio).

"Or does it mean that the Speaker is to ride around on a motorcycle like the policemen use?" continued Mr. Clayton.

Mr. Tawney said he would interrogate the Senate conferees regarding this and other matters if the bill is sent to conference.

No objection being made, the committee of the whole recommended that the amendments be disagreed to, and the House adopted the recommendation.

HOUSE AGREES

To Conference Report On the Philippine Tariff Bill.

Washington, Aug. 2.—The conference report on the Philippine tariff bill was agreed to by the House to-day. The measure is supplementary to the Payne tariff bill and is intended to provide enough additional revenue to make up the amount which will be lost to the Philippine Government by the enactment of the provision for free trade between the United States and the Philippines.

A bill granting a franchise for the construction of a dam across the Savannah River was passed.

The remainder of the session was taken up with a discussion of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill as amended by the Senate. One of the amendments provided for carriages for the Vice President and the Speaker, and all of them were agreed to.

The House at 2:28 p. m. adjourned until noon to-morrow.

Champ Clark, of Missouri, prevented the urgent deficiency appropriation bill going to conference to-day to disagree to the Senate amendments. Mr. Tawney had requested that the bill go to the conference without the necessity of being considered by a committee, and to this Mr. Clark objected.

Representative Sims, of Tennessee, criticised the use of automobiles by the executive departments and took exception to the appropriation for the purchase of automobiles for the Vice President and Speaker of the House.

S.S.S. HEALS SORES AND ULCERS

S. S. S. heals Sores and Ulcers in the very simplest way. It just goes right down into the blood and removes the cause, and the place is bound to heal because the impurities and morbid matters which have been the means of keeping the ulcer open are no longer absorbed from the blood. External applications of salves, lotions, plasters, etc., can never produce a cure because they do not reach the source of the trouble. At best they can only allay pain or reduce inflammation; such treatment is working on symptoms and not reaching the cause. Every nutritive corpuscle in the blood is weakened or infected, they cannot nourish the fibrous tissue around the place, but instead they constantly discharge into the flesh around the sore a quantity of impure, germ-laden matter which gradually eats into the surrounding healthy tissue and causes the ulcer to enlarge. Since impure blood is responsible for Sores and Ulcers, a medicine that can purify the blood is the only hope of a cure. S. S. S. has long been recognized as the greatest of all blood purifiers, possessing the qualities necessary to remove every impurity from the blood. While curing the sore or ulcer S. S. S. brings about a healthy condition of the flesh by supplying it with rich, healthy blood, and thus makes the cure permanent and lasting. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GRAND CIRCUIT RACES OPEN WITH THE DEFEAT OF TWO FAVORITES

Baron Whips, In Straight Heats, Proves Big Surprise By Defeating Hal Raven, the Blind horse, at Kalamazoo.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Aug. 2.—Three hard-fought contests featured the opening of the Grand Circuit races on a track that was slow from the rain early this morning. Two favorites were beaten, the winners of these events hardly being suspected of having enough ability to win from such fields.

The 2:08 pace stake, which looked like a gift to the blind Hal Raven, was won by Baron Whips in straight heats. Hal Raven led to the three-quarters in the first heat, then refused to respond to a drive, being unable to pace fast on such a track. After that Hal Raven did better, but she could not endanger the lead of Baron Whips.

Five heats were required in the 2:11 trot, in which Inner Guard was choice. Peter Balta won the first one in the stretch, Bella Bird won the second by inches from Nancy Royce, and Nancy took the third and fourth. In the fifth Nancy tired in the last part, and Peter Balta against landed in a drive with Inner Guard. This gave Peter Balta first money, as he stands best in the summary.

Lady Jones had all she wanted to beat Carlokin in the 2:08 trot. Carlokin broke in the stretch in three of the heats and Lady Jones beat him through his mistakes, although she broke in the second heat. Mary K. had no trouble in the 2:20 pace, even making a bad break in the last heat and then coming on and winning. Summaries:

2:11 trot; purse $1,000:
Peter Balta, br. g., by The Guardsman — Helen, by Dark Night (Snow) 1 4 3 2 1
Nancy Royce, blk. m., by Allerton—Black Alice, by Strong Boy (McCarthy)... 4 2 1 1 6
Belle Bird, b. m., by Jay Tine—Nancy Medium, by Bayonne Prince (McDonald) 2 1 5 4 3
Inner Guard, b. g. (Murphy) 3 5 2 5 2
Mae Heart, ch. m. (Hyde).. 6 6 4 3 4
LeBoudie, b. m. (Saunders) 8 8 6 6 5
Great Medium, gr. h. (Warner and McMahon) ...... 7 3 7 dr
Demarest, b. g. (Ross) .... 5 7 8 dr
Just the Thing, blk. m. (McMahon) .... dis
Time—2:11½, 2:11¼, 2:13¼, 2:10½, 2:13¼.

2:08 pace; stake $3,000:
Baron Whips, ch. g., by Baron Dillon—Metella A., by Whips (Murphy) 1 1 1
Hal Raven, b. m. (Snow) 4 2 2
Gov. Searles, br. h. (McMahon)....2 5 4
Giftline, b. g. (Carter)....3 3 3
Arthur J., b. g. (Geers)....5 4 5
Rollins, b. g. (Loomis)....6 7 6
Minnie M., ch. m. (Hoffman)....7 6 7
Time—2:08¼, 2:05½, 2:08¼.

2:08 trot; stake $2,000:
Lady Jones, b lk.m., by Capt. McKinney—Duxie, by Director (Murphy) 1 4 1 1
Carlokin, br. h., by McKinney—Carlotta Wilkes, by Charley Wilkes (Durfee) 4 1 3 2
Genteel H., br. h. (Snow)....2 2 4 3
San Francisco, b. h. (Hodges)....3 3 2 4
Time—2:10¼, 2:09¼, 2:10¼, 2:09¾.

2:20 pace; purse $1,000:
Mary K., b. m., by Zombro—Klicktitat Maid, by Altamont (McMahon) 1 1 1
Dan J., b. g. (Colby)....3 2 2
W. D. S., ch. g. (Saunders)....2 3 3
Mabel J., ch. m. (Cunningham)....4 4 4
Time, 2:15½, 2:12¼, 2:20.

Financial and Commercial

MONETARY.

Monday Evening, August 2.—In the New York market call money ruled at 2 per cent. Time loans were very dull, but firm, being quoted at 2¼ to 2½ for sixty days, 2½ to 3 for ninety days and 3¾ to 4 for six months. Transactions in the local were of large volume. Depositing and checking were on a liberal scale and mails were large. There was a fair demand for credits, with rates unchanged at 5 to 6 per cent.

New York exchange was quoted at par to 25 cents premium.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$2,592,023
Balance	432,228

There was a good movement in local security market for the first business day of the month. Values were irregular, but on the whole the market had a strong undertone. Sales at the Stock Exchange aggregated 337 shares and outside sales were fairly liberal. West Penn common was firm, selling at 46¼ and 46½ and closing at 46 to 46¾, against 45¾ to 46½ Saturday. East St. Louis and Suburban common and preferred were easier, the common selling at 42¾ and the preferred at 79½ and 79¼. Portland common was stronger. Louisville Traction common was easier. Bourbon Stock Yards sold at a sharp advance, while Heating common was up a fraction. The outside list was dull and steady. Union Railway, Gas and Electric preferred sold at 93.

At the Stock Exchange:

Louisville Railway 4½s were 99¾ bid for $2,000.

Memphis Street Railway 5s were 99¾ bid for $8,000.

St. Joe 5s were 102 bid for $5,000.

Rochester Railway and Light 5s were 99¼ bid for $5,000, 99¾ bid for $500 and $500 offered at 100.

Columbia Trust was five shares sold at 128, an advance of ½, and 128 bid for twenty-five more.

Louisville Title was 103¾ bid, an advance of ¾, and 105¼ asked, ten shares each way.

Louisville Trust was 156½ bid, an advance of ½, ten shares wanted.

Bourbon Stock Yards was ten shares sold at 96, an advance of 2, 96¼ bid for ten and ten offered at 97½.

Louisville Heating common was 53 bid, an advance of ¼, and 55 asked, twenty-five shares each way.

Grand Rapids common was 93 bid for twenty-five shares, an advance of ½, and ten offered at 94.

East St. Louis and Suburban preferred was fifty shares sold at 79½, fifty sold at 79¼ and twenty-five offered at 79¼.

East St. Louis and Suburban common was 100 shares sold at 42¾, and fifty offered at 42¾.

Louisville Traction common was 96¼ bid for forty-eight shares, ten offered at 79 and 96½ bid for ten.

Portland common was 82 bid for fifty shares, an advance of ¼, and ten offered at 83.

Portland preferred was twenty shares sold at 89, twenty more offered at 89.

Northern Texas Electric common was 49 bid for any part of fifty shares. The last previous bid was 47.

Seattle Electric common was twenty-five shares offered at 107 and 103½ bid for twenty-five.

West Penn common at the morning session opened at 46 bid for ten shares; thirty sold at 46¼, thirty sold at 46¼, twenty-five sold at 46½, twenty more sold at 46¾, 46 bid for ten and twenty offered at 46¼, and at the afternoon session was 46 bid for thirty shares and ten offered at 46¾.

West Penn preferred was 80 bid for ten shares, ten shares offered at 81, 80½ bid for twenty, 80¾ bid for ten and ten offered at 80¾.

United Railways Investment common sold in New York at 38½ and closed at 38⅝ to 39½. The preferred sold at 56 and closed at 55½ to 55¾.

Toledo closed at 8¾ to 9¼.

American Tobacco closed at 460 to 466, Standard Oil at 693 to 696, Subway at 19 to 19¾ and Giroux at 9¾ to 9⅝.

Kansas City Railway and Light common was quoted in Chicago at 48 to 49.

St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 20¼ to 21, the preferred at 69¼ to 69½ and the 4s at 84¼ to 84½.

Stock Exchange Sales.

The following sales were made at the Stock Exchange to-day:

30 shares West Penn Rys. common	46¼
30 shares West Penn Rys. common	46¼
20 shares West Penn Rys. common	46½
10 shares Bourbon Stock Yards	96
5 shares Columbia Trust	128
50 shares East St. Louis and Sub. pref.	79½
50 shares East St. Louis and Sub. pref.	79¼
20 shares Portland preferred	89
50 shares East St. Louis and Sub. com.	42¾
50 shares East St. Louis and Sub. com.	42¾
20 shares West Penn Rys. common	46¾
2 shares Union National Bank	225½

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities at the Stock Exchange:

Bank Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American National Bank	138¾	140
Citizens' National Bank	220	225
First National Bank	...	125
German Bank	355	400
German Insurance Bank	355	400
German Security Bank	173	174
Louisville National Banking Co.	142¾	144¾
National Bank of Commerce	180	185
National Bank of Kentucky	189¾	193
Second National (New Albany)	182	...
Southern National Bank	136	140
Stockyards Bank	130	...
Third National Bank	128	130¾
Union National Bank	225	228

Trust Company Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Columbia Trust Co.	128	135
Fidelity Trust Co.	348	...
Louisville Trust Co.	156½	161
United States Trust Co.	106	...

Street Railway Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Birmingham Ry., L. and P. 4½s	91¾	92¼
Chattanooga Rys. Co. 5s	97¼	98¼
Dallas Electric 5s	92	98
E. St. Louis and Suburban 5s	99¾	100
Houston Electric 5s	...	95
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	94¾	95½
Louisville Railway 5s	108	108¾
Louisville Ry. 2d mor. 4½s	99¾	100
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	99¾	...
Nashville Railway and Light 5s	102	102¾
Nashville Ry. and Light Rfg. 5s	92	92½
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	97¾	98
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	84¼	85¼
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	90
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	...	90
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	99¼	99¾
Savannah Electric 5s	83	84¾
Seattle Electric 5s	...	106
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	97¾	97¾
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	102	102½
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s	95½	98
West Penn Railway 5s	100	...

Railroad and Miscellaneous Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Fayette Home Telephone 5s	80	...
L., H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	110½	...
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	65	67½
Peoria Light 5s	91	92½
Chattanooga Gas Co first 5s	93	94½

City of Louisville Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 4s, 1910	100	100½
City 5s, old L., 1911	102	102¾
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1923	102¾	103½
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1928	102¾	103½
City 4s, Sewers, 1947	...	103
City 4s, Sewers, 1947	...	103¼
City 4s, refunding, 1937	103	103¾
City 3½s, refunding, 1940	95	95¾
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	95	95½
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	95	95¾
City 3s, Sewers and Parks, 1941	82	87

Industrial and Miscellaneous Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
B. F. Avery & Sons com.	96	100
Do 6 per cent. preferred	99	100
Bourbon Stockyards	96¼	97½
Columbia Gas and Elec[illegible]	26½	27½
Denver Gas and Ele[illegible]	135	...
Fayette Home Tele[illegible]	41	...
Federal Chemical [illegible]	50	54½
Do preferred	...	100½
Houghton Co. [illegible] com.	16	16¾
Do preferred	22¾	23¾
Kentucky Wag[illegible]	127	135
Louisville Bridg[illegible]	145	...
Louisville Gas [illegible]	97¾	98¼
Louisville Heatin[illegible]	53	55
Do preferred	85	85½
Louisville Home T[illegible]	23	30
Louisville Title C[illegible]	103¼	105¼
Louisville Tob. W[illegible] com.	70	72
Do preferred	125	130
Michigan Light com.	81¼	...
Do preferred	98	99¾
New Galt House com.	...	116
Do preferred	...	70
Pacific Coast Power	...	101
Rehm-Zeiher preferred	100	102
Seelbach Realty com.	98	101
Do preferred	100	...
Turner, Day & Woolworth com.	...	104
Do preferred	117	123

Street Railway Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Cities Ry. and Lt. com	46	47
Do preferred	94½	...
Birmingham Ry., L. and P. com.	57	61
Chattanooga Rys. com.	10	...
Do preferred	80	81
Col., Dela. and Marion Ry. Co.	...	34
Dallas Electric com.	16	20
Do preferred	42	50
E. St. Louis and Suburban com.	...	42¾
Do preferred	...	79½
Grand Rapids com.	93	94
Do preferred	82½	83¼
Lex. and Interurban Rys. Co.	6	7¾
Louisville Traction com.	96½	97
Do preferred	115½	116¾
Memphis Street Railway com.	...	67
Do preferred	82¼	...
Nashville Ry. and Light com.	...	40
Do preferred	81	83
New Albany Street Ry. pref.	85	...
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	19	19¾
Do preferred	48¾	49¾
Norfolk Railway and Light Co.	...	17
Northern Texas Electric com.	49	...
Do preferred	92¼	94
Paducah Trac. and Light com.	...	20
Do preferred	30	35
Portland Ry. and Light com.	82	83
Do preferred	88½	89¾
Rochester Ry. and Light pref.	88½	...
Savannah Electric com.	12	14
Do preferred	40	45
Seattle Electric com.	103½	107
Do preferred	103	107½
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com.	57½	58
Do preferred	...	86½
Toledo Railways and Light	9	10
Tri-City Ry. and Light com.	23	23½
Do preferred	89¼	90¾
United Railways Invest. com.	37½	39
Do preferred	55	56
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon Ry.	44	47½
West Penn Rys. com.	46	46¾
Do preferred	80	80½

†Less than $1,000 bond or ten shares stock.
‡Ex-dividend.
Interest is to be added to all bond quotations.

A Chicago dispatch quotes Paul Morton as follows: "Things are going to hum. Railroads will make more money next year than ever before. I am in favor of free raw materials and think with free hides we will capture the shoe and leather markets of the world."

Announcement is made that the firm of Ex. Norton & Co., of New York, bankers and brokers, has been dissolved by mutual consent, and that George F. Norton has retired from business and that Ex. Norton has become a member of the New York Exchange firm of Walker Bros.

In the report of the Detroit United Railway Company for the six months ending June 30 a 36% gain in surplus is shown over last year. The company has outstanding $12,500,000 of stock, on which dividends of 4% per cent were paid until the summer of 1905, when they were increased to 5%, and that amount was paid until November, 1907, when dividends were discontinued. None have been paid since. An officer thoroughly conversant with the company's affairs is quoted as follows: "Beyond a doubt the earnings of the company warrant a resumption of dividends, and as soon as the franchise renewals and fare matters are settled it will be the first thing to be taken up by the directors. Part of our franchises expire in November, and it is only a matter of a few weeks when some agreement will be reached with the city officials. Our stocks have advanced sharply in the past week, on the supposition, it is said, of an early payment of dividends, but a more conservative explanation would be as Mr. Morgan answered the question about the rise in steel: 'More buyers than sellers.'"

The following table gives the surplus for dividends, dividends paid, balance for the common stock, and percentage of balance on the preferred stock of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, since its organization:

Year.	Surp. For Div's.	Div's Paid.	Surp. After Div's.	% On Pfd.
1909	*$1,650,000	....	$1,650,000	8.0
1908	1,971,420	1,071,887	899,933	9.8
1907	3,729,245	‡3,026,535	702,710	18.3
1906	2,738,561	‡2,562,491	211,970	13.4
1905	1,373,607	....	1,373,607	6.7
1904	†254,188	357,260	†357,260	†1.2
1903	2,740,900	1,427,083	1,313,817	13.4
1902	2,248,831	1,424,108	824,723	11.1
1901	309,099	1,421,483	†1,112,384	1.5
1900	3,643,728	1,421,679	2,222,050	17.8

*Estimated. †Loss or deduction. ‡Includes $1,633,280 deferred dividends paid on preferred stock. ‖Includes $1,133,308 deferred dividends paid on preferred stock.

The above table shows that the profits available for dividends since the organization of the Republic Iron and Steel Company have averaged more than 11 per cent. a year on the preferred stock.

John W. Gates is optimistic regarding the steel outlook, and the business outlook in general. He says: "The revival of the demand for steel struck the country like a cyclone, and shows no abatement. From now on we will witness unprecedented prosperity, and record breaking earnings will be in order. The general business situation is as sound as it can be, and we are on the eve of the greatest period of prosperity the country has ever witnessed."

Detroit United gross earnings for the third week of July were $160,525, an increase of $20,004, and from January 1 to date $4,133,974, an increase of $415,645.

According to the American Federationist of the 1,507 labor unions making returns for June, 1909, with an aggregate membership of 88,260, there were 5.3 per cent. without employment. In the preceding month 1,619 unions, with a membership of 98,960, reported 6.7 per cent. unemployed. In June, 1908, the ratio was 4.2 per cent.

The report of the United Railroads of San Francisco for the month of June and six months ended June 30 compares as follows:

	1909.	1908.	Inc.
June gross	$597,484	$551,193	$46,291
Expenses	344,800	347,037	*2,237
June net	$252,684	$204,156	$48,528
Six months gross	3,568,904	3,341,452	227,452
Expenses	2,085,333	2,209,116	*123,784
Six months net	$1,483,571	$1,132,336	$351,236

*Decrease.

The Stockholders' Protective Committee of the Toledo Railways and Light Company, through H. F. Swift, of Toledo, its secretary, is sending out another appeal to holders for deposit of their stock with the committee. Mr. Swift announces that a majority of the stock is now controlled by the committee, but that the work of refinancing the railway's needs is being retarded by the failure of many smaller holders to lend their support. It is asserted that those who fail to deposit their stock will not benefit by plans finally adopted.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Hudson tunnel to Erie terminus in operation to-day.

Last day for deposit of stock under Chicago Great Western reorganization plan.

Pennsylvania completes the first of four tubes under the East river.

Northwestern earned better than 12 per cent. on whole capital stock in the last fiscal year.

Railway Steel Springs operating 70 per cent.

Pennsylvania earnings for June show net increase of $288,700 and for six months' increase $2,124,300.

Idle cars July 21, 248,354, a decrease of 16,873 in a fortnight.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—A further impetus was given to the upward movement by the action of the House in passing the conference report after the close Saturday and this was readily reflected in a higher range at the opening, and in a steady and gradual improvement throughout the entire session. The only unpleasant news item of the day was the publication of the Government cotton report, which showed further deterioration, but this was absolutely ignored. The market's strength has been one of the main bull features and we can as yet see no signs of any weakening in that quarter. It is only the long side which appeals to us and while minor reactions may take place from time to time, holders of securities should not hesitate to add to their lines when these recessions occur.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—Taking the market as a whole, prices have certainly advanced to a high level in most instances and one which demands the justification of abundant crops and good business. Of course, this is the present prospect, but it looks as if there had been more of a distribution of stocks in the past week and it is undoubtedly well not to pyramid accounts under present conditions.—(Post & Flagg to John W. and D. S. Green.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Aug. 2.—Money on call easy at 1⅞@2 per cent.; ruling rate 2; closing bid 1¾; offered at 1⅞. Time loans very dull and firm; sixty days 2¼@2½ per cent., and ninety days 2½@3 per cent.; six months 3¾@4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8535@4.8540 for sixty-day bills and at $4.868 for demand. Commercial bills $4.85⅜@4.85¼. Bar silver 50⅝c. Mexican dollars 44c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

The general observation of the stock market in the financial district to-day agreed as to its evidence of great underlying strength of the increasing breadth, in spite of the irregular, and, at times reactionary, movement of prices. There was obvious evidence that very heavy sales to realize profits were conducted throughout the day. The absorptive power of the market and the success which this gave to the effort to garner profits was remarked on all sides. The slight movement of prices in some quarters and the repression under which the market seemed to act were for that reason regarded as more convincing of the undertone of strength in the market than a volatile uprush of prices would have been.

It is a proverb in Wall street that bull markets culminate in furious activity and excited advances. The absence of such appearances to-day reassured rather than disturbed sentiment. There was palpably going on a shifting of speculative holdings from old-line quarters of the market. Houses which have been conspicuous in the operations in stocks which have led the market recently were concentrated buyers to-day of stocks which came to the front in the day's upward movement. While there was no selling openly by the same interests of the stocks which they had been accumulating in a demonstrative way before, it was suspected that the resources for the new buying came, partly at least, from sales of the old holdings.

The most potent factor in sustaining prices in face of the heavy realizing sales to-day was the vigorous strength shown by Southern Pacific. This was the most conspicuous figure on the strong side of the market. Pennsylvania, Rock Island, the Eries, American Smelting, the railroad equipment group and some other particular stocks made up the supplement to the Southern Pacific movement. The effectiveness of those was not impaired by the heavy tone with later recovery of Union Pacific, United States Steel, New York Central and at times Reading, which were the features of last week's strong showing.

The news of the day was canvassed, but with the evident partiality for that of a favorable bearing on values which is characteristic of periods of speculative enthusiasm. The ardor of speculative sentiment was not altered by the warning tone of some of the commission houses in their advice to customers as to the danger to buyers of present high level of prices. Southern Pacific's high price to-day eclipsed all previous prices by a liberal margin and United States Steel tacked a fraction to its record.

The Government report of cotton, notwithstanding the serious impairment of condition, indicated for the month of July, was accepted with languid interest. The percentage of the condition figures is the lowest of record for this season of the year and the curtailment in the total crop report thus foreshadowed must make a heavy inroad on the aggregate outturn for the year of the country's agricultural wealth.

The more hopeful promise of the grain crops was preferred for contemplation, and the sharp decline in the corn reported by the Oklahoma authorities and the reports of damage from black rust in the Northwest did not affect confidence on the subject. The great inrush of wheat to Chicago last week was accepted as more substantial evidence. This augmented grain movement is expected to accelerate materially the rate of reduction of idle car surpluses.

The rapid rise in the railroad equipment stocks was significant in that connection. Another reduction in trunk-line import freight rates and the prospect that the contention may spread to other traffic was received with tranquility.

Money and exchange conditions were not materially changed.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales (par value), $5,242,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by Marvin H. Lewis & Co.)

(10 to 10:25 a. m.)
B. R. T. 4s.
$10,000 ... 86⅜
$20,000 ... 86⅛
Atchison conv 5s.
$10,000 ... 119
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$80,000 ... 80¼
$50,000 ... 80⅜
Kan. City Sou. 5s, ctfs.
$1,000 ... 100¾
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915.
$11,000 ... 97⅛
So. Pacific 4s, receipts.
$37,000 ... 105
Un. Pacific conv. 4s.
$5,000 ... 114¼
Un. Pacific ref. 4s.
$9,000 ... 99½
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$1,000 ... 106¼
$1,000 ... 106⅛
West. Md. 1st 4s.
$30,000 ... 86⅜
(10:25 to 10:55 a. m.)
Am. H. and L. 6s.
$4,000 ... 101
A. T. and T. conv. 4s.
$20,000 ... 106½
$16,000 ... 106⅜
American Tobacco 6s.
$1,000 ... 112
Armour 4½s, ctfs.
$35,000 ... 94½
Atchison conv. 4s.
$5,000 ... 118⅜
B. R. T. 4s.
$35,000 ... 86⅛
$2,000 ... 86⅜
Central Leather 5s.
$10,000 ... 100
C., B. and Q. g. m. 4s.
$1,000 ... 100⅛
Erie conv. 4s, B.
$1,000 ... 78
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$20,000 ... 80⅜
$135,000 ... 80⅜
Iowa Central ref. 4s.
$5,000 ... 77½
Mer. Marine 4½s.
$1,000 ... 70¼
N. Y. City 4s, 1959.
$1,000 ... 101¼
Penn. con. 3½s.
$10,000 ... 101⅜
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915.
$20,000 ... 97¼
So. Pacific 4s, receipts.
$25,000 ... 106
$60,000 ... 106⅛
Un. Pacific conv. 4s.
$6,000 ... 114¼
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$2,000 ... 106⅛
Wabash ex. 4s.
$20,000 ... 76½
$31,000 ... 76⅝
West Shore 4s.
$2,000 ... 102⅞
(10:55 to 11:45 a. m.)
Atchison gen. 4s.
$1,000 ... 101¼
Armour 4½s, ctfs.
$12,000 ... 94⅛
$2,000 ... 94⅜
Atch. conv. 4s (w. i.), receipts.
$5,000 ... 117⅝
Bethlehem Steel 5s.
$5,000 ... 83¼
B. R. T. 4s.
$32,000 ... 86⅞
$7,000 ... 87
Central Leather 5s.
$5,000 ... 100
D. and H. ref. 4s.
$5,000 ... 102⅜
$28,000 ... 102⅛
Erie gen. 4s.
$2,000 ... 78⅜
Erie conv. 4s, A.
$7,000 ... 86⅞
$23,000 ... 87
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$13,000 ... 80⅜
$11,000 ... 80⅜
$20,000 ... 80⅜
L. S. and M. S. 4s.
$2,000 ... 94⅞
Mer. Marine 4½s.
$3,000 ... 78
New York Gas 5s.
$4,000 ... 103⅜
N. and W. con. 4s.
$25,000 ... 101
$1,000 ... 100⅞
Penn. con. 3½s, 1915.
$25,000 ... 97½
$30,000 ... 97⅜
Reading 4s.
$3,000 ... 100⅜
Seaboard Air Line 4s.
$2,000 ... 89
So. Pacific 4s, receipts.
$168,000 ... 105¼
$15,000 ... 105¼
Sou. Pacific 4s.
$6,000 ... 93½
Southern Railway 4s.
$5,000 ... 83¼
Un. Pacific 1st 4s.
$1,000 ... 103⅜
Un. Pacific ref 4s.
$10,000 ... 99¼
Un. Pacific conv. 4s.
$50,000 ... 114¼
$1,000 ... 114⅛
$15,000 ... 114¼
U. S. R. and I. 6s.
$30,000 ... 105½
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$23,000 ... 106¼
$5,000 ... 106⅜
Wabash ex. 4s.
$5,000 ... 76½
Wab.-P. T. 1st 4s, ctfs.
$1,000 ... 68
West. Md. 1st 4s.
$31,000 ... 86½
$9,000 ... 86⅜
(12:45 p. m. to close.)
Allis-Chalmers 5s.
$21,000 ... 80¼
Armour 4½s, ctfs.
$18,000 ... 94¼
$5,000 ... 94⅜
Atchison conv. 4s.
$1,000 ... 118¼
$1,000 ... 118⅜
Atch. conv. 4s (w. i.).
$1,000 ... 116¼
Atchison conv. 4s.
$2,000 ... 118⅜
Atch. conv. 4s (w. i.), receipts.
$1,000 ... 116¼
Atchison conv. 5s.
$10,000 ... 119⅞
B. R. T. 4s.
$2,000 ... 87
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$1,000 ... 98
$11,000 ... 98¼
Col. and Sou., first 4s.
$6,000 ... 83¼
Erie conv. 4s, B.
$49,000 ... 78
Erie general 4s.
$5,000 ... 78⅜
$11,000 ... 78⅞
General Electric cv. 5s.
$5,000 ... 155
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$5,000 ... 80¼
$46,000 ... 80⅜
$10,000 ... 80⅜
$1,000 ... 81
Japan 4s.
$8,000 ... 86½
$2,000 ... 86⅜
N. Y. City 4s, 1959.
$7,000 ... 101⅜
N. Y., N. H. and H. 6s.
$20,000 ... 138
Penn. conv. 3½s.
$5,000 ... 101⅞
Sou. Pac. recets. 4s.
$20,000 ... 105¼
Southern Railway 4s.
$20,000 ... 83
Union Pacific conv. 4s.
$10,000 ... 114¼
$5,000 ... 114
$10,000 ... 114¼
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$2,000 ... 106¼

Total sales (par value), $5,435,000.

Bank Clearings.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—(Special.)—Clearings $42,925,882; balances $2,962,698. New York exchange 10c premium. Money active at 4@4½ per cent. for 60-day loans.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—(Special.)—Clearings $12,766,924. Balances $716,722. Call money 4½@5 per cent. New York exchange 10c premium asked, par bid.

Boston, Aug. 2.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $18,258,826; in New York $166,738,632. No sales for New York funds.

Cincinnati, Aug. 2.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,615,850. New York exchange 10c discount. Collateral loans 4 per cent. Discounts 4½ per cent.

Memphis, Aug. 2.—(Special.)—Clearings $743,109.80. Exchange selling $1@1.50 discount and buying at par.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Aug. 2.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

Trust funds:	
Gold coin	$852,684,869
Silver dollars	487,008,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,169,000
Silver certificates outstanding	487,008,000
General fund:	
Standard silver dollars in general fund	5,195,124
Current liabilities	96,864,403
Working balance in Treasury office	35,739,902
In banks to credit of Treasurer of the United States	43,555,422
Subsidiary silver coin	26,571,111
Minor coin	2,430,978
Total balance in general fund	108,437,754

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Cl'sg Bid.
Allis-Chalmers pf.	4,600	57¼	55½	56¼
Amal. Copper	14,100	85	84⅜	84⅝
Am'n Agricultural	200	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜
Am'n Beet Sugar	5,500	49½	48½	48½
Am'n Can pref.	600	83½	82½	83¼
Am. Car and F'dy.	16,300	69⅜	67	69¼
Am'n Cotton Oil	600	76½	76	76⅜
Am. H. and L. pf.	12,100	49½	46⅜	48⅜
Am'n Ice Secs.	1,100	39	38½	38⅝
Am'n Linseed	500	16⅝	16⅝	16¾
Am'n Locomotive	10,400	67⅞	65⅛	67⅜
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	37,200	99⅜	98⅜	99⅝
Do preferred	800	114½	114¼	114¼
Am. Sugar Ref'g.	700	131⅝	131	131
Am. Tel. and Tel.	4,500	143⅜	143	143⅛
Am. Tobacco pref.	600	102	101½	101⅞
American Woolen	500	36½	36	36
Ana. Mining Co.	2,100	49½	49	49⅜
Atchison	28,700	119⅝	119	119⅝
Do preferred	300	105	104⅝	104⅞
A. C. L.	1,000	134⅝	134	134⅝
B. and O.	5,600	119⅛	119⅜	119⅝
Do preferred	...	...	...	93
Bethlehem Steel	1,100	31¼	31⅜	31⅝
B. R. T.	17,500	81	79⅜	80⅜
Canadian Pacific	3,400	189¼	188⅛	188⅞
Central Leather	10,800	36¼	35	36
Do preferred	300	108¼	108⅛	108½
Central of N. J.	900	298	291	295
C. and A.	500	67	67	66⅞
C. and O.	5,100	79⅝	78⅞	78⅞
Chicago G. W.	3,600	1	⅞	⅞
C. and N. W.	800	187⅜	187	186⅝
C., M. and St. P.	11,100	159	158	159
C., C., C. and St. L.	1,100	77⅝	76⅝	76¾
Col. Fuel and I.	8,600	48	47¼	47½
Col. and Sou.	...	...	...	55
Do 1st pref.	1,900	82	81½	81½
Do 2d pref.	...	...	...	80½
Consolidated Gas	2,500	143⅜	142⅞	142⅞
Corn Products	2,700	25⅜	25	25
Del. and Hudson	2,100	195⅜	195	195
D. and R. G.	2,500	49⅛	49	49
Do preferred	500	85⅝	85½	85½
Distillers' Sec's.	4,000	39½	38⅞	38⅞
Erie	33,700	38⅛	37⅞	38⅛
Do 1st pref.	9,000	56⅝	55	56
Do 2d pref.	2,000	46	45½	45⅜
General Electric	1,100	170¼	170	170
Gt. Northern pref.	21,700	154⅝	153⅝	154¼
Gt. Nor. Ore ctfs.	17,800	78⅝	77½	77⅝
*Illinois Central	5,200	155⅝	154	154½
Interboro-Met.	1,500	15⅝	15⅛	15⅜
Do preferred	4,600	48¼	47⅝	47⅞
Int'l Harvester	200	87⅛	87⅛	87⅝
Inter. Marine pfd.	400	22⅞	22½	22½
Int'l Paper	2,500	17	16	16⅞
Int'l Pump	200	39¼	39¼	39
Iowa Central	1,000	32⅝	32⅛	32
K. C. Southern	2,900	48¼	47⅞	48
Do preferred	500	73	72⅞	72⅞
L. and N.	2,700	147	145½	146⅞
Minn. and St. L.	300	56¼	56	56
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	300	144½	144	143½
Missouri Pacific	3,300	73¾	71⅞	73
M., K. and T.	21,100	43⅝	42⅝	43½
Do preferred	900	74½	74	74
National Biscuit	100	106⅜	106⅜	106½
National Lead	12,300	89⅛	88⅞	88⅝
Nat'l Ry. of Mexico 1st pref.	...	...	...	51½
N. Y. Central	16,600	141⅞	140⅛	141
N. Y., O. and W.	2,900	51¼	51	51⅜
N. and W.	4,000	95⅜	95	95⅝
North American	4,200	85⅞	84½	84⅞
Northern Pacific	18,600	156⅝	155	156
Pacific Mail	2,800	33⅜	32	33
Pennsylvania	50,700	141⅞	140	140⅞
People's Gas	3,000	115⅜	114⅜	115
P., C., C. and St. L.	200	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝
Pressed Steel Car	10,600	52½	48½	52½
Pullman Pal. Car	100	187½	187½	187
Ry. Steel Spring	3,000	50	48⅜	49⅞
Reading	123,200	163	161⅞	162⅛
Republic Steel	2,900	37⅞	36⅝	37⅜
Do preferred	1,600	106⅞	106	106⅝
Rock Island Co.	14,900	39⅝	38⅞	39⅜
Do preferred	2,900	77⅞	76⅞	76⅞
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	600	56	55⅞	55
St. L. S. W.	...	...	...	27
Do preferred	200	66¼	66⅛	66⅝
Sloss Shef. S. & I.	2,500	85½	85⅝	85⅛
Southern Pacific	100,500	136⅝	134⅝	136⅛
Southern Railway	7,300	33⅜	33	33⅛
Do preferred	1,700	73⅜	72⅞	73⅛
Tennessee Copper	,00	38⅞	38⅛	38⅞
Texas and Pacific	2,100	36	35¼	35⅜
T., St. L. and W.	900	51½	51	51
Do preferred	2,400	70⅛	69⅞	70
Union Pacific	70,700	201⅝	200⅝	201⅝
Do preferred	900	104⅞	103⅞	104⅞
U. S. C. I. Pipe	...	33	32⅝	33
Do preferred	...	84⅝	84	84
U. S. Realty	600	84⅝	82⅞	84⅝
U. S. Rubber	11,700	44⅝	42	44
U. S. Steel	106,200	74⅞	73⅞	74⅝
Do preferred	1,700	128¼	128⅞	128⅝
Utah Copper	1,600	52⅞	51⅝	50⅞
Va.-Car. Chemical	3,800	54½	53⅞	53¾
Wabash	400	21½	21⅛	21⅛
Do preferred	2,600	57⅞	57⅜	57⅛
West. Maryland	2,100	4	3⅝	4
West'house Elec.	2,300	86	85⅝	85½
Western Union	400	76⅜	76	76
W. and L. E.	200	6½	6	6
Wisconsin Central	300	57	57	56½

Total sales for the day, 976,800 shares.
*Ex-dividend.

U. S. BONDS.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Refunding 2s, registered	100⅝	101½
Do coupon	100⅝	101½
3s, registered	101	102
Do coupon	101	102
New 4s, registered	117	118
Do coupon	119½	...
Panama 2s, registered	100½	101½
Panama 2s, registered, 1938	100½	101½
District of Columbia 3.65s	108	...

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Aug. 2.—To-day is a bank holiday and all exchanges here and at Liverpool are closed.

Paris, Aug. 2.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm on Spanish and Moroccan news. Three per cent. rentes 98f 27½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 19½c for checks.

Berlin, Aug. 2.—The tone of the general market to-day was firm. Exchange on London 20 marks 44 pfgs. for checks. Money 3½ per cent. Private discount rate 2¼ per cent.

Imperial Bank Statement.

Berlin, Aug. 2.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand decreased	52,673,000
Loans increased	23,332,000
Discounts increased	41,655,000
Treasury bills decreased	14,954,000
Notes in circulation increased	91,544,000
Deposits decreased	125,410,000
Gold in hand decreased	44,401,000

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES.

Louisville Board of Trade, Aug. 2, 1909.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

	Rec'd 1909.	Ship'd 1909.	Rec'd 1908.	Ship'd 1908.
Agr. imps., lbs.	32,000	274,545	29,900	133,585
Boots and Shoes, cases	237	228	274	199
Coffee, lbs.	35,760	40,970	59,214	34,150
Drugs, pkgs.	900	2,115	496	1,286
Dry goods, notions, etc., pkgs.	1,708	3,452	1,369	3,67[illegible]
Flour, bbls.	245	4,201	645	5,608
Furniture, lbs.	23,400	104,525	47,360	81,265
Corn, bu.	16,200	11,000	34,900	20,000
Oats, bu.	2,000	2,235	23,500	3,455
Wheat, bu.	20,000	...	28,190	9,000
Hardware, pkgs.	837	6,447	601	5,8.3
Hay, tons	33	...	130	...
Hides, lbs.	13,885	...	75,545	8.8
Bacon, lbs.	65,540	68,255	54,610	169,685
Hams, lbs.	...	870	...	9,000
Lard, lbs.	...	62,875	2,600	29,810
Pig iron, tons	190	38	91	42
Leather, lbs.	483	13,865	2,100	15,760
Nails, kegs	758	497	900	623
Cotton-seed oil, bbls.	...	230	100	306
Apples, gr., bbls.	238	239	51	...
Onions, bbls.	950	1,385	590	1,065
Potatoes, bbls.	500	2,750	290	...
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	3,575	1,865	290	4,100
Soap, lbs.	...	77,650	75,100	415
Stoves, stove castings, lbs.	...	122,450	...	151,215
Sugar, bbls.	600	369	850	342
Tobacco, f'f. hds.	109	243	477	230
Tobacco, unf., lbs.	3,950	218,645	5,815	172,749
Wagons, lbs.	29,500	107,[illegible]	41,400	40,400
Whisky, bbls.	284	1,192	347	1,166

LOCAL MARKETS.

The following quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.85; New York French red kidney fancies $2.50; Lima 5½c.

BUTTER—Elgin 28c in 60-lb. tubs, 28½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 29c; 25½c in 30-lb. tubs, 26c in lb. prints.

CHEESE—Full cream daisies 17c; full cream long horns 17@17½c; full cream Limburger 16c; cases 15½c; full-cream brick 16c; cases 15½c; domestic Swiss, block 19c; wheel 20c; New York creams 17c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 14@15c; Maracaibo 12@13c; La Guayra 12½@14c; Mocha 20; Java 23@27c; Green Rios: Fancy 13c; choice 12½c; prime 11½c; good 10c; roasting grades 9½c; Santos 10½@13c; Home Comfort in lb. packages 13c.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—American Portland $1.15@1.60 per bbl.; imported Portland $3.50@7 per bbl.; Louisville cement 60@85c per bbl.; lime 70@85c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.65@2 per bbl.

CORN PRODUCTS—Corn meal $1.80 per 100 lbs.; hominy grits and pearl meals $1.90 per 100 lbs.; hominy meal $27.50 per ton; cracked corn $29.50 per ton; feed meal $29 per ton.

FIELD SEEDS—Choice timothy $2 per bu.; clover $6.50@6.75 per bu.; orchard grass $1.40 per bu.; Kentucky bluegrass, fancy, $1.70 per bu.; red top, fancy 15@15½c per lb.; English bluegrass $2.25; rape 7@7½c per lb.; German millet $1.25 per bu.; cane seed $1.10 per bu.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents $6.25@6.50 per bbl.; plain patents $6; straights $5.75; family $5.75; low grades $5; winter patents $7@7.25; winter straights $6@6.25; low grades $5.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars $1.60 for base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base; soft steel $1.70 for base; steel roofing; corrugated $2.30; V-crimped $2.35 per square; black sheets, No. 14 $2.35; No. 16 $2.50; No. 18 $2.70; No. 20 $2.70; No. 22 $2.75; No. 24 $2.75; No. 26 $2.80; No. 27 $2.85; No. 28 $2.90; No. 30 $3.05; wire nails $2.05 base; cut steel nails $2.05 base; plain black wire $1.95 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.; barbed wire, painted $2.30; galvanized $2.65 per 100 lbs.; horseshoes, No. 2 and larger, Juanita $3.90 keg; Perkins' $4.01¼ base; Burden's $4.20 keg; Hudson $3.85 keg; harrow teeth $2.85 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, ⅜x6 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 per cent. discount; machine bolts, ¾x4 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70.5 per cent. discount.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran $23.75; shorts $24.25; shipstuff $24.75.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 88c per gallon, 90c per gallon in half barrels; No. 3 80c; linseed 56c for raw and 57c for boiled; 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 67c; extra No. 1 56c; No. 1 52c; No. 2 50c; benzine 12c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 23c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined, 50c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 52c; coal oil, Kentucky test, 10c; Indiana test 10½c; radiant 11½c; star headlight, 175 test, 12½c; turpentine 54c; wood alcohol 55c; denatured alcohol 45c in bbls. and 50c in ½ bbls.; pine tar 19c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6¾@7½c per lb.; red 7@7½c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

PROVISIONS — Hams — Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14½@15c; heavy to medium 14¾c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 14c; regular clear sides 14c; breakfast bacon 17½c; sugar-cured shoulders 12c; bellies, light, 15c; heavy 15c. Lard—Prime steam in tierces 9¾c; pure lard in tierces 12½c; in tubs 13c; pure leaf lard in tierces 14c; in tubs 14¼c; in firkins 14¼c. Dried beef 15c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 7c; fancy Patna 7½c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.30; 5-bu. bbl. $1.05@1.10; dairy sale $1.50@2.40 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks, 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list of October 1, 1903: Single 90 and 35 per cent. off list; double 90 and 40 per cent. off.

The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city:

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 38c; No. 1 gray 30@32c; No. 1 old white 25@32c; No. 2 old white 20@24c; white duck 35c; old and mixed dark 10@18c; dry chicken feathers 3@3½c per lb.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots dry flint 21c; dry salted 19c; green salted 12½c; fresh green 11@11½c; No. 1 large horse hides, green salted, mane and tail, $3@3.25; No. 2 $2; sheepskins with wool on 50c@$1; shearlings from 5c to 20c, according to wool and size; goatskins 25@40c.

HAY—Following are the prices of hay in cars as it is selling to-day on its arrival: No. 1 timothy $17.50; new No. 1 timothy $13; No. 2 timothy $16.50; No. 3 timothy $14; No. 1 clover mixed $14; No. 2 clover mixed $12.50; No. 1 clover hay $11.50; No. 2 clover hay $10; wheat straw $5.50@6; oats straw $5; rye straw $7.50.

ROOTS—Dry. All roots ought to be washed before dried and ginseng roots should not be split or strung. Indiana ginseng $6@6.50; Kentucky ginseng $5.50@6, according to size of roots; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.40@1.50; Seneca snake root 35c; Virginia snake root 25c; blood root 5c; lady slippers 15c; mayapple 5½c; pink root 15c.

TALLOW—No. 1 5c; No. 2 4½c.

WOOL—Easier; dealers are quoting Kentucky and Indiana clear merchantable grease wool 28@29c; bluegrass grease wool 31@32c; burry wool 15@25c, according to burrs; black wool 24@25c; dead sheep and seedy wool 15@20c; merino 15@20c; tub washed 34@37c. Southern wool from 2c to 3c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burrs picked out and broken up is 2@3c less, dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominoes	$8 10	No. 3	$4 95
Eagle tablets	7 10	No. 6	4 90
Cut loaf	6 35	No. 7	4 75
Cubes	5 65	No. 8	4 70
XXXX powdered	5 35	No. 9	4 65
Powdered	5 45	No. 10	4 60
No. 2 carton gran.	5 55	No. 12	4 55
Diamond A	5 30	No. 14	4 50
Standard granulated, bags and barrels			5 10

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	$1 06@1 08
No. 3 red and longberry	1 02@1 05
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
No. 3 white	78½
No. 3 mixed	74
OATS—	
No. 3 white	51½
No. 3 mixed	50½

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn and oats are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 12¼c; strict middling 12⅜c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers are paying these prices:

BUTTER—Fresh packing 18½c per lb.

EGGS—Market quiet; case count 16@17c; candled 18c.

POULTRY—Hens 11½c per lb.; roosters 6c; young chickens 15@16c; ducks 8c; turkeys 13c.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are:

FRUITS—Oranges, late Valencias, California fancy $2.25 box; lemons, Messina, extra fancy $4@4.50 box; California fancy $3.25 box; limes, imported, $1.50; bananas, fancy, average about 65 to 80 lbs. bunch, $1.75@2; 55 to 60 $1.50@1.60 bunch; 40 to 50 lbs. $1.25 bunch; 4 to 6-bunch case $7; 2 to 3-bunch ⅛ case $3.75; fancy Georgia peaches $2.50 crate; choice $2 crate; California Bartlett pears $2.50 per box; California Tragedy plums $1.75@2 crate; California Burbank plums $1.50@1.75 crate; California Kelsey plums $1.75@2 crate; California red plums $1.50@1.75 crate; apples, early summer $3@4 bbl., $1.25@1.50 bu.; watermelons, 25 to 35 lbs., 22@30c each; 20 to 22 lbs. 15@20c.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, home-grown, $1 per bu.; home-grown cabbage $1 crate; new white potatoes $1.75 bbl., 150-lb. sack $1.60; onions $1.50 bbl., per 150-lb. sack $1; Spanish onions, new, $1.75 box; new Louisiana okra $2.50 hamper; green beans $1 hamper; fancy green cucumbers 25@30c dozen; home-grown radishes 12½c dozen; beets 20c dozen; leeks, bunched 40c dozen; parsley, curly 25c dozen; head lettuce $1.25@1.50 bu.; leaf lettuce, fine 75c bu.; fancy eggplants $1 dozen; green peppers $1.50 crate; kale, fine 75c bbl.; new horseradish $6.50 bbl.; new garlic $1 string; fresh mushrooms 85c lb.; carrots 20c dozen; green onions 25c dozen; turnips $1.75 bag; new corn $1.25@1.50 bbl.; new squash 50c bu.; new peas $1.50 hamper; Michigan celery 25@85c bunch; kohlrabi 25c per dozen; home-grown blackberries $2 crate; dewberries $2@2.25 crate; Rockyford cantaloupes $2@2.75 crate; Rockyford canteloupes, 16 sizes, per basket $1; sweet potatoes, new $2@2.25 bu.

Wholesale dealers' buying prices are:

VEGETABLES—New potatoes $1.25 bbl.; onions 90c bbl.; beans $1.50 bbl.; home-grown tomatoes 50@75c bu.; cabbage 60c bbl.; turnips $1.25 bbl.; corn $1@1.25 bbls.; new apples $1@1.50 bu.

LEAF TOBACCO

LIGHT MOVEMENT LAST MONTH, BUT INCREASE IN STOCKS.

MONTH'S EXCHANGE REPORT.

Monday Evening, Aug. 2.—Auction sales of leaf tobacco in the local market last month, according to the report of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange, were 1,169 hogsheads and private sales 2,983, the total of 4,152 comparing with 6,439 for the corresponding month last year, 5,367 in 1907 and 8,212 in 1906. The month's sales comprised 133 hogsheads of 1908 Burley, 643 old crops, 3,247 last year's dark crop and 129 old crops. Total sales for the seven months ending July 31 were 51,901 hogsheads, against 84,469 during the corresponding period last year, 82,165 in 1907 and 103,226 in 1906.

During the month stocks increased 1,732, the total at the end of the month being 16,179. Receipts were 5,514 hogsheads and deliveries 3,782. At the close of July last year stocks were 23,156; in 1907 19,503 and in 1906 15,293. Unsold stocks at the close of last month were 12,266 hogsheads, against 17,313 last year and 13,400 in 1907. Unsold stocks were made up of 1,358 Burley, 4,648 Green rivers and 6,260 dark.

Monthly Report.

The Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange reports sales for the month and year to July 31, 1909, as follows:

Auction sales	1,169
Private sales	2,983
Total for the month	4,152
January 1 to date	51,901

	Month.	Year.
Year 1908	6,547	84,469
Year 1907	5,367	82,165
Year 1906	8,212	103,226

CLASSIFICATION OF THIS MONTH'S SALES.

	Old crps.	1908 crp.	Total.
Burley	643	133	776
Dark	129	3,247	3,376
Totals	772	3,380	4,152

CLASSIFICATION OF SALES JANUARY 1 TO DATE.

	Old crps.	1908 crop.	Total.
Burley	10,907	20,317	31,224
Dark	2,922	17,845	20,767
Totals	13,829	38,162	51,991

CLASSIFICATION OF SALES TO SAME DATE IN

	1908.	1907.	1906.
Burley	53,435	50,797	69,452
Dark	31,034	31,368	33,774
Totals	84,469	82,165	103,226

COMPARISONS WITH PREVIOUS YEARS SALES.

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Total sales of new crop to date	52,480	70,823	79,176
Sales of new crop to date, original inspection	46,545	61,311	69,533

REJECTIONS.

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Rejections this month	219	274	573
Percentage of rejections to auction sales	19	19	14
Rejections Jan. 1 to date	5,747	6,514	9,947

RECEIPTS.

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Receipts this month	5,514	5,430	7,590
Receipts Jan. 1 to date	42,567	69,621	69,859

Stock Report.

Receipts, deliveries and stocks for the month and year to May 31, 1909:

	Receipts During month	Deliveries During month	Receipts Jan. 1 to date	Deliveries Jan. 1 to date	Stocks This date
1909	5,514	3,782	42,567	59,366	16,179
1908	5,430	5,297	69,621	73,543	23,156
1907	7,590	4,647	69,859	68,292	19,503
1906	10,603	6,955	79,100	79,522	15,293

LAST MONTH'S TOTALS (JUNE).

	Hhds.
Receipts last month	3,877
Deliveries last month	3,596
Stock last month	14,447
Increase during month	1,732

PRESENT UNSOLD STOCK.

Burley	1,358
Green river	4,648
Dark	6,260
Total unsold	12,266

UNSOLD STOCK IN 1908.

Burley (Society of Equity)	8,133
Burley	4,207
Green river	3,431
Dark	1,540
Total unsold	17,313

UNSOLD STOCK IN 1907.

Burley	4,418
Green river	7,406
Dark	1,576
Total unsold	13,400

Dark Tobacco Market.

Clarksville, Tenn., Aug. 2.—The receipts in the open market last week were 414 hogsheads. Sales 131 hogsheads. There were no receipts of loose tobacco last week and that market may be considered closed for the season. The salesmen of the Planters' Association sold 550 hogsheads and seem well satisfied with the prices obtained. The weather has been more favorable for the field crop of tobacco, which has improved condition. Following are quotations:

Trash	$4 00@ 4 50
Low lugs	4 75@ 5 00
Common lugs	5 25@ 5 75
Medium lugs	6 00@ 6 50
Good lugs	6 50@ 7 00
Low leaf	7 00@ 8 00
Common leaf	8 25@ 8 75
Medium leaf	9 00@10 00
Good leaf	10 50@12 00
Fine leaf	12 50@13 50
Choice selections	14 00@16 00

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by Bourbon Stock Journal, Bourbon Stockyards.)

Louisville, Aug. 2.—Cattle—Receipts 1,964; there was a pretty good attendance of buyers on the yards, yet the market was a slow proposition on all grades of killing cattle with prices generally lower; nice light dry-fed butcher cattle were the best sellers, yet they sold mostly 10@15c lower; medium and common kinds, especially half-fat cow and heifer stuff, sold 15@25c under the best time last week; the feeder and stocker trade was good, a good demand prevailed for the better grades and prices were easily steady; medium and plain grades were a little slow to a shade off; the bull market ruled steady; canners were dull; milch cows unchanged; there were a few heavy cattle here; strictly prime ripe cattle sold steady, two loads going as high as $6.30; medium and light shipping steers were slow; the pens were very well cleared, but market finished slow.

Calves—Receipts 174; market dull; best 6@6½c; medium 4@5½c; common 2½@4c.

Hogs—Receipts 2,459; market mostly 5c higher; choice cornfed, 165 lbs. and up, selling at $7.80; 130 to 165 lbs. $7.60; pigs ranged from $5@7.30; roughs $6.80 down; grassy, half-fat hogs not wanted; buyers won't even bid on that class.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 8,367; quality of lambs rather plain, as usual on Monday; market a shade lower; bulk of the best lambs 6½@7c; seconds 5@5½c; culls plentiful and dull at 3@3¾c; fat sheep 4@4¼c for the best; common sheep slow; had there been some fancy lambs here they would have gone a shade above top quotations. Choice stock ewes ready sale; common and plain slow.

New York.

New York, Aug. 2.—Beeves—Receipts 2,737; steers firm to 10c higher; bulls and cows slow to a shade lower, all sold; steers $4.75@6.90; oxen $5.50; bulls $3.00@3.75; cows $1.40@3.85; dressed beef slow at 8½@10½c. Calves—Receipts 4,236; prime and choice veals 25c higher; others steady; grassers and buttermilks steady; veals $5.50@8.60; a few choice cows at 9c; culls $4.00@5.00; grassers and buttermilks $3.00@3.50; city-dressed veals steady at 8@12½c per pound; country-dressed veals 7@11c; dressed grassers and buttermilks $6@7. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 14,641; sheep steady; prime and choice lambs 25c higher; others steady; sheep $3.00@5.00; a few $5.25; lambs $5.00@7.50; two cars choice lambs $7@8.50. Hogs—Receipts 9,553; feeling firm.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Aug. 2.—Cattle—Receipts 14,000, including 5,000 Southerns; steady to 10c higher; choice export and dressed beef steers $6.35@7.40; fair to good $4.25@6.25; Western steers 4@6.15; stockers and feeders $3.10@5.50; Southern steers $3.25@5.15; Southern cows $2.75@4.00; native cows $2.25@4.75; native heifers $3.85@6.80; bulls $3.00@4.15; calves $3.50@6.50. Hogs—Receipts 4,000; market 5 to 10c higher; top $7.80; bulk of sales $7.50@7.70; heavy $7.70@7.80; packers and butchers $7.55@7.80; light $7.35@7.70; pigs $6.50@7.25. Sheep—Receipts 2,000; market steady; lambs $5.50@7.00; yearlings $4.50@5.25; wethers $4.00@5.00; ewes $3.50@4.80; stockers and feeders $2.75@4.75.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—Cattle—Receipts 7,200, including 5,500 Texans; market steady; native shipping and export steers $6.10@7.00; dressed beef and butcher steers $5.40@6.25; steers under 1,000 pounds $4.25@5.75; stockers and feeders $3.25@5.00; cows and heifers $3.40@6.50; canners $1.15@2.50; bulls $3.50@5.00; calves $5.50@7.75; Texas and Indian steers $3.50@6.30; cows and heifers $2.35@4.90. Hogs—Receipts 4,100; market 10c higher; pigs and lights $5.75@7.75; packers $7.50@7.80; butchers and best heavy $7.85@7.95. Sheep—Receipts 4,300; market steady; native muttons $3.25@4.50; lambs $5.75@7.00; culls and bucks $2.25@4.75; stockers $3.25@4.00.

Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 20,800; market strong to 10c higher; steers $5.60@7.70; cows $3.50@5.50; heifers $3.50@6.00; bulls $3.40@4.85; calves $3.00@8.00; stockers and feeders $3.75@5.15. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 21,000; market steady to 10c higher; choice heavy $8.00@8.15; butchers $7.90@8.10; light mixed $7.60@7.75; choice light $7.80@8.00; packing $7.60@7.80; pigs $5.50@7.65; bulk of sales $7.60@7.95. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 16,000; market steady to strong; sheep $4.00@5.25; lambs $6.00@7.75; yearlings $5.00@5.50.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Aug. 2.—Cattle—Receipts 1,858; market active; fair to good shippers $5.50@6.35; common $2.25@3.75. Hogs—Receipts 1,764; market quiet; butchers and shippers $7.90@8.05; common $6.75@7.70. Sheep—Receipts 2,363; market steady; $2@4.50. Lambs—Market quiet; $2.75@7.50.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—The wheat market was bearishly affected to-day by ideal conditions for the rapidly-maturing crop in the Northwest and prices declined more than 1c on all deliveries. At the close the net losses were ⅞ to ⅛@1c. Corn and oats also closed weak, but provisions were firm.

A moderate show of strength was displayed in the wheat market early in the session, owing to hot weather in the Northwest, which it was claimed might aid in the spread of the black rust blight. Opening quotations were a shade to ⅜c above the final figures of the previous session. September ranging from $1.04⅛@1.05⅛. Dispatches from Winnipeg claimed that harvesting would begin in Manitoba this week and would be in full progress by August 10 and that a heavy yield was practically assured. The Oklahoma report, which estimated the total yield of wheat for that State at 17,000,000 bushels—40,000,000 bushels more than shown by Government statistics—was an additional weakening influence. Export demand also was extremely dull and this prompted further selling. The range for the day on September was $1.03⅝@1.05¼. The market closed weak at almost the bottom, with September at $1.03½.

A startling deterioration of 26 points in the condition of the corn crop in Oklahoma during last month, as shown by the State report, had a bullish effect on the corn market early in the session, but sentiment became bearish during the last half of the day, owing to a general weakening of cash markets in the Southwest. The close was weak at almost the bottom, final quotations being ¼@⅜c to ⅜c below Saturday's close.

Oats were weak throughout the entire day, owing to liberal sales by country dealers inspired mainly by the heavy yields being reported by threshers. Declines of ½@2c in the price of the cash grain also had a depressing influence. At the close prices were ⅛@1¼c lower than Saturday's final quotations.

Provisions were firm all day because of heavy buying prompted by a falling off in receipts of live hogs at Western packing centers. At the close prices were unchanged to 17½c higher.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
*WHEAT—				
Sept.	$1 04½	$1 05¼	$1 03⅝	$1 03½
Dec.	1 02⅛	1 03⅛	1 01⅜	1 01⅜
May	1 05⅞	1 06⅞	1 05	1 05
*CORN—				
Sept.	66¼	66⅜	65⅝	65⅝
Dec.	55	55	54½	54⅛
May	56⅜	55⅝	55⅛	56⅛
*OATS—				
Sept.	38¼	38⅜	37⅞	37⅞
Dec.	38⅛	38⅜	37⅝	37⅝
May	40⅝	40⅝	39⅝	39⅝
PORK—				
Sept.	20 65	20 65	20 57½	20 57½
Jan.	16 70	16 75	16 62½	16 75
LARD—				
Sept.	11 27½	11 35	11 27½	11 32½
Oct.	11 25	11 32½	11 22½	11 32½
Nov.	10 95	11 02½	10 95	11 02½
RIBS—				
Sept.	10 95	11 00	10 90	11 00
Oct.	10 62½	10 67½	10 57½	10 62½

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $5.20@5.50; straights $4.80@5.75; spring patents $6@6.30; straights $4.90@5.90; bakers' $3.40@5.10. Market steady. No. 2 rye 74c; feed or mixing barley 56@6[illegible]c; fair to choice malting 6[illegible]@6[illegible]c; No. 1 Southwestern flaxseed $1.36; No. 1 Northwestern flaxseed $1.36; timothy seed $3.80; clover $11.25; mess pork $20.42½@20.45 per bbl.; lard $11.32½ per 100 lbs.; short ribs sides (loose) $11@11.10; short clear sides (boxed) $11.75.

GRAIN STATISTICS.

Total clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 124,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,472,000 bushels, compared with 1,711,000 the corresponding day a year ago. The visible supply of wheat in the United States increased 1,575,000 bushels for the week. The amount of breadstuff on ocean passage decreased 160,000 bushels.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 39 cars; corn 234; oats 124; hogs 14,000 head.

DAILY MOVEMENT OF PRODUCE.

Receipts—Flour 22,700 bbls.; wheat 302,400 bu.; corn 212,500; oats 195,100; rye 6,500; barley 27,000. Shipments—Flour 15,600 bbls.; wheat 37,400; corn 209,800; oats 202,200; rye 1,000; barley 17,800.

CARLOT RECEIPTS.

Wheat 239 cars, with 88 of contract grade; corn 208, with 125 of contract grade; oats 102. Total receipts of wheat at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth to-day were 487 cars, compared with 720 last week and 738 the corresponding day a year ago.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Butter steady; creameries 22½@26c; dairies 20@23½c. Eggs steady; receipts 9,048 cases; at mark, cases included, 18c; firsts 21½c; prime firsts 22½c. Cheese strong; daisies 15@15¼c; twins 14¾@14½c; young Americas 15¼@15½c; long horns 15¼@15½c. Potatoes weak; choice to fancy 60@62c; fair to good 55@57c. Poultry steady; turkeys 14c; chickens 13c; springs 16c. Veal steady; 50 to 60-lb. wts. 8@8½c; 60 to 85-lb. wts. 9@9½c; 85 to 110-lb. wts 9½@10c.

GRAIN LETTERS.

Chicago.—The market opened strong and higher, with buying rather general for a short time, on rust reports from sections in the spring wheat country, whence also came stories of damage by hail storms. There was some good selling on the opening advance by commission houses, and later in the day the market showed a heavy tone and prices broke under $1.04 for September on further and rather heavy selling by commission houses and local traders.—(Bartlett, Patten & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

Chicago.—Several things combined to give this wheat market a break before the close. Weather conditions were fine everywhere. Numerous black rust reports came straggling in from the Northwest all day, but as the Minneapolis market showed weakness and no buying orders came from that quarter the trade concluded before the session was over that the situation in the spring wheat States is not at all serious at this time. For this reason the selling became general on the decline the last hour. Brokers for the former bull leader sold wheat during the morning on the hard spots and there was no evidence later that any of the big interests recently prominent on the bull side were doing anything to support the market. Larger receipts of 240 cars at Minneapolis were about 80 per cent. winter wheat from Kansas and Nebraska. St. Louis reported good demand and stiff prices for cash wheat. Cash wheat sales were 150,000 bushels. Toledo reports practically no wheat offering on good bids sent out from there of late. Bull news of all kinds was ignored late in the day. The market was influenced somewhat by weakness in coarse grains. Last prices were but a fraction better than the low point. Market is well cleaned up on the selling side and a big short interest exists. The market is in shape to show mighty quick upturn in case anything comes from the Northwest.—(Logan & Bryan to W. L. Lyons & Co.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, Aug. 2.—The visible supply of grain in the United States Saturday, July 31, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, was as follows:

Wheat, 7,039,000 bu., increase 1,573,000.
Corn, 2,706,000 bu., increase 242,000.
Oats, 3,800,000 bu., decrease 965,000.
Rye, 93,000 bu., decrease 43,000.
Barley, 273,000 bu., decrease 103,000.

The visible supply of wheat in Canada last Saturday was 1,622,000 bu., a decrease of 488,000.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Aug. 2.—Butter barely steady; creamery specials 27c; official prices 27c; do extras 26½c; do third to firsts 25½@26c; State, dairy, common to finest 20@25½c; do process, common to special 22½@25c; Western factory firsts to finest 19@21½c; do imitation creamery 23c. Cheese easy; new State full cream specials 14½@15¼c; do small colored or white or large colored fancy 14c; do common to good 10⅝@13½c; skims, full to special 2½@11½c. Eggs firm; receipts 9,663 cases; State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white 30@32c; do fair to choice 25@30c; do brown and mixed fancy 28c; do fair to choice 24@27c; Western extra firsts 23½@25c; do firsts 22@23c; do seconds 20@21c; Southern 17@20½c. Poultry—Alive, dull; Western spring chickens 17c; fowls 15½c; turkeys 13c; dressed firmer; Western chickens, broilers 15@21c; fowls 15½@16½c; turkeys 11@19c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3.52c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4.02c; molasses sugar 3.27c; refined steady; crushed 5.65c; powdered 5.05c; granulated 4.95c.

New York, Aug. 2.—Flour—Receipts 15,412 bbls.; exports 2,898; market quiet and barely steady. Rye flour barely steady. Cornmeal steady. Rye dull. Barley dull.

Wheat—Receipts 24,800 bu.; exports 65,809. Spot market irregular; No. 2 red, old nominal and new, $1.18 in elevator; No. 2 red, new, $1.16¼ at middle of August f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth old $1.40½, nominal, f. o. b. afloat. No. 2 hard winter new, $1.15¼ afloat. Black rust news caused an opening advance in wheat to-day, but a large visible supply increase, favorable weather and prospects for heavier receipts at Chicago to-morrow caused subsequent unloading and a sharp reaction, last prices being ¼@⅝c net lower. September opened at $1.11⅛@1.11¼, closed at $1.11⅞. December $1.09⅝@1.10⅛, closed at $1.09⅛; May $1.11⅝@1.12⅛, closed at $1.11⅝.

Corn—Receipts 51,600 bu.; spot easy; No. 2 old 80c nominal in elevator and 82⅛c delivered f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 new 62⅛, winter shipment. Option market was without transactions, closing ⅜c lower; September closed 74⅞c; December closed 65⅛c.

Oats—Receipts 79,225. Spot steady; mixed 26@32 pounds, 58c nominal; natural white, 26@32 pounds, 49@56c; clipped white, 34@42 pounds, 54@60c.

Feed irregular; spring bran $24.60; middling $25.35. Hay steady. Hops firm. Hides firm. Leather firm. Wool steady. Beef steady. Cut meats firm; pickled hams 12½@13c. Lard steady; Western $11.60@11.70; refined steady. Pork steady. Short clear $21.00@22.50; mess $21.75@22.25. Tallow steady. Cottonseed oil easy; prime crude, nominal; prime crude, yellow $5.55@5.68. Petroleum steady. Rosin quiet. Turpentine firm, 52c. Rice firm. Molasses steady.

Metals—An active business was reported in standard copper by the New York Metal Exchange to-day, sales being 225 tons, including 25 tons spot at $12.75; 75 tons for August delivery at $12.75@12.85 and 125 tons for October delivery at $12.75@13.00. The market closed firm with spot quoted at $12.60@12.80; August at $12.75@12.85; September at $12.80@12.90 and October at $12.95@13.05. The London metal markets were closed owing to the holiday. Tin was reported firm and higher, with spot quoted at $24.05@29.60. Lead was firm at $4.30@4.35. Smelter was a shade lower, but ruled firm at the decline, with spot quoted at $5.35@5.45. No change was reported in the local iron market, with No. 1 Foundry, Northern, quoted at $17.25@17.50; No. 2 $16.75@17.25; No. 1 Southern and No. 1 Southern soft $17.75@18.25.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—Wheat—No. 2 red cash $1.06@1.08¼; No. 2 hard $1.06@1.12½; September $1.01⅛@1.01⅜; December $1.01⅛. Corn—Cash 67@68c; September 64⅛c; December 57⅛c. Oats—No. 2 cash 37@37½c; September 36⅛c; December 36⅝c; No. 2 white 44⅜c. Poultry—Chickens 12c; springs 14½c; turkeys 17c; ducks 10c; geese 4c. Butter—Creamery 22@26c. Eggs 18½c. Lead $4.17½. Spelter $2.37½. Flour steady; red winter patents $5.20@5.40; extra fancy and straight $4.70@5.15; hard winter clears $4.60@4.10; timothy seed $2.75@3.25. Cornmeal $3.40. Bran lower; sacked on east track $1.02@1.04. Hay steady. Whisky $1.41. Iron cotton ties 80c. Bagging 7¾c. Hemp twine 7c. Pork higher; jobbing $20.60. Lard higher; prime steam $11.05. Dry Salt Meats—Boxed extra shorts 11.17½; clear ribs 11¾c; short clears 11¾c. Bacon—Boxed extra shorts 12¾c; clear ribs 12¾c; short clears 12½c. Receipts—Flour 13,000 bbls.; wheat 325,300 bu.; corn 192,800; oats 131,200. Shipments—Flour 9,700 bbls.; wheat 150,800 bu.; corn 52,000; oats 30,700.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Aug. 2.—Wheat—Cash: No. 2 hard $1.03@1.09; No. 2 red $1.07; futures: September 97½c; December 97@97⅛c; May $1.00¼. Corn—Cash: No. 2 mixed 63c; No. 2 white 67c; futures: September 59¼c; December 49½c; May 51¼c. Oats—No. 2 white 49@50c; No. 2 mixed 41@43c. Butter—Creamery, extra 25½c; firsts 23½c; seconds 21½c; packing stock 18½c. Eggs—Extras 23c; firsts 21c; current receipts 16½c; seconds and dirties 14c. Receipts—Wheat 388,000 bu.; corn 123,000; oats 19,000. Shipments—Wheat 196,000 bu.; corn 20,000; oats 6,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Aug. 2.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.37. Butter steady. Eggs steady. Poultry unchanged. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat easier; No. 2 $1.08@1.10. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 73@74c. Oats lower; No. 2 mixed 44@45c. Rye steady; No. 2 76@77c. Lard steady at $11.10. Bulk meats strong at $11.1[illegible]. Bacon firm at $12.50. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Aug. 2.—Wheat—September $1.03⅜; December $1.01⅝; No. 1 hard $1.29½; No. 1 Northern $1.28⅜; No. 2 Northern $1.26¾; No. 3 Northern $1.21¾@1.24¾. Bran—In 100-lb. sacks $20.50. Flour—First patents $5.90@6.10; second patents $5.80@6; first clears $4.55@5.25; second clears $3.35@3.55.

Duluth.

Duluth, Aug. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 hard $1.27¾; No. 1 Northern $1.26¾; No. 2 Northern $1.25¾; September $1.04¾; December $1.01¾; May $1.05. Flax—On track $1.41; September $1.40; October $1.35¾; November $1.35½; December $1.33. Oats—On track 46c.

Toledo.

Toledo, Aug. 2.—Clover Seed—Cash $3.97½; October $7.37½; December $7.27½; March $7.45. Timothy—Prime $2. Alsike—Prime $8.30; August $8.30.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Aug. 2.—Barley—No quotations.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Aug. 2.—Coffee futures opened quiet at unchanged prices in line with the French market, but rallied barely steady under moderate offerings in the absence of bull support, and closed quiet, net unchanged to 10 points lower. Sales were reported of 8,250 bags, including August at 6.15c, September at 5.75c, November at 5.40c, March at 5.65c and May at 5.45@5.50c.

Spot market quiet. Rio No. 7, 7⅝@7¾c; Santos No. 4 9c; mild dull; Cordova 9½@12½c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Aug. 2.—An unexpected low condition report on cotton brought trading in cotton goods and yarns almost to a standstill in the primary market. Mills are not ready to quote on large contracts and buyers will not bid anything near the mill's ideas of values. The jobbing trade opened with good promise, and many buyers are in town. Dress goods are selling steadily. Fine cottons are in active demand for spring.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Aug. 2.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 48¼@48⅜c; sales 1,171 casks; receipts 316; shipments 345. Rosin firm; sales 2,166 bbls.; receipts 1,461; shipments 5,624; stock 140,756; B $2.90@[illegible]; D $3.15; E $3.30; F $3.65@3.70; G $3.80; H $4.10; I $4.15@4.40; K $4.95; M $5@5.15; N $5.35@5.40; window glass $5.70; water white $6.

Charleston, Aug. 2.—Spirits of turpentine quiet at 48½c. Rosin quiet; A, B and C $2.50@3; D $3.10@3.15; E $3.50@3.60; F $3.70; G $3.80@3.85; H $4@4.35; I $4.30@4.35; K $5.00; M $5@5.15; N $5.35@5.40; window glass $5.70; water white $6.20.

Wilmington, Aug. 2.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 47½c; receipts 50 casks. Rosin steady at $2.65; receipts 117 bbls. Tar firm at $1.50; receipts 58 bbls. Crude turpentine firm at $1.75, $3 and $3.50; receipts [illegible].

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The Bright Spot in Louisville.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE

TUESDAY.....AUGUST 3, 1909

EIGHTY-FIVE

Saloons Are Being Conducted Without License.

APPLICATIONS HAVE NOT BEEN PASSED UPON.

ED GREEN SAYS THEY WILL HAVE TO CLOSE DOORS.

OTHER OFFICIALS SAY NO.

A delay in action on the 107 applications for saloon licenses still before the License Board was occasioned yesterday by illness on the part of Judge McGee, one of the board's members, which made it impossible for him to attend. Eighty-five of these applications are for renewals and although the licenses for these saloons expired Saturday at midnight, the bar-rooms will be allowed to run through sufferance until such time as the full membership of the License Board can assemble and pass upon them. Chief Haager and the captains of police have received no orders from the License Board through the Board of Public Safety to nail shut these saloons pending the outcome of the board's action on the outstanding applications.

It has always been the custom to allow the bar-rooms, pending action on applications, to run at the expiration of their licenses. The law provides that no new licenses can be denied until the owners of the "booze" emporiums have been given a hearing. Until such time as the board can refuse or grant the renewals of the eighty-five, they will continue in business without a license.

* * *

Green Says They Must Close.

Edwin B. Green, member of the board and chairman of the Board of Public Safety, said that the saloons without licenses would have to close until they got them. If Mr. Green intends the saloons to be closed, he issued no such orders to the police. Joseph Lawton, the city's anti-saloon attorney, gave it as his opinion that the eighty-five saloons would continue at their own risk.

J. M. Butler, one of the owners of a tenderloin saloon, conducted by Butler & Frank, was given to understand by George Wood, president of the License Board, that the place could continue in business awaiting action on the part of the board on the renewal of the saloon's license.

Nine cases were to have been heard yesterday afternoon by the License Board. Chief Haager was the complainant in all of them. The charges included convictions for violation of the Sunday-closing law, lack of permanent residence and flaws in the moral character of the applicants.

Kobler & Able, who own a saloon at First and Market streets, were before the two members of the board at the meeting, and informed that they would be given a license contingent upon the immediate departure of the former owner from the premises. The old proprietor got in bad with the License Board when he was arrested and convicted on the charge of selling liquor to girls under age. His name was Doubourg. The board will meet again this afternoon. Judge McGee expects to be sufficiently recovered to attend.

Assignor Files Schedule.

The Up-to-Date Restaurant, which made an assignment in favor of its creditors, filed its schedule of assets and liabilities yesterday in the County Court. In it the assets are valued at about $350, while the liabilities are fixed at something over $360. The largest figure in the debit column is $180, due for rent.

Files Charter.

The American Restaurant filed a charter in the County Clerk's office yesterday, listing its capital at $3,000, divided into shares of $10 each. The debt limit is $10,000. The incorporators, with their holdings, are Charles E. Mivalez and Frank E. Mivales, 147 shares each, and H. A. Appling, six shares.

A WHEAT-MEAT!

That sounds strange. But it's true. It refers to Faust Brand Spaghetti, the great American wheat food that has won thousands from the meat habit and added a staple article of food to vegetarian fare. A Wheat-Meat! Think of it! Imagine if you can a food as nourishing as meat—that requires less energy to digest—that is not heating—that never becomes tainted—that is so clean, so cheap and so adaptable for every-day cooking as to be beyond compare. Such a food is Faust Brand Spaghetti. Serve it a new way every day—for dinner or supper. There'll be no regrets. Keep it always in the kitchen for a ready answer to that old question, "What to Cook."



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MAULL BROTHERS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

J. P. SWAIN

Becomes Secretary New Albany Y. M. C. A.

SUCCEEDS W. C. PAIGE, WHO COMES TO LOUISVILLE.

SUPERINTENDENT OF POOR FARM SUFFERS PROSTRATION.

WILLIAM AUSTIN DROPS DEAD.

J. P. Swain, of Kentucky, a graduate of the Y. M. C. A. Training School, at Chicago, has accepted a call to the position of secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, at New Albany, made vacant by the resignation of W. C. Paige, who will go with the Louisville association.

Mr. Swain has had seven years' experience in association work in Louisville, Frankfort, Ky., and Chicago. He acted as general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Frankfort, where he gave perfect satisfaction. His duties at New Albany will begin the first of September. The board of directors of the New Albany association are in correspondence with several applicants for the position of physical director and it is expected that one will be secured within the next few days.

Sorely Afflicted.

Philip Bence, superintendent of the Floyd county poor farm, a short distance north of New Albany, was brought Sunday night to the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Henrietta Slovensky, 719 East Market street, that city, to be convenient to his physician. Mr. Bence is suffering from heat prostration and a felon on his thumb, the peresotum of which was injured while using a hoe in his garden last Friday. He had just recovered from a broken rib received several weeks ago in a fall from a stepladder and this was the first work he had attempted. While a very sick man, it is expected that he will begin to improve soon.

Dies of Heart Disease.

William H. Austin, a former resident of New Albany, dropped dead of heart disease in a field on his farm near Lexington, Ind., Sunday afternoon. He had gone to the pasture to drive some stock to the barn for shelter from a coming storm. When he did not return after it had subsided, Mrs. Austin at once sent some one to find him. It was thought at first, he might have been struck by lightning, but there were no marks of it on his body and as he had been a sufferer from heart trouble for a number of years, this is supposed to have caused his death. Mr. Austin was 74 years old and is survived by his wife, four sons and one daughter. In addition a brother, Dr. Thomas E. Austin, of New Albany, is left. Dr. Austin left yesterday for Lexington to attend the funeral.

School For Ministers.

The Rev. Frank Orman Beck, pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, New Albany, who is a member of the faculty of the itinerant school for ministers of the Methodist Conference of Indiana, left for Scottsburg, where the school opened yesterday and will continue until Thursday. The school is held for the purpose of having examinations for the younger members of the conference who have been admitted within the past four years, and the giving of lectures and other instructions in the Christian doctrine. Sixty young ministers are expected to attend this year.

Tennis Tournament.

Over thirty entries have already been made for the tennis tournament, which begins Thursday morning at the courts of the East End Tennis Club, New Albany, and it is expected that at least twenty others will come in. A meeting will be held to-night by the club to complete arrangements and decide some minor details.

There will be boys' singles and doubles, ladies' singles and doubles, men's singles and doubles and mixed doubles, the tournament to be opened Thursday with the boys' games, followed by that of the ladies. The grounds have been placed in fine condition, and as the prizes will be worth striving for, there will be the greatest interest displayed from the start.

Routine Business.

Claims and other routine business occupied the session of the Board of County Commissioners of New Albany, which met yesterday morning for the regular August term. The board will probably take up the matter of the sale of bonds issued for the construction of two macadamized roads in Georgetown township. A representative of a company of Indianapolis, which has been negotiating for the purchase of the bonds, is expected to arrive in a few days, when the matter will be taken up by the board and the deal consummated for their sale.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—$2 Cincinnati and return Sunday, August 8. B. and O. S.-W., 7:15 a. m.

—A. T. Smith will leave to-day for Terre Haute and Indianapolis, to visit relatives.

—Charles W. DePauw has returned from a business trip to Washington and other Eastern cities.

—Mr. and Mrs. Peter J. Tegart, 224 West Spring street, have returned from West Baden Springs.

—Dr. Noble F. Mitchell left yesterday for the resorts of Lake Michigan. He will be away several weeks.

—Mrs. William Krebs, of Bloomington, Ill., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Martin McCulloch, north of this city.

—Mr. and Mrs. Osborne G. Reilly have returned from a visit with friends at Seymour, Ind., and Middletown, O.

—New Albany Chapter, No. 17, R. A. M., Royal Arch Masons, met last night at its asylum in the Masonic Temple.

—Miss Sadie F. Freeman, 301 Main street, left last night for Detroit, Cleveland and New York to visit friends.

—Mrs. B. B. Redfield is here from Chicago to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Axline, 218 East Third street.

—Fire Chief Joseph Featheringill has appointed Joseph Kelly, a former patrolman, to a position in the fire department.

—Members of the fire, police and street departments and others employed by the city were paid yesterday for July services.

—Robert Conner has returned from Chicago, where he had been taking a special course in music for the voice and pipe organ.

—Mrs. William E. Jones will entertain the Altar Guild at 2:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon at her home, 1848 Ekin avenue.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Graf and their daughter, Miss Folrence Graf, will leave to-day for West Baden Springs to spend several weeks.

—Raymond J. Morris, formerly Sheriff of this county, is engaged in the livery business at Oklahoma City. He drove there several weeks ago.

—The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of Trinity M. E. church will meet at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon with Mrs. B. C. Neal, East Oak street.

—The Ladies' Sewing Society of the German Evangelical church will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. Henry Goetz, East Ninth and Elm streets.

—Mrs. Elmira Cope celebrated her 91st birthday anniversary at her home, 327 Thirteenth street, by entertaining several of her friends at dinner.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Nisbet and their little son have returned to their home on DePauw avenue, after spending several weeks at the Northern lakes.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Maetschke and their children are spending several weeks at the Peters' farm, near Sugar Grove, on the bank of the Ohio River.

—A new time table will go into effect on the Southern railway in a few days, it is understood, the company adding another through train to St. Louis.

—Benjamin Metcalf has been placed under bond of $500 for his appearance in Magistrate Fogle's court, the charge against him being wife desertion.

—John B. Foster was fined $8.80 in Magistrate T. E. Fogle's court yesterday, having been arrested by Patrolman Seery on a charge of assault and battery.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fawcett, who have been spending a month at Duluth, Minn., and Northern resorts, have returned to their home, 15 DePauw avenue.

—Louis Staton was arrested by Sergt. McLaughlin on a charge of cruelty to animals, and was fined $11.75 by Judge John M. Paris in the City Court yesterday.

—The residence of Edward Douglass at 1415 South street was entered Saturday evening while the family was away and $5 in cash and a basket of eatables stolen.

—An ice cream social will be given on the lawn of Mt. Tabor church, two miles north of this city, next Saturday night by the members of Harry Mann's Sunday-school class.

—George Farree was arrested yesterday by Sergeant James McLaughlin on a charge of provoke, filed by his wife. He will have a hearing in the City Court this morning.

—The August meeting of the board of directors of the Commercial Club, which should have been held to-night, has been postponed on account of the absence of several members.

—Mrs. Sarah C. Webster and her daughter, Miss Carrie Webster, have returned to their home at 1504 East Elm street, having been visiting relatives at Birmingham, Ala.

—William Scheck, of Casel, Germany, president of the Germania Tungsten Mining Company, and Prof. J. P. Elsom, of this city, have gone to Stevens county, Washington, to inspect mines of the company.

—Mrs. Lorena Lonnon, by her attorneys, Stotsenburg & Weathers, filed suit yesterday for divorce from Charles Lonnon, cruel treatment being alleged as the grounds of the action. Alimony of $500 is asked for.

—Herbert Leo, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. William Vetter, died yesterday morning at their home, 1727 East Oak street. The body will be taken this morning to Birdseye, the former home of the family, for burial.

—Past Great Sachem Frederick Krone, Mrs. Krone and their daughter, Miriam, and Miss Alice Nolte, of Richmond, Ind., are visiting the family of Past Great Sachem Lewis A. Stoy, at their summer home, "Locust Grove."

—Mabel M. Gardner, 46 Vincennes street, and William T. Chandler, 1718 East Eighth street, were married in the office of the County Clerk yesterday afternoon, Magistrate L. B. Huckeby performing the ceremony.

—Miss Della Patter has taken charge of the office of the Postal Telegraph Company in this city. She was employed by the Western Union Telegraph Company at Knoxville, Tenn., after leaving the local office of that company.

—John B. Foster was fined $8.80 in Magistrate Fogle's court yesterday morning, which he paid and was released. He was arrested by Patrolman Seery on a charge of assault and battery, preferred by his brother-in-law, Albert E. Knight.

—Mrs. Jacob Zinsmeister and her daughter, Miss Ella Zinsmeister, have gone for a few weeks to the Thomas farm in Georgetown township. Miss Ella has recently recovered from an attack of diphtheria, and it is hoped the stay in the country will help her to rapidly recuperate.

—Dr. J. A. Ashabranner with Mrs. Ashabranner will remove early next month to Southern California, hoping that his health may be benefited by the change. He has sold his office at 216 West Market street to Dr. J. W. Baxter, of Louisville.

—An examination for translator of modern languages will be held August 25 at the post-office here. The place has a salary of $1,800 a year. Applicants will receive information by applying to John K. Hain, at the post-office or C. W. Moss, Cincinnati.

—Mr. and Mrs. O. O. Mayes, Belleville, Ind., are visiting Col. George H. Pennington and Mrs. Penington, Ekin avenue, Silver Grove. Mrs. George Buchman, Indianapolis, and Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Walker, of Clayton, Ind., are expected to-day to visit them.

—The funeral of Lawrence Eve, who died at Windfall, S. D., last Friday, was held yesterday morning from Holy Trinity Catholic church. He was a former resident of Floyd county, where he has relatives, Charles Eve, of the Silver Grove suburb, being a brother.

—The residence of Irvine Hinton, five miles northeast of the city, near Watson, was destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon, after having been struck by lightning. The loss was $1,800, partially covered by insurance. A portion of the household goods was saved by the neighbors.

—Mrs. Charles B. Sutherland, 113 Elm street, Silver Grove, and James T. Hinds, of Newman, Ill., were married Saturday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Geyer, 1903 Ekin avenue. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. B. F. Cato, pastor of the Central Christian church.

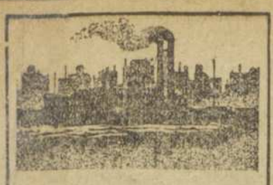
—Day. Staton, who lives two miles north, drove to this city and hitched his horse to a post on State and Market streets, going to Louisville. Missing the last train from there at night, he returned to find the animal had been cared for several hours in the livery stable, but not until it had stood all night where the owner had left it.

—Miss Charlotte Webb entertained a slumber party at her home on the Paoli pike, north of the city, as a farewell to her friends. She expects to leave this week for Spokane, Wash. There were present Misses Annabelle Draper, Josie Lyons, Anna Mutch, Mabel Ryan, Onita Shrader, Mary Erdman, Emma Draper, Florence Lyons and Mary Shrader.

—The funeral of Peter J. Cotter, a former resident of this city, who died at 10 o'clock Sunday morning of tuberculosis at the city hospital, in Louisville, will be held at 9 o'clock this morning from Holy Trinity Catholic church. He was 45 years old, and is survived by two sisters and a brother, Mrs. George Mergell, Miss Anna Cotter and Robert Cotter, all of this city.

—Mrs. Margaret M. Enlow, wife of Charles E. Enlow, died Sunday night at her home, 1111 Oak street, Silver Grove. She was 26 years old, and had been ill for some time of a complication of diseases. The funeral services will take place at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning from Holy Trinity Catholic church, of which Mrs. Enlow was a devout member.

—Louis Hogge died at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his home, East Seventh and Main streets, of a complication of diseases, aged 80 years. He is survived by his widow, a sister of Mrs. Charles Hassenmiller, and several children. Mr. Hogge formerly lived at Paris, Ky., but came to this city over a year ago. He had been in feeble health for some time and his death was expected at any time. The funeral will probably be held to-morrow, the hour not yet having been arranged.



Right in the heart of Dixie

is produced the finest syrup this or any other land affords.

VELVA

Breakfast Syrup

It's the pure juice of the cane for which the old Louisiana plantations are so famous. For sale by all grocers.

PENICK & FORD, LTD.
NEW ORLEANS, LA.



LEVI A. SCOTT

Becomes Superintendent of Reformatory Schools.

NAMED YESTERDAY BY MAJ. DAVID C. PEYTON.

SUCCEEDS GEORGE ASBURY, WHO RESIGNED.

BRIEF MEETING OF COUNCIL.

Levi H. Scott, of New Albany, was selected last evening by Maj. D. C. Peyton, general superintendent of the Indiana Reformatory, at Jeffersonville, as superintendent of the school of letters of the institution, to succeed Prof. George B. Asbury, who voluntarily tendered his resignation several months ago to take effect September 1, at which time he will go to Clinton county, Ind., to take up his residence on a farm he has purchased. There were a number of applicants for the position.

In announcing the appointment last night, Maj. Peyton said he had given the position of superintendent of schools a great deal of consideration and had named Prof. Scott because he came with the most satisfactory recommendations, as he regarded them, for the place. He said Prof. Asbury had stated he was the best equipped man for the position of any of the applicants, he thought. Maj. Peyton said Prof. Scott was indorsed highly from his home city and among those who were for him were: Judge W. C. Utz, Prof. Harry E. Buerk, Prof. Charles A. Prosser, Charles Schindler, James R. Duffin and others.

Prof. Scott is one of the best known educators in Indiana and has devoted the better part of his life to the calling. He is a native of Floyd county, Ind., and for many years was a school teacher. He was treasurer of the county for several years and for sixteen years was County Superintendent. On the last occasion he was a candidate before the Floyd county Board of Education, which consists of the five township trustees. His opponent was Roy White, who was declared elected. A lawsuit followed and in the Clark Circuit Court at Jeffersonville, to which county the action was venued, the finding was in favor of Prof. Scott, but the opinion was reversed by the Supreme Court. A compromise was reached and Prof. Scott retired from the contest. He will begin getting acquainted with his duties at once. The place pays $150 per month and it was held by Prof. Asbury for several years.

In politics, Prof. Scott is a Democrat and for several years was chairman of the Floyd county Democratic Central Committee.

Marked By Brevity.

The monthly meeting of the Jeffersonville City Council was held last night and the gathering was marked by the usual brevity of the occasions. An ordinance was adopted giving the Jeffersonville School Board Franklin Square to be used as a site for a new High School building. In case it ceases to be used for that purpose the ground is to revert to the city and the transfer is practically a loan from one part of the municipality to the other. The heirs of James Read hold reversionary interests that prevent a direct sale of the land. The square is at the corner of Melgs and Court avenues and just east of the courthouse.

The report of Thomas W. Perry, City Treasurer, for the month of July, was read and accepted. By this it was shown the balance on hand July 1 was $32,539.16 and the total collections, including street improvements, were $2,001.59, making $34,540.75 to be accounted for.

The collections included $300 from liquor licenses, $127.91 from miscellaneous sources, $30 from peddlers' licenses; $200 from wharfage; $15 from hawkers' licenses, $11.75 from the sale of vehicle and bicycle tags; $7.50 from dog licenses and the balance was from persons owing for street improvement.

The total disbursements were $13,-771.85, from which $10,055.56 was from the general fund, $3,421.15 from the interest fund and remainder from the street improvement funds, leaving a balance of $20,768,771.90 on hand August 1.

Of this $9,622.31 was distributed to the general fund, $4,392.95 to the interest fund, $2,194.45 to the sinking fund, 10 cents to the city order judgment fund and the remainder to the various street improvement funds.

Joseph Quinn was granted a license to conduct a saloon in the Sherman House at Court avenue and Wall street.

Morton W. Worrall made application for a license to conduct a saloon at 201 Sixth street.

Andrew Andres Dies.

Emil Andres, a well-known Jeffersonville coal oil dealer, was called to Chicago yesterday morning by a telegram announcing the death of his father, Andrew Andres, who was formerly a resident of Jeffersonville. His death was due to senility, complicated with Bright's disease.

Mr. Andres was a native of Switzerland and was 74 years old. While still living in that country, his wife died, and with his three sons and three daughters he came to America in 1881 and located in Jeffersonville, where he worked at his trade, that of a cabinetmaker.

He finally went to Chicago to live with a son, Gottfried Andres, at whose home he died. His survivors are Gottfried Andres, of Chicago; Miss Lena Andres, of Lagrange, a Chicago suburb; Miss Lizzie Andres and Miss Bertha Andres, of Detroit, Mich. and Emil Andres, of Jeffersonville.

It is not known whether another son, Albert Andres, is dead or alive. Several years ago he made a trip to the Klondike and was fairly successful. He came back to Jeffersonville, and after remaining there for a time the gold fever again struck him and he decided to return to Alaska. This was about eight years ago, and he was heard from several times after reaching the gold fields. His letters ceased to come and those written to him were returned as uncalled for, but there is no positive information that he is dead.

Transferred To Omaha.

An order was received yesterday afternoon by Maj. Joseph T. Davidson, who is in command at the Government Depot, in Jeffersonville, through a telegram from the Quartermaster General, transferring Edward S. Wilcox, acting storekeeper, and William A. Roberson, colored, inspector of ranges and plumbing supplies, to Omaha, Neb., for temporary duty there, but by some it is believed that their stay may become permanent. A large supply depot was opened there recently and the stock is being received in great quantities, which makes it necessary to have expert men on the ground.

Mr. Wilcox has been connected with the depot for a long time, having gone there originally as a stenographer, and was promoted from time to time. He is regarded as an expert in his line of duty. Roberson came from Minneapolis several years ago under a civil service examination, and is known as one of the best range inspectors in the country. He was educated in the hardware business and knows all of its details. Since coming to Jeffersonville he has secured several patents that are regarded as being valuable.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—$2 Cincinnati and return Sunday, August 8. B. and O. S.-W., 7:15 a. m.

—Mrs. Eva Davis, who is the widow of Ashby Davis and was formerly a resident of this city, accompanied by her son, Morris Davis, is here from South Elkhorn, Ky., for a visit to friends.

—Claud Kiger, of Charlestown township, and C. Earl Littell, of this city, were reappointed students at Purdue University yesterday by the Board of County Commissioners to comply with a new law.

—The Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners will meet in monthly session to-night and there will be little business to transact outside of Capt. M. E. Clegg submitting his report for the month of July.

—The township advisory board will meet at the office of Fry L. Curry, Township Trustee, this morning for the purpose of determining what the tax levy will be for the coming year based on Mr. Curry's estimate of the expenses.

—Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Togue died of cancer of the stomach at her home, 531 East Chestnut street. The body was taken to the home of her son, Thomas N. Strother, 515 Spring street, and will later be taken to Madison for burial.

—A number of mussel fishers from Madison have pitched their tents near Twelve-mile Island and will remain there until the high water and cold weather this fall drives them out. A large bed has been found that extends nearly across the river.

—On account of some of the bidders not understanding the hour for opening the proposals to build a schoolhouse for colored children on the gravel road, the contract was not let yesterday by Fry L. Curry, Township Trustee, but will be this morning.

—Ernest E. Jacobs, a deputy in the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, began his annual vacation yesterday and with a number of friends has gone into camp at Twelve-mile Island. Mrs. Jacobs has gone to Indianapolis for a visit with her sister.

—M. H. Dunlevy, a leading business man of Henryville, was in the city yesterday and said the indications were that an enormous crowd would be present at the gathering of home-comers and new-comers on August 26, preparations for which are under way.

—The following applicants, all of whom are of this city, were granted liquor licenses yesterday by the Board of County Commissioners: John Nagel, Thomas Norman, August Kamer, Charles Hutt and Joseph Quinn. The latter is just engaging in the business.

—Levi Moody, colored, was arrested in Port Fulton by Jacob Merrideth, a deputy constable, and when taken before Magistrate Jefferson Davis Goyne on the charge of intoxication was given a fine and costs amounting to $9.50. He was committed to the county jail.

—Sheriff Oscar Johnson has received a summons for James J. Petty and wife for them to appear in the Hendricks Circuit Court at Danville as witnesses in a suit instituted by John R. Jenkins to quiet the title to real estate, but no such persons can be found in the county.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dawes and Miss Agnes Dawes will leave Thursday for Atlantic City, and on August 11 the latter will sail for England on the Campania. The home of Miss Dawes is in London and she has been here for the past sixteen months on a visit to her brother.

—The Board of County Commissioners will hold a special session at the courthouse to-day to make the estimates for the annual appropriation that body will ask from the County Council for paying the running expenses of the various departments under the board's control.

—The death of J. F. Morgan, of Henryville, is thought to be near at hand. He suffered a stroke of paralysis a few days ago and has remained in an alarming condition since then. He is 84 years old and recently moved to the town from Louisville, where he had lived for a long time.

—A marriage license was issued yesterday to Howard G. Whitsett, a printer, whose home is in Louisville, but who is a native of Seymour, near which city his father, Frank Whitsett, now lives, and Miss Carrie Koehler, of Sellersburg, a daughter of Henry Koehler. The wedding will be next Sunday night.

—Several bridges in the county are badly in need of repairs, but at the monthly meeting of the Board of County Commissioners yesterday it was decided that nothing could be done on account of the fund for such purposes being exhausted. At the meeting of the County Council next month an effort will be made to secure an appropriation large enough for bridge work next year.

—Prof. S. L. Scott, County Superintendent, who has been spoken of frequently as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Auditor of this county, will probably make known what his intentions are following the adjournment of the Teachers' Institute. George W. Stoner and Burdette C. Lutz have already entered the race, and Peter Nachand, present Auditor, has not yet said he will not stand for renomination.

—Charles Burkett and Ernest Allen, the last named being colored, pleaded guilty in the City Court yesterday morning to the charge of intoxication, and were fined $5 and costs each. James Graves was given a similar punishment on the charge of using obscene language, while Henry Chambers was fined a like sum for assault and battery on Wilson Canter. The latter, who was charged with assault and battery with intent to kill on Chambers, was dismissed.

—Painful injuries were sustained by Patrick Tracy, a well known grocer of this city, yesterday while returning from Louisville. A horse he was driving stumbled and fell, throwing Mr. Tracy off of the wagon he was on. He was assisted back on the vehicle by M. J. Kehoe and others and a man volunteered to bring him home. Dr. D. C. Peyton was sent for. Mr. Tracy being one of his old patients, and the injured man was given attention. He is confined to his bed, but it is believed he will be out in a few days.

'SQUIRE MEGLEMRY LANDS $8-A-DAY PLUM

NAMED TO SERVE IN ABSENCE OF JUDGE PETER.

COUNTY CLERK DECIDES THAT HE LIVES NEAREST.

SPAHN CORRECTS STATEMENT.

Air route, water route, and land route discussions came to an end yesterday when County Clerk Gabhart informed Magistrate Edward Meglemry that he was to act as County Judge until the return of County Judge Arthur Peter next month. Magistrate Edward O'Connor, who is spending the summer at the Willard Hotel, withdrew from the distance race and surrendered the $8-a-day plum to the other two candidates, Magistrates Meglemry and Adam Spahn. County Clerk Gabhart figured that with O'Connor out of the race, Magistrate Meglemry was the closest magisterial resident to the courthouse by air, land, water and all other conceivable routes. The law requires that the Magistrate living nearest the court-house be called in the absence of the County Judge.

Mr. Gabhart said that Magistrate Spahn was laboring under a Democratic hallucination when he thought he lived 150 yards closer to the courthouse by the overland route than does Magistrate Meglemry. According to Mr. Gabhart, Mr. Meglemry has moved since Magistrate Spahn made his last measurements and that as a result he now resides several hundred feet nearer the courthouse than Mr. Spahn. The County Clerk is also authority for the statement that Magistrate O'Connor graciously withdrew from the race in favor of the other two candidates.

Magistrate Spahn is said to be pretty sore at being cut-measured by Magistrate Meglemry, but is taking the loss of the $8 a day with admirable equanimity. Mr. Spahn has announced with finality that he never said Mr. O'Connor was pulling off a "free lunch grabbing trick" when he moved into the Willard Hotel for the summer.

"I wasn't referring to Mr. O'Connor when I said that," Magistrate Spahn is quoted as saying. "I had some one else in mind."

Married In Jeffersonville.

Jouett Lake Byron and Miss Eula May Thomas, natives and residents of Bath county, Ky., were married in Jeffersonville Sunday night by Magistrate James S. Kelgwin. The bridegroom is 26 years old and a clerk in a store. He is a son of Jasper Byron, a shoemaker. The bride will be 20 next November and is a daughter of John Thomas, a merchant. An affidavit was made by Edgar Denton.

KEISKER'S FURNITURE REMOVAL SALE

Continued for this week. It is one of the big attractions; one of the best money-saving propositions in the retail district. WATCH OUR WINDOWS.

462 Fourth Avenue Look for Removal Sale Signs

Loop the Loop and Visit Silver Hills

View the three Falls Cities by Trolley. Go East over the Big Four Bridge above the house tops of Jeffersonville and West through the country to New Albany; change at Interurban waiting-room for car to Silver Hills. Coming back change at the Daisy Station for car for Louisville over the K. & I. Bridge, with a view of the Government Locks. Or vice versa. Complete trip 25c. Cars every 15 minutes.

DEPOT, THIRD STREET, NEAR WALNUT.

Take the Big Red Car

Ellington Pianos

"Their Owners Feel Proud of Them."

The Baldwin Co.

(Incorporated)
425 S. Fourth St.
Manufacturers

THE "ANCHOR" FOR SAFETY.



If you want a nonexplosive Gas Range buy an "ANCHOR," and you will have it. Users of the Anchor have no shattered nerves—no singed eyebrows—nor no doctor bills to pay for accidents caused from Gas Stove Explosions. Don't forget, The Anchor Economizer Saves Gas.

ANCHOR STOVE & RANGE CO.
(Incorporated.)

Remember the Klauber Sale

It will continue during the summer months.

KLAUBER,
222 Fourth Avenue

$2 CINCINNATI And Return
B. & O. S-W.
Sunday, August 8
SEE CHESTER PARK, ZOO AND LAGOON.
Leave Seventh-street Station 7:15 a. m. Sharp.

Money to Loan ON REAL ESTATE
Louisville Title Co.
124 South Fifth St

MORPHINE

and other drug habits are positively cured by HABITINA. For hypodermic or internal use. Sample sent to any drug habitue by mail. Regular price $2.00 per bottle— FREE at your druggist or by mail in plain wrapper.
Delta Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.
For sale by Taylor-Isaacs Drug Co.
(Incorporated.)

For colds and malaria get Wintersmith's Tonic. Permanent results.



When Visitors Come

isn't it gratifying to have your bathroom dainty, wholesome and inviting? There is nothing that will give your guests more genuine pleasure than a well-equipped bathroom.

"STANDARD" porcelain enameled fixtures will make your bathroom modern and a constant pleasure to you and your guests. A complete line of these beautiful fixtures is on display in our show room, and visitors are assured courteous attention and expert assistance in making selections.

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(Incorporated)
319-323 WEST MAIN ST.

Southern Railway
One Hour Shortest Line To
St. Louis and Evansville

2 Daily Trains to St. Louis—9:30 a. m.; 10:10 p. m.
3 Daily Trains to Evansville 8 a. m., 9:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Information Call On A. R. COOK, D. P. A.,
234 Fourth Ave., or Phone M. 1937, Home 568



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$10.00 and upwards
ANY REASONABLE AMOUNT

Merchants, Companies, Corporations and Banks borrow money. Everybody borrows from somebody when in need. Now, if you need any money come in and let us explain the fairest, easiest and best system of loaning money to housekeepers and others that has ever been attempted. No advance charges or annoying investigations.

Call, write or phone Home 1427.
Fidelity Loan Co.
402 S. Fourth St.
Over Kirby's 10c Store.



"Thirty"

Let us show you the $1,400 Cadillac "30"

Let us explain the machinery and workmanship.
Ride in one—examine it.
Call and see us.

Kentucky Automobile Co.
(Incorporated.)
951 Third St., Near Breckinridge.

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INDIANAPOLIS
SIX HOOSIER FLYERS DAILY
7:30, 9:30 and 11:30 a. m.
1:30, 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.
Depot 3d st., near Walnut.
Hotel to Hotel 4 Hours.
Home Phone 1232. Cumb. Phone Main 2180-Y.

DR. PEPPER
King of Beverages with ANITA WATER

Anita Sparkling.
Anita Ginger Ale.
Anita Cherry Phosphate.
ALL GOOD
Home 4520. Cumb. M. 1468-A



Anita Prevents Typhoid Fever
Aids Digestion and Eliminates the excess of Acid from the System.
DRINK FREELY
The best Sanitary Coolers for Home and office.

Anita Spring Water Co.
(Incorporated)
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